

2/21/56

**AIRTEL**

**TO:** SAC, WFO (100-45750)  
          Baltimore (100-28403)  
          Boston (100-47)  
          ✓ New York (100-100738)  
          San Francisco (100-28003)

**FROM:** Director, FBI (100-42280)

**CITE:**

The involvement of Communist Party (CP) members and sympathizers in recent activities of the Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party (MFDP) has been the subject of correspondence captioned Mississippi Summer Project, MFDP, etc. In the future all information pertaining to CP influence in connection with the activities of the MFDP should be submitted under the CIRM caption. Of course, data pertaining to specific demonstrations involving this organization should be handled in accordance with instructions pertaining to racial matters investigations.

You are instructed to develop fully all evidence of CP influence or efforts to influence the activities of the MFDP; this leads to reveal this organization; and depict this racial situation in CP publications. Each office should include all information developed in the next report submitted in the CIRM case. All significant developments should be notified by telephoned messages for prompt dissemination.

*100-158735-131*

100-158735-131

*Mc  
#42*

*Secton  
Archel  
Prody*

*[Handwritten initials and stamps]*



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

New York, New York  
January 11, 1965

100-432357

Negro-American Labor Council

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, on January 11, 1965, advised that at a National Board Negro-American Labor Council (NALC) meeting, which was held in Washington, D. C., on January 10, 1965, it was decided that the "State of the NALC" Conference which was originally scheduled to be held at Howard University in Washington, D. C., in December, 1964, will now be held at the Riverside Church in New York City on January 30-31, 1965. It will be restricted to Negro leaders who will meet to discuss problems and solutions in the field of civil rights, employment and education which involve the Negro. The UNIA will have five delegates, each of any other civil rights organizations who attend will have three delegates, while any church and fraternal organizations who attend will have one delegate each.

The source advised that the Communist Party, United States of America will not be invited or allowed to attend the conference.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

100-153735-832  
Searched \_\_\_\_\_  
Serialized   ch    
Indexed \_\_\_\_\_  
Filed   ch

1/11/65

AIRTEL

REGISTERED

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-432067)  
FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-139834)  
SUBJECT: COMINFIL, NEGRO-AMERICAN LABOR COUNCIL  
IS-C

Enclosed please find seven copies of a LHM concerning the "State of the Race Conference" to be held by captioned organization.

The information attributed to the confidential source was obtained by SA JOHN F. LANGTRY.

The confidential source is

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The NYO will continue to follow this matter and will immediately advise the Bureau of any further developments.

- 4 - Bureau (Enc. 7) (RM)  
(1-100-442529) (CIRM)
- 2 - Washington Field (Enc. 2) (RM)
- ① - NY 100-153735 (CIRM) (42)
- 1 - NY 100-139834 (41)

JET:msb  
(9)

1 - Sup. 41

100-153735-833

SEARCHED.....INDEXED.....  
SERIALIZED.....FILED.....

JAN 11 1965  
*Director*



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Chicago, Illinois

January 11, 1965

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE  
IN RACIAL MATTERS

Reference is made to communication dated January 6, 1965, captioned as above at Chicago.

On January 8, 1965, a source advised that the conference scheduled for Washington, D.C., on January 10, 1965, is not the Negro American Labor Council (NALC) State of the Race Conference as previously indicated, but is instead a meeting of the National Board of the NALC, and the question of the State of the Race Conference is on the agenda for this Board meeting.

Tim Black, President of the Chicago Chapter, NALC, will attend this NALC Board meeting as Chicago representative.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:  
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE  
DATE 12-08-2011

100-153735-834

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CONFIDENTIAL  
Group 1  
Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

*In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.*

Chicago, Illinois

January 11, 1965

**Title:** COMMUNIST INFLUENCE  
IN RACIAL MATTERS

**Character:**

**Reference:** Communication dated and captioned  
as above at Chicago, Illinois.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI; It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

F B I

Date: 1/11/65

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL

Via \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (100-41324)

CIRM

CINAL

ReChicago airtel to Director 1/6/65 with LHM re NALC State of the Race Conference.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are seven copies of a LHM, and appropriate copies for other offices listed, which contain information indicating that the NALC State of the Race Conference is not scheduled to be held in Washington, D.C., on 1/10/65 as indicated by reairtel and LHM.

[redacted] on 1/8/65 advised he attended the Chicago Chapter NALC Executive Board meeting on 1/6/65 and determined that the conference scheduled for Washington 1/10/65 is a meeting of the NALC National Board with the State of the Race Conference on the agenda for discussion.

Original information set forth in reairtel and LHM re the State of the Race Conference being scheduled for 1/10/65 was received by [redacted] from [redacted] CP of Illinois member and member of the Chicago Chapter, NALC. From what [redacted]

- 5 - Bureau (Enc. 7)(RM)
- 1-100- (NALC)
- 2 - New York (100-153735)(Enc. 2)(RM)
- 1-100-139834 (NALC)
- 2 - Washington Field (Enc. 2)(RM)
- 1-100- (NALC)
- 6 - Chicago
- 1-100-36644 (COMINFIL, CHICAGO CHAPTER, NALC)
- 1-100-35159 [redacted]
- 1- [redacted]
- 1- [redacted]
- 1-100-32207 (CINAL)

DET:mec  
(15)

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY 5180 su 12/26/79  
REASON FOR EXTENSION (S)  
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2  
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 1/11/85

100-153735-135  
SEARCHED  
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INDEXED  
FILED  
JAN 11 1965  
FBI - NEW YORK  
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CG 100-41324

has learned at Chicago Chapter NALC Board meeting, [redacted] information obviously was in error. Enclosed LHM sets forth correct information as to nature of conference now scheduled for Washington, D.C., on 1/10/65. As indicated, source for this information is [redacted]

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The LHM is classified ~~confidential~~ because it contains data received from a confidential informant of continuing value; the unauthorized disclosure of this information would tend to identify this informant and impair his future effectiveness.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

1/13/65

SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)

CIN

Re Bureau letter to New York, 1/3/65; New Haven letter to Bureau, 1/6/65.

New York file 100-136535, the file on MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., has been reviewed in an effort to determine if in the past KING has been in contact with anyone named AL who is a writer, but this review did not reveal any pertinent information.

The file concerning ALLARD K. LOEWENSTEIN (Bufile 105-103169; NY 105-51644), which was mentioned in referenced letter dated 1/6/65, was reviewed. The case is entitled, "ALLARD KENNETH LOEWENSTEIN; IS-SPAIN; RA-SPAIN". The following information was obtained:

The 3/20/60 issue of "The New York Times" contained an article entitled, "Campuses in North Back Southern Negro Students". In the article, it was stated that ALLARD K. LOEWENSTEIN, a lawyer of 25 West 31st Street, had recently returned from a fact finding tour of the South. He arrived from Alabama on 3/11/60, at Yale University, where he explained the issues and urged the students to return to their college communities and organize demonstrations and protests.

On 4/2/63, Lieutenant [redacted] United States Army, Recruiting Station, 201 West Cabarrus Street, Raleigh, North Carolina, advised SA [redacted] that ALLARD K. LOEWENSTEIN was an attorney, teacher, and writer. He also advised that LOEWENSTEIN is an outspoken opponent of racial segregation.

- 2 - Bureau (100-442529) (RM)
- 1 - Atlanta (100-6670) (Info) (RM)
- 1 - New Haven (100-13290) (Info) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-136535) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.) (42)
- ① - New York (100-153735) (42)

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(6) *JCS*

100-153735-436  
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*[Handwritten signature]*



NY 100-153735

It is to be noted that LOWENSTEIN wrote a book entitled, "Brutal Mandate", which was described as a prolonged editorial against the South African apartheid program.

The Department advised in July, 1963, that the information furnished failed to reflect sufficient evidence to warrant soliciting LOWENSTEIN to register under the provisions of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938; therefore, the case was closed.

According to an article which appeared in the 4/21/64 issue of the "Raleigh Times", a daily newspaper published at Raleigh, North Carolina, AL LOWENSTEIN, Professor of Social Studies at North Carolina State, was the dinner guest of Senator and Mrs. J. WILLIAM FULLERBRIGHT of Arkansas, this past weekend in Washington, D.C. President and Mrs. LYNDON B. JOHNSON, Secretary of Defense ROBERT S. MC NAMARA, and ADLAI STEVENSON were also guests of the FULLERBRIGHTS.

According to an article which appeared in the 8/26/64 issue of the "News and Observer", a daily newspaper published at Raleigh, North Carolina, LOWENSTEIN, a professor at North Carolina State College, Raleigh, resigned from the faculty of State College effective 7/1/64. The article revealed that Dr. GEORGE GULLETTE, Chairman of the Social Studies Department, who announced the resignation, declined to discuss the reasons LOWENSTEIN gave for his resignation but stated he believed LOWENSTEIN wanted to work in the presidential campaign and write another book later in the fall.

The Bureau's attention is directed to the fact that ALLARD H. LOWENSTEIN has been an outspoken critic of segregation and has been a professional writer who has written on the subject apartheid. It is also to be noted that LOWENSTEIN spoke at Yale University, New Haven,

NY 100-153735

Connecticut, on 12/8/64, on the subject the Freedom Democratic Party in Mississippi. On 11/26/64, AL (LNU) of Stamford, Connecticut, was in contact with KING, and on 12/3/64, BAYARD RUSTIN was in contact with one AL ORENSTEIN (ph) (possibly LOWENSTEIN) of Connecticut, at which time they discussed changes in the Mississippi Branch of the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee.

It would seem, from the information set out above, that undoubtedly ALLARD K. LOWENSTEIN is identical with AL (LNU), mentioned in redilet.

SAC, NEW YORK (157-

1/8/65

SA [redacted] (45)

WEST SIDE UNIFIED ACTION COMMITTEE  
RACIAL MATTERS

Identity of Source [redacted]

Description of Info

Report on rally, 1/2/65,  
sponsored by West Side  
Unified Action Committee,  
100 West 82nd St., NYC

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Date Received

1/4/65

Original where located [redacted]

The source furnished three one page throwaways which he obtained at this rally. The throwaways indicate that the West Side Unified Action Committee, located at 100 West 82nd Street, NYC, was formerly West Side Core. They call attention to the citizens of the community to not and unite against the profiteering plumbers and announce that a demonstration will be held on 1/2/65 with [redacted] and JESSE GRAY as the scheduled speakers. These throwaways will be made exhibits in the 157 file designated for this organization.

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The name of [redacted] is being indexed.

On 1/2/65 this source telephonically reported information re this rally to SA [redacted] Section 42.

A copy of informant's report follows:

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- 1 - [redacted] (Inv) (45)
- 1 - 100-91911 (JESSE GRAY) (42)
- 1 - 100-132530 [redacted] (43)
- 1 - 100-153735 (CIRM) (42)
- 1 - 157-892 (Racial Situation, NYC) (42)
- 1 - 157-1223 (Core) (42)
- 1 - 157- [redacted] (42)

JEG:llh  
(7)

100-153735-857

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JAN 1965
FBI - NEW YORK

*Heaton*

New York, N.Y.  
January 4, 1955

On Saturday, January 2, 1955, the Westside Unified Action Committee held an indoor rally at 100 West 82nd Street, New York City. About twenty-five persons were in attendance when this rally began.

[redacted] was present but did not speak. JESSE GREY, a scheduled speaker, was not there. [redacted] spoke and stated she was sorry more persons were not in attendance but she blamed the bad weather for this poor showing. She stated that they would go on with their plan to picket the building at 205-07 87th Street, New York City. She spoke about the numerous pay raises recently given to high city officials, the waste in the City government, the monies received by various landlords, and the fact that the landlords do nothing for the tenants in return. At approximately 3:15 pm, fifteen persons then walked to 207 West 85th Street, New York City and proceeded to picket in front of the building from 3:30 to 4:00 pm. These pickets, both white and Negro, carried placards which stated in both English and Spanish, "Down With Landlords" and "Do Not Pay Rent If You Have Rats In Your Apartment". A police lieutenant and four policemen were on the street nearby. There was no violence and no racial incidents.

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to Bu 100-442529  
File No. 157-6-34

New York, New York  
January 12, 1965

Re: Communist Influence in  
Racial Matters  
Internal Security - C

New York Committee For  
Support of Mississippi Freedom  
Democratic Party Challenge  
Racial Matters

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on January 8, 1965, that a meeting of leading Communist Party (CP) functionaries was held in CP Headquarters, New York City, on the above date. Among those in attendance were:

- James Jackson, Editor of "The Worker"
- Jack Stachel
- Louis Weinstock
- Theodore Bassett, reporter for "The Worker"
- [redacted] reporter for "The Worker"
- [redacted]

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"The Worker" is an east coast  
Communist newspaper.

This document contains neither  
recommendations nor conclusions  
of the FBI. It is the property  
of the FBI and is loaned to your  
agency; it and its contents are  
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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
Group I  
Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification

100-153735-838

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Re: Communist Influence in  
Racial Matters  
Internal Security - C

New York Committee For  
Support of Mississippi Freedom  
Democratic Party Challenge  
Racial Matters

James Jackson opened the discussion by reporting on his observation of the opening day of Congress. He described the demonstration of the "Mississippi Pilgrims" as most impressive. He said it was a lineup of very dedicated people, consisting of 600 and a caravan of 150 cars.

Jackson said this challenge is clearly a constitutional and legal embarrassment to the Johnson Administration. He expressed the opinion that 1965 should be a year of peoples lobbies and demonstrations in Washington.

Theodore Bassett said that he was at a meeting recently of church groups and they are making plans for the campaign to seat the rightful Mississippi delegation. He said "we" should recognize this thing for what it is, a mass action, mass protest and get masses to go to Washington to support the true Mississippi delegation to Congress.

said they should examine the reasons why certain Congressmen voted against the seating of the Mississippi delegation.

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1/12/62

**AIRTEL**

**TO :** DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)  
(157-1572)

**FROM :** SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)  
(157-1572)

**SUBJECT:** CIRM

**NEW YORK COMMITTEE FOR  
SUPPORT OF MISSISSIPPI  
FREEDOM DEMOCRATIC PARTY  
CHALLENGE  
RACIAL MATTERS**

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are six copies of a letterhead memorandum concerning a meeting held at CP Headquarters, NYC, on 1/8/62. The meeting concerned the demonstration by the MDPP challenge in Washington, D.C.

The source utilized was NY 259-3\*.

This memorandum has been classified ~~Confidential~~ because it contains information from a source, the unauthorized disclosure of which would seriously impair the investigation of the CPUSA and such impairment could have an adverse effect upon the national defense interests of the country.

- 4-Bureau (100-442529) (Encl. 6) (RM)
  - (1-157-1572) (MDFP)
  - 2-Jackson (Encl. 2) (RM)
  - 2-Washington Field (Encl. 2) (RM)
  - 1-New York (100-153735) (CIRM) (RM)
  - 1-New York (157-1572)
- HCC:raa  
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100-153735-839

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FBI - NEW YORK	

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

New York, New York  
January 12, 1965

Bureau 100-442529

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:  
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE  
DATE 12-20-2011

Re: Communist Influence in Racial Matters  
Internal Security - C

On January 8, 1965, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that [redacted] and Stanley Levison were in contact on that date. During their contact, Levison inquired as to how "their session" went that date. [redacted] said everything was fine. Levison inquired as to who attended the session, prompting [redacted] to name the following: Martin Luther King, Elstein (phonetic) (Ralph Helstein), [redacted], Bayard Rustin, Harry Wachtel, Walter Fauntroy (Director of the Washington, D.C. office of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference) (SCLC), Lawrence Reddick, Cleveland (Cleveland Robinson, Secretary, Treasurer of District 65, Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Workers Union), and himself [redacted].

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According to [redacted] they discussed the situation in Mississippi, with King opining that he, alone, could move "the masses in Mississippi". [redacted] said he told King that he would need an organization and a program to follow through on his ideas.

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Levison expressed satisfaction in that King was so optimistic over the Mississippi situation.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~SECRET~~  
Group I  
Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification

100-153735-840

Searched \_\_\_\_\_  
Serialized OK  
Indexed \_\_\_\_\_  
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~~SECRET~~

### Communist Influence In Racial Matters

Another confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished information on January 8, 1965, indicating that Martin Luther King, Jr., President of the SCLC, would meet with Harry Wachtel, Bayard Rustin and [redacted] in New York City, during the weekend of January 8, 1965.

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Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), observed Martin Luther King and Cleveland Robinson entering and/or leaving 585 Madison Avenue, New York City, on January 8, 1965.

It is noted that Attorney Harry Wachtel has his office at 585 Madison Avenue, New York City.

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COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

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[redacted]  
to the Gandhi Society for Human Rights,  
15 East 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on February 26, 1957, that he identified a photograph of [redacted] as a person whom he knew during late 1953 or early 1954 to be a member of and in a position of leadership in the Labor Youth League.

The Labor Youth League has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

- 3 -

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

### Communist Influence In Racial Matters

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised in April, 1964, that Stanley Levison was a secret member of the Communist Party, United States of America (CPUSA), in July, 1963. In late 1963 and early 1964, Levison criticized the Communist Party (CP) for not being sufficiently militant in the civil rights struggle. Levison was described by certain CP leaders as being to the "left" of the CP in his position on civil rights. His differences with the CP, however, are merely tactical and he continues his ideological adherence to Communism.

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that during 1946, he asked Ralph Helstein (President of the United Packing House Workers of America) if he were a Communist. Helstein replied to the effect that he probably could be considered a Communist in view of the nature of his belief. Helstein did not elaborate or explain this statement.

- 4 -

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~~SECRET~~

## Communist Influence In Racial Matters

In "The Saturday Evening Post", issue of July 11-18, 1964, page 76, Bayard Rustin is the subject of a feature article captioned: "The Lone Wolf of Civil Rights". In it, Rustin is said to have come to New York in 1938, as an organizer for the Young Communist League (YCL), and as such, he had the job of recruiting students for the "Party". Furthermore, the article reports that during his first years in New York, Rustin gave most of his earnings to the "Party". He reportedly left the "Party" in 1941, the article states.

The YCL has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The "Daily Worker", February 11, 1957, page 1 column 2, reported that Bayard Rustin, Executive Secretary, War Resisters League, was an observer at the 16th National Convention of the Communist Party, United States of America (CP, USA), held in New York City, on February 9-12, 1957.

The "Daily Worker" was an East Coast Communist publication until it ceased publication on January 13, 1958.

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on September 25, 1963, that during a meeting of the National Board, CP, USA, on that date, Benjamin J. Davis remarked that, "Rustin calls me constantly--openly."

Another confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on February 19, 20, 1964, that Bayard Rustin contacted Benjamin J. Davis on those dates

- 5 -

~~SECRET~~

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### Communist Influence In Racial Matters

and sought his advice as to how he could escape from a speaking engagement to which he was committed. On the latter contact, Davis told Rustin that he was working on his request and had contacted friends who had contacts with the group to which Rustin was to speak.

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on January 21, 1964, that as of that date, Benjamin J. Davis was National Secretary of the CP, USA.

"The New York Times", August 24, 1964, page 27, column 4, reports that Benjamin J. Davis, National Secretary, CP, USA, died in New York City on the night of August 22, 1964.

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## Communist Influence In Racial Matters

Harry Wachtel is the Executive Vice President of the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, 15 East 40th Street, New York, New York. He resides at 29 Split Rock Drive, Kings Point, Long Island, New York.

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished information in December, 1949, that Harry H. Wachtel, 41 Broad Street, New York, New York, was on a list of individuals carried as active members of the National Lawyers Guild.

A characterization of the National Lawyers Guild is attached hereto.

On March 5, 1944, another confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished information which revealed that the name Harry Wachtel was on a list of names, significance not known, which was maintained at the Headquarters of the Kings County Communist Party (CP) at 26 Court Street, Brooklyn, New York.

Regarding  it is noted that the same confidential source furnished information on March 5, 1944, which revealed that her name and address were on a list of names of newly elected officers of the Bath Beach Club of the Kings County CP.

With respect to the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, it is to be noted that this organization is an adjunct of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), of which Martin Luther King, Jr., is the president, and serves to raise funds for the SCLC.

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## Communist Influence In Racial Matters

On July 5, 1950, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished information that he knew Lawrence Reddick to be a concealed member of the CP. The source subsequently advised on November 21, 1952, Dr. L. R. Reddick, curator of the Schomburg Collection, New York Public Library, was known to be as a Communist.

On March 23, 1951, the same source further advised that he met Lawrence D. Reddick in 1943, and that Benjamin J. Davis advised the source that Reddick was a member of the CP.

The source further stated that Reddick was an instructor at the George Washington Carver School.

The George Washington Carver School has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

"The New York Times", August 24, 1964, page 27, column 4, reports that Benjamin J. Davis, National Secretary, CPUSA, died in New York City on August 22, 1964.

- 8 -

~~SECRET~~

1.

APPENDIX

NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the National Lawyers Guild:

"National Lawyers Guild

- "1. Cited as a Communist front.  
(Special Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 1311 on the CIO Political Action Committee, March 29, 1944, p. 149.)
- "2. Cited as a Communist front which 'is the foremost legal bulwark of the Communist Party its front organizations, and controlled unions' and which 'since its inception has never failed to rally to the legal defense of the Communist Party and individual members thereof, including known espionage agents.'  
(Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 3123 on the National Lawyers Guild, September 21, 1950, originally related September 17, 1950.)
- "3. 'To defend the cases of Communist lawbreakers, fronts have been devised making special appeals in behalf of civil liberties and reaching out far beyond the confines of the Communist Party itself. Among these organizations are the \* \* \* National Lawyers Guild. When the Communist Party itself is under fire these offer a bulwark of protection.'  
(Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)"



F B I

Date: 1/12/65

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)

SUBJECT: CIRM  
IS-C

Re Atlanta teletype to Bureau, dated 1/8/65,  
captioned MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., reporting that KING would  
meet with HARRY WACHTEL, [redacted] BAYARD RUSTIN over  
the weekend of 1/8/65.

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Enclosed are six copies of a letterhead memorandum,  
captioned and dated as above.

The source of the information was NY 4099-S\* and  
Atlanta 1380-S\*.

Sources used to characterize individuals mentioned in  
the letterhead memorandum are as follows:

- 4 - Bureau (100-442529) (Encls. 6) (RM)  
(1 - 100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
- 2 - Atlanta (100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.) (Encls. 2) (Info) (RM)  
(1 - 100-6670) (CIRM)
- 1 - Baltimore (100- ) (LAWRENCE REDDICK) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1 - Chicago (100- ) (RALPH HELSTEIN) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-73250) [redacted] (42)
- 1 - New York (100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON) (42)
- 1 - New York (100-46729) (BAYARD RUSTIN) (42)
- 1 - New York (100-148289) (HARRY WACHTEL) (46)
- 1 - New York (100-136585) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.) (42)
- ① - New York (100-153735) (42)

b6  
b7C

JMK:gmd  
(15)

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

100-153735-841

SEARCHED _____	INDEXED _____
SERIALIZED <i>ak</i>	FILED <i>ak</i>
JAN 12 1965	
FBI - NEW YORK	

NY 100-153735

<u>Source</u>	<u>Person Characterized</u>
[redacted] Columbia University LYL in [redacted]	[redacted]
NY 694-S*	STANLEY LEVISON
[redacted] Attorney for [redacted] Chicago, Illinois	RALPH HELSTEIN
NY 4212-S*	BAYARD RUSTIN
1. Anonymous source of WFO, set out in the report of SA [redacted] [redacted] 2/19/50, at WFO, re: "NLG; IS-C"	HARRY WACHTEL
2. NY 1190-S*	
LOUIS F. BUDENZ	LAWRENCE REDDICK

b6  
b7C  
b7D

The Special Agents of the FBI who observed KING and others enter and/or leave the building at 585 Madison Avenue, New York City, on 1/8/65, were [redacted] and [redacted]

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b7C

This letterhead memorandum is classified "~~Secret~~" because it contains information from NY 4099-S\*, AT 1380-S\* and NY 694-S\*, the first two sources having furnished highly sensitive information regarding the racial field in New York and Atlanta and the communist infiltration thereof; and the last source having furnished a concentration of information in the characterization of STANLEY LEVISON. In view of this, this classification is used.

File-Serial Charge Out  
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

48-16-83475-1 GPO

File 100-153735-842 Date 5/5/77

Class:  Pending  Closed Case No. Last Serial:

Serial No. Description of Serial Date Charged

Serial sent to Bureau, per Bu-  
airtel to NY, dtd. 4/12/77,  
titled: Bernard S. Lee v.  
Clarence M. Kelley, et al.  
BuFile 62-117194d

**SEC 23**

Employee:

RECHARGE

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

To: \_\_\_\_\_ From: \_\_\_\_\_

Initials of Clerk

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Date Charged

Employee

Location

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT  
MEMORANDUM

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)  
FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)  
SUBJECT: CIRM

DATE: 1/12/65

Re NY airtel to Bureau and letterhead memorandum,  
1/4/65; Buairtel to NY, 1/11/65.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are seven copies  
of a revised page two for referenced letterhead memorandum;  
and two are enclosed for Atlanta.

5-Bureau (100-442529) (Encl. 7) (RM)  
    (1-100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, Jr.)  
    (1-100-403737) [REDACTED]  
2-Atlanta (Encl. 2) (Info) (RM)  
    (1-100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, Jr.)  
    (1-100-6670) (CIRM)  
1-New York (100-136585) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, Jr.) (42)  
1-New York (100-19131) (SAUL MILLS)  
1-New York (100-82890) [REDACTED] (46)  
1-New York (100-46729) (BAYARD RUSTIN) (42)  
1-New York (100-148289) (HARRY WACHTEL) (46)  
1-New York (100-153735) (42)

b6  
b7c

JCS:rmv  
(14)

*JM*

100-153735-842

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED <i>ca</i>	FILED <i>ca</i>
JAN 12 1965	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*J. Deaton*

~~SECRET~~

Re: Communist Influence in Racial Matters

the approval of Martin Luther King, Jr.,  
for the man who ran the affair for  
Roosevelt to run this affair.  
affair at which Martin Luther King,  
Jr. was to be honored upon his return  
from receiving the Nobel Peace Prize).  
Wachtel also mentioned that King was  
quite pleased in getting [redacted] to  
handle this matter. Continuing, Wachtel  
remarked that this man [redacted] would  
be in charge, but would be assisted by  
Saul Mills.

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On April 3, 1953, a confidential source,  
who has furnished reliable information  
in the past, advised that [redacted]  
[redacted] was a professional fund raiser  
and a Communist, who in the past has been  
in contact only with top level CP members.

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On May 22, 1956, the same confidential  
source, advised that on May 21, 1956,  
he had been told some stories dealing  
with [redacted] of New Rochelle,  
New York. The source advised he had  
been told that [redacted] in addition  
to his role as advisor to the CP,  
contributes hundreds of dollars a month  
to the CP.

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b7C

The same source on December 9, 1959, advised  
that he regarded [redacted] as an important  
Communist.

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b7C

On May 31, 1960, the same source furnished  
information that [redacted] was to be  
contacted for a donation to the CPUSA.

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

Re: Communist Influence in Racial Matters

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised in May, 1950, that Saul Mills was one of those persons whom he knew to be a concealed Communist.

On June 29, 1950, the confidential source advised that during the 1940s up until 1945, he knew Saul Mills personally as a member of the CP.

~~SECRET~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT  
MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC, NEW YORK (100-147372)

DATE: 12/28/64

FROM: SA [redacted] (#44)

b6  
b7C

SUBJECT: PROGRESSIVE LABOR  
IS - PLM

NY 4569-S\* who has furnished reliable information in the past furnished the following information on the dates indicated.

IF ANY OF THIS INFORMATION IS USED IN A REPORT, IT SHOULD BE SUITABLY PARAPHRASED TO PROTECT THE IDENTITY OF THE SENSITIVE SOURCE.

- 1 - Jackson (COFO) (RM)
- 2 - San Francisco (RM)  
(1 - 100- ) (MORTIMER SCHEER)
- 1 - Savannah (100- ) [redacted] (RM)
- 1 - NY 105-50241 [redacted] (312)
- 1 - [redacted]
- 1 - NY 100-138651 (WILLIAM EPTON) (44)
- 1 - NY 100-107973 (CONRAD LYNN) (46)
- 1 - NY 100-146430 [redacted] (44)
- 1 - NY 105-53045 [redacted] (4)
- 1 - NY 100-122088 [redacted] (43)
- 1 - NY 62-11968 (INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE IN DEFENSE OF AFRICA) (43)
- 1 - NY 100-151543 [redacted] (4)
- 1 - NY 100-153647 [redacted] (44)
- 1 - NY 100-123494 [redacted] (44)
- 1 - NY 100-153554 [redacted] (44)
- 1 - NY 100-138029 [redacted] (44)
- 1 - NY 105-24891 [redacted] (44)
- 1 - NY 100-151987 (W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS) (42)
- 1 - NY 100-153735 (CIRM) (42)
- 1 - NY 100-153557 (HARLEM DEFENSE COUNCIL) (44)
- 1 - NY 100-83193 [redacted] (44)
- 1 - NY 100-93296 [redacted]
- 1 - [redacted]
- 1 - NY 100-147372 (PLM) (44)

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WCK:mgm  
(26)

*juu*

100-153735-844

Searched	Indexed
Serialized	Filed
DEC 28 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*Heaton* *yes*

NY 100-147372

11/2/64

[redacted] contacted [redacted] regarding something he was to pick up at the PLM Headquarters.

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WILLIAM EPTON contacted CONRAD LYNN and told him that he had not called because [redacted] (PH) was not in court when he got there. LYNN remarked that the others were in the jail and that they had a bail that they could satisfy by paying up \$50.00 cash for each one and that he was working on writs of habeus corpus.

[redacted] (PH) contacted [redacted] (LNU) and asked for [redacted] (LNU) or [redacted] (LNU) and [redacted] stated that they had gone to Cambridge to give lectures. [redacted] stated that he had just returned from Mississippi and that he would be here for about two weeks.

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WILLIAM EPTON contacted [redacted] and he asked her to look up a quote on the FBI report on riots.

EPTON asked if <sup>one</sup> some could remember the article that he was looking for ~~that~~ said that there were no Communists involved in the riots. EPTON told [redacted] to have 12 copies of "Challenge" sent every week to COFO, 1212 17th Street North, Columbus, Mississippi. EPTON remarked that "a guy" from down there just came back and said that if they sent them down, the Council of Federated Organizations (COFO) would distribute them.

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11/6/64



NY 100-147372

[redacted] contacted BILL EPTON. She stated that she is from MPI and asked EPTON for 300 five cent stamps. EPTON had previously told her that he could not get stamps, and she had agreed to mail leaflets before 11:00 after first going to the main Post office.

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11/7/64

[redacted] contacted [redacted] (PH) at Hotel Theresa and asked about getting a room for a press conference and luncheon for the Non-partisan Committee for the Defense of BILL EPTON. [redacted] stated that she had been there previously for the International Committee in Defense of Africa.

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[redacted] (PH) (LNU) contacted WILLIAM EPTON. She stated that it was very important because [redacted] was going to be in town and that she had to get in touch with him to find out if he wanted her to sell the stock. She stated that her company wanted to protect him as much as possible. She said that she tried to call him at Harvard but they could not get him and the only information she has is that he lives on Apley Court and is not listed as a student. She asked EPTON why "he" ran away and EPTON stated that he did not have the slightest idea. [redacted] asked if the rest were coming in or if CONRAD (CONRAD LYNN) was going to surrender them [redacted].

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11/9/64

[redacted] contacted [redacted]. [redacted] said that BILL (EPTON) said it will cost \$190.00 for a radio announcement over Station WLRB. [redacted] continued to discuss the cost of a radio announcement.

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NY 100-147372

10/23/64

EPTON was in contact with an unidentified man regarding the borrowing of sound equipment for the event "tomorrow" at 3:00 P. M. The man stated the truck would not be wired properly until sometime in the afternoon. EPTON stated [redacted] had already made arrangements for the places where the equipment would be used.

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EPTON contacted [redacted] instructing him to contact [redacted] a lawyer, to arrange a meeting at [redacted]'s house "tomorrow" to discuss the trial for disorderly conduct. EPTON said [redacted] will be a witness "for him."

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10/28/64

MORT SCHEER contacted EPTON and told him that he would like to have him come out to the coast. EPTON agreed, but remarked that he would need a letter stating the dates SCHEER wanted him out on the coast, and for how long, since he needed such a letter to show the court.

10/29/64

[redacted] contacted EPTON and asked him how the meeting went. EPTON said it was "OK;" "we" only had about 60 or 70 people, but 1/4 were Negroes and this is good for the city. BILL said he did not know why they did not have enough people because 4,000 leaflets had been distributed. [redacted] said that he spoke at Brandeis and had had only 50 people. BILL remarked that the student body in the United States is not ready yet.

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10/30/64

An unidentified woman contacted BILL EPTON and advised him that the Dubois Clubs are going to be at the U.N. at 5:00 PM and asked him to join them. He advised that he would be happy to cancel the class that he was to teach at City College and stated that his hand outs labeling the Puerto Rican Police brutality to a highly defamatory degree, [redacted] have already been distributed at Columbia. EPTON said that he might not be able to get them out at City College and that he would probably be at the U.N. for the demonstration against the suppression of the student outburst at the University of Puerto Rico.

NY 100-147372

[redacted] contacted EPTON and advised him that he would be unable to pick up "the list" but that he would be able to pick two up "tomorrow." [redacted] advised that [redacted] is scheduled to speak at 125th Street and Seventh at 5:00 PM today. EPTON said, "I hope there is somebody out there to boo him" and [redacted] indicated that there would be.

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[redacted] was in contact with [redacted] in Hardeeville, South Carolina. [redacted] indicated that he had been studying hard and that he needed material to back up a paper that he was writing. [redacted] advised that the ban had been lifted in Harlem and he said that KHRUCHCHEV was deposed because of obvious corruption in his leadership. [redacted] advised that he would be in contact with [redacted] on Saturday. [redacted] said that he would send him copies of "Challenge" and the "Peking Review."

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11/13/64

[redacted] Avenue, Flushing, NY, was in contact with the PLM office to complain that he had subscribed to the magazine, but that he had not received any copies.

11/16/64

BILL EPTON contacted [redacted] and asked him to meet him (EPTON) at the PLM office. [redacted] agreed.

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11/18/64

WILLIAM EPTON, while in contact with [redacted] inquired as to the number of newstands carrying "Challenge." [redacted] said there were about 25. EPTON said that [redacted] is in the Bedford Stuyvesant area a lot, and although he is not officially working for "us" anymore, might be persuaded by EPTON to try to get the paper on some of the stands there.

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11/19/64

An unidentified male contacted WILLIAM EPTON and asked him if this was the office of the Harlem Defence Council. When EPTON stated that it

NY 100-147372

was, the man advised him that there was a bomb in the building set to go off in one hour. EPTON asked him what he should do and the man said run.

11/21/64

[redacted] contacted WILLIAM EPTON. [redacted] stated that he had tried to subscribe to "Challenge" and that he had sent a check, but had received no copy through the mail. [redacted] said that he felt that [redacted] should give him his copies to read and come to his home. [redacted] gave his address as [redacted] Avenue, Brooklyn 11201, New York. [redacted] said that he attended a PLM meeting in Manhattan Center sometime ago, but did not like what he heard and walked out. [redacted] said that he is a liberal and he does not like what goes on in Mississippi and here but that "when they say" the police are our enemies, and that "you should get them before they get you, this is Communism and I do not want to hear this".

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EPTON disagreed with [redacted] and stated that the Negroes have the right to fight back in self defense and that he is advocating only self defense. EPTON said that there has never been a violent protest in Harlem but the police react violently to their protests, so "we" have decided "we" must resist.

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EPTON said that PLM did not encourage this and that it was spontaneous on the part of the people. EPTON indicated that he disagreed with Mr. KING (MARTIN LUTHER) and that KING led the Negroes to the beach in St. Augustine where they were attacked with ball bats and chains and it was a scene like Nazi Germany.

NY 100-147372

[redacted] emphasized that demonstrations should be non-violent and that whether or not it is self defense it has the same result when Negroes attack policemen. EPTON asked [redacted] if he would not fight if someone broke down his door and [redacted] said that he has been a weakling and a coward and has run away from many fights for years.

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WILLIAM EPTON was in contact with an unidentified male. EPTON asked him if he had sent invitations to the party tonight and the man said he had. EPTON was also in contact with [redacted] (LNU) regarding the party and RUBY said that EPTON should check with [redacted] (PH) and [redacted] to see if they are going to attend the party.

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#### RECOMMENDATIONS

The following names are being indexed to this memorandum:

[redacted]

The above is being furnished for the information and assistance of respective files.

b6  
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[redacted]

TO: SAC, NY  
FROM: SA [redacted]  
SUBJECT: PAN AFRICAN STUDENT ORGANIZATION  
IN THE AMERICAS

DATE: 12/28/64

Date received	Received from (name or symbol number)	Received by
12/17/64	[redacted]	SA [redacted]

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

in person     by telephone     by mail     orally     recording device     written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:

Date

Dictated \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_  
Transcribed \_\_\_\_\_  
Authenticated by Informant \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Report

11/24/64

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Date(s) of activity

11/23/64

Brief description of activity or material

Protest Rally by "African Students"

799 UN Plaza, NYC

File where original is located if not attached

[redacted]

Remarks:

Informant's written report is set out with corrections in spelling and punctuation:

- [redacted] (Inv) (43)
- 1 - NY 100-138651 (BILL EPTON) (44)
- 1 - NY 100-153647 [redacted] (44)
- 1 - NY 100-137939 [redacted] (44)
- 1 - NY 100-147972 (PLM) (44)
- 1 - NY 100-132360 [redacted] (46)
- 1 - NY 100-153308 (QAAU) (43)
- 1 - NY 100-153697 [redacted] (43)
- 1 - NY 100-153590 [redacted] (43)
- 1 - NY 100-146275 [redacted] (43)
- 1 - NY 105-71003 [redacted] (4)
- 1 - NY 100-153735 (CIRM) (42)
- 1 - NY 157-982 (RACIAL MATTERS - NY DIVISION) (42)
- 1 - NY 105- (AFRO-AMERICAN STUDENTS) (31)
- 1 - NY 105- (PAN AFRICAN STUDENT ORGANIZATION IN THE AMERICAS) (31)

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Block Stamp

100-153735-845

Searched... Indexed...  
Serialized... Filed...  
DEC. 28, 1964  
FBI-NEW YORK  
Seaton, J.S.

HPL:mfd  
(15)

*[Handwritten initials]*

NY 105-

United States Mission (2 PM) November 23, 1964  
799 UN Plaza  
Protest Rally Against U.S. in Congo

A demonstration by African students was held on the above mentioned date and location. It was reported to be in protest of the handling of the Congo situation and against Tshombe.

The rally started with a racially mixed group walking in front of the U.N. Mission.

This group marched orderly until a man (dressed in African attire) forced them to leave the line. He stated that this was to be a "black man's demonstration only." Among the white people who were demonstrating were some who had just returned from Cuba.

After regrouping, a line of about 50 people marched around in front of the U.N. Mission.

In the line of marchers were BILL EPTON, [redacted] and several others from the P.L.M.

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[redacted] who was also instrumental in removing the whites from the line was present, she moved back and forth, up and down the line of march acting as an organizer.

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From the O.A.A.U. were [redacted] both of whom stayed but a short time.

[redacted] of the Freedom Now Party stayed around for a couple of hours. When ADLAI STEVENSON entered the Mission, [redacted] started calling him a "fink", a "rat" and several other names. The name calling was picked up by several other people.

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NY 100-

Standing to one side and on the other corner was a person with a shopping bag; he was later identified as [redacted] a student who just returned from Cuba. In his shopping bag were many copies of a pocket size paperback book known as the Revolution. He would alternate between selling the books and talking with the students from Cuba. Whenever [redacted] would leave, [redacted] would sell the books. Several African students purchased some books, some stating that the books had been banned from the school's library.

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During the demonstration a man carrying a large metal cross attempted to enter the line of march but was escorted out by the police. He had painted on the side of the cross "Down with Communism."

Later another man entered the line of march holding a tiny American flag and a hat made of all the flags of the United Nations. He too left in a hurry.

[redacted] was observed getting into a taxi cab with [redacted], a lady and [redacted]

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT  
MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC, NEW YORK (100-97078)

DATE: 12/31/64

FROM: SA [redacted] (#44)

SUBJECT: SWP - NY LOCAL  
IS - SWP

Identity of Source: [redacted] who has furnished reliable info in past (conceal

Description of Info: Militant Labor Forum, 12/11/64

Date Received: 12/18/64

Received By: SA [redacted] (written)

Original Location: [redacted]

Informant has identified "[redacted]" as [redacted] through display of photo.

A copy of informant's written report follows:

- [redacted] (INV) (44)
- 1 - NY 100-93735 (44)
  - 1 - NY 100-118388 (44)
  - 1 - NY 100-148614 (44)
  - 1 - NY 100-112275 (4)
  - 1 - NY 100-145809 (4)
  - 1 - NY 100-134208 (44)
  - 1 - NY 100-88074 (44)
  - 1 - NY 100-115760 (44)
  - 1 - NY 100-153735 (CIRM) (42)
  - 1 - NY 100-97078 (44)

NA

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ALB:bam  
(11)

*Handwritten initials*

100-153735-846

Searched	Indexed
Serialized	Filed
DEC 31 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*Handwritten signature: Stanton*

NY 100-97078

Written - Dec 12, 1964

Re: Militant Labor Forum - 116 University Place, N.Y., N.Y. of Dec. 11, 1964, Scheduled for 8.30 P.M., Started a Bit Later, Topic: "Where Does the Freedom Struggle Go From Here? with [redacted] Speaker, and

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Chairman - A very short, black haired woman, wearing black-rimmed glasses; she was so short, that she seated about two headlengths above the speaker's stand; i.e., that much showed when she spoke. She had an oversize mannish haircut, no curls, i.e. plain hair.

With a very brief introduction about the Militant Labor Forum, and welcome, she named the above topic and speaker, [redacted] (Quite a few chairmen use the phrase, "without further ado", just before naming speakers.)

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[redacted] was called a New York Organizer of the Socialist Workers Party, and was somewhat taller than the chairman. [redacted] wore no glasses, had plenty black hair; a long length necktie showed on account of his open coat, while speaking at the speaker's stand, hence he's about one headlength taller than the Chairman.

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Significant parts of his speech included: 1) Events at Birmingham, which in his view, established a new trend, or 'a first' - when Negroes joined White Freedom sympathizers - when the local government used water hoses and dogs

2) The March on Washington - in a longer analysis - was criticized in that the routes were prescribed, White House and other Government property prescribed off limits, members of the "Power Structure" joined as speakers", even the speeches were modified or censored. The demonstration turned out to become a "Picnic". A reputed quote of MALCOLM X "How can there be a demonstration against the government, if members of the Government join it?"

3) A distinction between petition and demand, showed the relative strength or weakness involved, thus in Wash. D.C. the situation changed to the weaker.

NY 100-97078

4. [ ] gave an estimate that 95% of the Negro vote in the past election went to Johnson, and only about 4,000(?) votes in the Freedom Now Movement, a poor figure, but remarkable (to him) in that so few attained it.

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5. Goldwater and Johnson recalled to his mind the comparison of wolf and fox, both out to get you, but the one is quicker and more forceful.

6. [ ] named many types of enemies: to the Socialist movement and Black Nationalists - There is no illusion that those living in the Black Ghettos are workers, but they also know that they are at the bottom; by contrast white workers consider themselves middle class, serving as a bar toward combining forces.

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2. In Black Nationalism, no one can make decisions that count when the leader is absent. Further Black Nationalism's leaders have no experience or knowledge to deal with problems at a distance from where they find themselves, i.e., the next state or toward foreign nations, Congo, Vietnam, United Nations. Even MALCOLM X - speaking about 'Back to Africa' with results which seemed to [ ] - more emotional or in the idea stage, than producing tangible results.

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7. A Rent strike differs from a Factory strike, the latter directed against the employer, at the production level; it can result in the public going to a competitor, or using a different material, as aluminum instead of steel, if the lack of commodity or goods lasts long enough. In the rent situation results can be obtained mainly through action at a political level. Unions presenting demands are in a better position; however, some unions are telling their men, if you ask for too much, you may lose your jobs, the boss has to close down. This happened at Studebaker, but S. closed anyway.

8. Black Nationalism stands for integration at times, i.e., wants it; and asks for separation at others. In [ ] opinion white labor is, at this time not ready to join black labor, because white labor is not willing to give anything (worth while, implied).

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NY 100-97078

9. [ ] closed his talk with a plea for Socialism to solve human needs, including peace.

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During the intermission the chairman announced.

1. The Next Forum - Dec 18, its topic: "USA: Promised Land or Land of Promises" - with the speaker, [ ]

b6  
b7C

2. No Forums for Dec 25 and New Years Day

3. But a New Year's Eve Party to usher in the New Year

4. An African Rally at the Audubon Ballroom for the coming Sunday at 1663 Bway. Manhattan; (near 168th St Station of both IND and IRT subways; (The chairman was quickly corrected when she said 'Concourse Train' to Washington Heights Train).

5. Look for details of time and station for a Sunday speech to be given by Che Guevara, of Cuba.

6. Questions will be limited to three minutes, so that all will be given an opportunity to be heard.

7. The Militant, held up for view, was recommended, and available in the rear, with other literature.

Remarks: [ ] seemed to take her usual count of persons, as did another person, a young, thin, black haired young man. The young man sat with a young blond girl, who went upstairs for a while, then returned. A group of six round tables (diam about 40 inches) were stacked at the left wall; at the meeting's end, later, the audience chairs were folded and the tables placed with four chairs for use.

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Questions: [ ] asked why the Freedom Now Party of Michigan had two factions? The answer can be summed up: Splinter groups can happen, and do; the process can continue.

NY 100-97078

Another Question concerned the unification  
of black and white labor\_

Answer: It is not expected to happen for a long time.

Estimated Attendance 40-45.

Seen Present:

[Redacted]

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT  
MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC, NEW YORK (100-26603)

DATE: 1/4/65

FROM: SA JOHN F. LANGTRY (#42)

SUBJECT: CPUSA, NYD  
IS - C

Identity of Source: [redacted] who has furnished reliable info in past (conceal)

Description of Info: A CPUSA, New York District Board meeting, 12/7/64

Date Received: 12/11/64

Received By: SA JOHN F. LANGTRY (oral)

Original Location: [redacted]

b6  
b7C  
b7D

Information received from informant was dictated by SA JOHN F. LANGTRY on 12/11/64 to [redacted] transcribed on 12/21/64 and authenticated by informant on 12/29/64.

A copy of informant's oral report follows:

- [redacted] (INV) (42)
- 1 - NY 100-128814 (CPUSA, NYD, ORG.) (42)
- 1 - NY 100-128812 (CPUSA, NYD, POL. ACT.) (42)
- 1 - NY 100-27452 (BOB THOMPSON) (42)
- 1 - NY 100-10113 [redacted] (46)
- 1 - NY 100-47060 [redacted] (46)
- 1 - NY 100-13473 [redacted] (46)
- 1 - NY 100-228 [redacted] (1)
- 1 - NY 100-116176 [redacted] (46)
- 1 - NY 100-67670 [redacted] (7)
- 1 - NY 100-117158 [redacted] (42)
- 1 - NY 100-56 [redacted] (42)
- 1 - NY 100-13483 [redacted] (42)
- ① - NY 100-153735 (CIRM) (42)
- 1 - NY 100-26603 (42)

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JFL:bam  
(15)

*H*

100-153735-84)

Searched	Indexed
Serialized	Filed
JAN 4 1965	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*[Signature]*

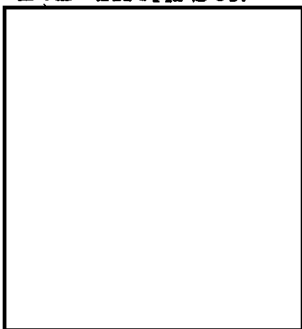
NY 100-26603

December 11, 1964

On December 7, 1964, a Communist Party, USA (CPUSA) New York District Board meeting was held in the Green Room of the Hotel Diplomat, New York City.

Those CP members in attendance included:

BOB THOMPSON



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At this meeting, [redacted] acted as chairman and announced that [redacted] would make the main report.

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[redacted] spoke on the recent 1964 elections and mentioned that the New York Governor Rockefeller is calling the State Legislature back into special session for reapportionment. He denounced his tactics and stated that it would be unfair to the people of this state. He mentioned that the reapportionment should be put off until the new Democratic State Legislature goes into session in 1965.

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[redacted] stated that the time was ripe for the labor and Negro people's movement to get together to do something now on civil rights and full employment. They would be able to bring an understanding to the people in the community on these issues. Together, these two groups could bring about a fair minimum wage law, strengthen the civil rights laws, and bring new advancement in housing. Presently, there is a lack of funds in housing as no money has been made available for Negro housing, only that which can be called the Jim Crow type.

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NY 100-26603-

These two groups of people should also push for a democratic tax program, where those unable to pay should not be forced to pay. According to [redacted], this is the time that plans should be made and issues developed. New movements can be developed to improve school conditions and issues brought forth denouncing the Viet Nam situation.

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At this time, [redacted] mentioned that the Party should take a more active part in making plans on what it would like to be done along the issues of the civil rights program, full employment, housing, education, etc. He mentioned that there is presently a Political Action Committee, of which he is a member, but it has not met for some time.

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT  
MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC, NEW YORK (100-26603-C1905)

DATE: 1/5/65

FROM: SA JOHN F. LANGTRY (#42)

SUBJECT: CPUSA, NYD INDUSTRIAL DIVISION  
IS - C

Identity of Source: [redacted] who has furnished  
reliable info in past (conceal)

Description of Info: A CPUSA, New York District  
Trade Union Commission meeting,  
12/13/64

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b7D

Date Received: 12/14/64

Received By: SA JOHN F. LANGTRY (oral)

Original Location: [redacted]

Information received from informant was dictated by SA  
JOHN F. LANGTRY to [redacted] on 12/15/64, transcribed on  
12/21/64 and authenticated by informant on 12/29/64.

A copy of informant's oral report follows:

- [redacted] (INV) (42)
- 1 - NY 100-128814 (CPUSA, NYD, ORG.) (42)
- 1 - NY 100-128812 (CPUSA, NYD, POL. ACT.) (42)
- 1 - NY 100-128809 (CPUSA, NYD, STRATEGY IN INDUSTRY) (42)
- 1 - NY 100-85636 [redacted] (46)
- 1 p NY 100-101936 [redacted] (5)
- 1 - NY 100-85964 [redacted] (5)
- 1 - NY 100-83118 [redacted] (5)
- 1 - NY 100-96560 [redacted] (5)
- 1 - NY 100-116704 [redacted] (7)
- 1 - NY 100-132947 [redacted] (45)
- 1 - NY 100-86094 [redacted] (47)
- 1 - NY 100-13473 [redacted] (46)
- 1 - NY 100-82430 [redacted] (46)
- 1 - NY 100-47854 [redacted] (46)
- 1 - NY 100-15946 [redacted] (46)
- 1 - NY 100-153735 (CIRM) (42)
- 1 - NY 100-26603-C1905 (42)

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JFL:bam  
(18)

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100-153735-848

Searched	Indexed
Serialized	Filed
JAN 5 1965	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*Heaton*

NY 100-26603-C1905

December 14, 1964

On December 13, 1964, a Communist Party, USA (CPUSA) New York District Trade Union Commission was held at the residence of [redacted], New York City.

Those CP members in attendance included:



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It was announced at this meeting that [redacted] was not due back to the United States until the middle of December, 1964,

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[redacted] acted as chairman for this meeting and [redacted] made a report on the recent 1964 elections.

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[redacted] spoke on the recent 1964 elections and mentioned that the New York Governor Rockefeller is calling the State Legislature back into special session for reapportionment. He denounced his tactics and stated that it would be unfair to the people of this state. He mentioned that the reapportionment should be put off until the new Democratic State Legislature goes into session in 1965.

[redacted] stated that the time was ripe for the labor and Negro people's movement to get together to do something now on civil rights and full employment. They should be able to bring an understanding to the people in the community on these issues. Together, these two groups could bring about .

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NY 100-26603-C1905

a fair minimum wage law, strengthen the civil rights laws, and bring new advancement in housing. Presently, there is a lack of funds in housing as no money has been made available for Negro housing, only that which can be called the Jim Crow typ. These two groups of people should also push for a democratic tax program, where those unable to pay should not be forced to pay. According to [redacted] this is the time that plans should be made and issues developed. New movements can be developed to improve school conditions and issues brought forth denouncing the Viet Nam situation.

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At this time, [redacted] mentioned that the Party should take a more active part in making plans on what it would like to be done along the issues of the civil rights program, full employment, housing, education, etc. He mentioned that there is presently a Political Action Committee, of which he is a member, but it has not met for some time.

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[redacted] announced to those present that she had to leave early inasmuch as she was attending a party for Willie Thompson, recently elected to the State Senate from Brooklyn, New York. She mentioned that Local 485 of the IUE was sending ten representatives to this party, of which she was one.

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT  
MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC, NEW YORK (100-26603):

DATE: 1/5/65

FROM: SA JOHN F. LANGTRY (#42)

SUBJECT: CPUSA - NYD  
IS - C

- [redacted] (INV) (42)
- 1 - NY 100-128814 (CPUSA, NYD, ORG.) (42)
  - 1 - NY 100-128812 (CPUSA, NYD, POL. ACT.) (42)
  - 1 - NY 100-27452 (BOB THOMPSON) (42)
  - 1 - NY 100-10113 [redacted] (46)
  - 1 - NY 100-47060 [redacted] (6)
  - 1 - NY 100-83828 [redacted] (2)
  - 1 - NY 100-13483 [redacted] (46)
  - 1 - NY 100-67670 [redacted] (47)
  - 1 - NY 100-85636 [redacted] (5)
  - 1 - NY 100-121832 [redacted] (42)
  - 1 - NY 100-139449 [redacted] (47)
  - 1 - NY 100-133660 [redacted] (5)
  - 1 - NY 100-228 [redacted] (42)
  - 1 - NY 100-44781 [redacted] (42)
  - 1 - NY 101-559 (JESUS COLON) (42)
  - 1 - NY 100-68063 [redacted] (42)
  - 1 - NY 100-13473 [redacted] (46)
  - 1 - NY 100-56 [redacted] (42)
  - 1 - NY 100-56218 [redacted] (42)
  - 1 - NY 100- [redacted] (42)
  - 1 - NY 100-105448 [redacted] (42)
  - 1 - NY 100-58535 (CONSTANTINE RADZIE) (42)
  - 1 - NY 100-88609 [redacted] (46)
  - 1 - NY 100-62050 [redacted] (42)
  - 1 - NY 100-117708 [redacted] (42)
  - ① - NY 100-153735 (CIRM) (42)
  - 1 - NY 97-169 ("THE WORKERS") (42)
  - 1 - NY 100-26603 (42)

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JFL:bam  
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*JFL*

100-153735-829

Searched	Indexed
Serialized	Filed
JAN 5 1965	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*Director*

NY 100-26603

Identity of Source: [redacted] who has furnished reliable info in past (conceal)

Description of Info: A GFUSA, New York District Committee meeting held in New York City, 12/12/64

Date Received: 12/14/64

Received By: SA JOHN F. LANGTRY (oral)

Original Location: [redacted]

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b7D

Information received from informant was dictated by SA JOHN F. LANGTRY to [redacted] on 12/15/64, transcribed on 12/21/64 and authenticated by informant on 12/29/64.

A copy of informant's oral report follows:

NY 100-26603

December 14, 1964

On December 12, 1964, a Communist Party, USA (CPUSA) New York District Committee meeting was held in Room 603, 575 Sixth Avenue, New York City.

Those CP members in attendance included:

[redacted]  
BOB THOMPSON

[redacted]

JESUS COLON

[redacted]

CONSTANTINE RADZIE

[redacted]

[redacted] acted as chairman and announced that [redacted] would give the main report on the 1964 elections.

[redacted] spoke on the recent 1964 elections and mentioned that the New York Governor Rockefeller is calling the State Legislature back into special session for reapportionment. He denounced these tactics and stated that it would be unfair to the people of this state. He mentioned

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NY 100-26603

that the reapportionment should be put off until the new Democratic State Legislature goes into session in 1965.

[redacted] stated that the time was ripe for the labor and Negro people's movement to get together to do something now on civil rights and full employment. They should be able to bring an understanding to the people in the community on these issues. Together, these two groups could bring about a fair minimum wage law, strengthen the civil rights laws, and bring new advancement in housing. Presently, there is a lack of funds in housing as no money has been made available for Negro housing, only that which can be called the Jim Crow type. These two groups of people should also push for a democratic tax program, where those unable to pay should not be forced to pay. According to [redacted], this is the time that plans should be made and issues developed. New movements can be developed to improve school conditions and issues brought forth denouncing the Viet Nam situation.

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At this time, [redacted] mentioned that the Party should take a more active part in making plans on what it would like to be done along the issues of the civil rights program, full employment, housing, education, etc. He mentioned that there is presently a Political Action Committee, of which he is a member, but it has not met for some time.

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[redacted] announced at the end of the meeting that the Party was in dire need of funds and that the money for the Sustaining Fund had not come in as had been expected. She mentioned that "The Worker" bazaar had not been successful either and that each club should do its utmost to meet its quota for the Sustaining Fund.

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Date received <b>12/30/64</b>	Received from (name or symbol number) <b>[Redacted] (Rel.-Con.)</b>	Received by <b>SAS [Redacted]</b>
----------------------------------	--	--------------------------------------

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Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

in person     by telephone     by mail     orally     recording device     written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:  Date _____  Dictated _____ to _____  Transcribed _____  Authenticated by Informant _____	Date of Report <b>12/17/64</b>
	Date(s) of activity  <b>12/17/64</b>

Brief description of activity or material

**Conversation: [Redacted]**

**[Redacted] re medical shipments to Cuba from US**

File where original is located if not attached:  
**[Redacted]**

Remarks:

- [Redacted]**
  - 2 - NY 105-71003
  - 1 - NY 105-8993
  - 1 - NY 100-133351
  - 2 - NY 157-
  - 1 - NY 157-1258
  - 1 - NY 109-112
  - 1 - NY 109-147372
  - 1 - NY 157-892
  - 1 - NY 100-153735
- HPL: rvs  
(10)

- (INV) (43)
- [Redacted] (44)**
- (MALCOLM X LEFFLE) (43)
- (BILL EPTON) (44)
- (URUHU) (43)
- (BLACK NATIONALIST ORG.) (43)
- (FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS-CUBA) (31)
- (PLSI) (44)
- (RACIAL MATTERS) (43)
- (CIRM) (42)

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Block Stamp

**100-153735-850**

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
<b>JAN 7 1965</b> <b>FBI - NEW YORK</b>	

*[Handwritten signatures and initials over stamp]*



A copy of informant's report is set forth, with necessary corrections made in spelling and punctuation:

\* \* \*

December 17, 1954

[redacted]  
Medical Supplier

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[redacted] met with [redacted] in Court Esplanade Lounge West 122nd St. and 7th Ave. to discuss the problem of getting a mimeograph machine. [redacted] stated he needed that machine to run off some copies of a letter appealing to the black/er of America to come to the aid of Cuba by donating money for medical supplies. He felt that if this was done the United States would be pressured in to lifting the shipping embargo on Cuba.

[redacted] stated that the U.S. didn't have any embargo on Cuba so far as medical supplies were concerned. This statement upset [redacted]. He then said he wanted the machine to make some copies of his resolutions plus getting out mail to students who had traveled to Cuba with him. He wanted them to handle the medical supply campaign in whatever part of the United States they were located, plus set-up some branches of URUMU.

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[redacted] spoke of having a job in the [redacted]  
[redacted]

It should be noted that [redacted] had inquired about the honesty of [redacted] in handling a fund raising campaign for Cuban Medical Supplies, or the BILL DITTO. He was somewhat better over the fact he could not contact either one as of this date.

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT  
MEMORANDUM

TO : SAC, NEW YORK

DATE: 1/7/65

FROM : SA [redacted] (47)

SUBJECT: PROPOSED SCHOOL BOYCOTT FOR 2/3/65  
RACIAL MATTERS

Identity of Source [redacted]

Description of info

Names of individuals maintained in the file of organizations supporting school boycott for 2/3/65 and names and telephone numbers of people to be called announcing a meeting on 12/10/64.

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Date Received

12/9/64

Original Located [redacted]

A copy of informant's report follows:

- [redacted]
- 1 - New York 157-1223 (CORE) (42)
- 1 - New York 157-1368 (FOCUS) (42)
- 1 - New York 100-151987-Sub (DU BOIS CLUB OF CCNY) (42)
- 1 - New York 100-151987-Sub A (BKLYN. DU BOIS CLUB) (42)
- 1 - New York 100-151987-Sub (LOWER EAST SIDE DU BOIS CLUB) (42)
- 1 - New York 100-151987 (DU BOIS CLUBS OF AMERICA) (42)
- 1 - New York 100-153735 (CIRM) (42)
- 1 - New York 100- [redacted] (47) (P.3)
- 1 - New York 100- [redacted] (P.3)
- 1 - New York 100- [redacted] (P.3)
- 1 - New York 100- [redacted] (47) (P.3)
- 1 - New York 100- [redacted] (P.3)

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COPIES CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

1 - New York 157-1344 (42)

ROJ:poc

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SEARCHED.....INDEXED.....

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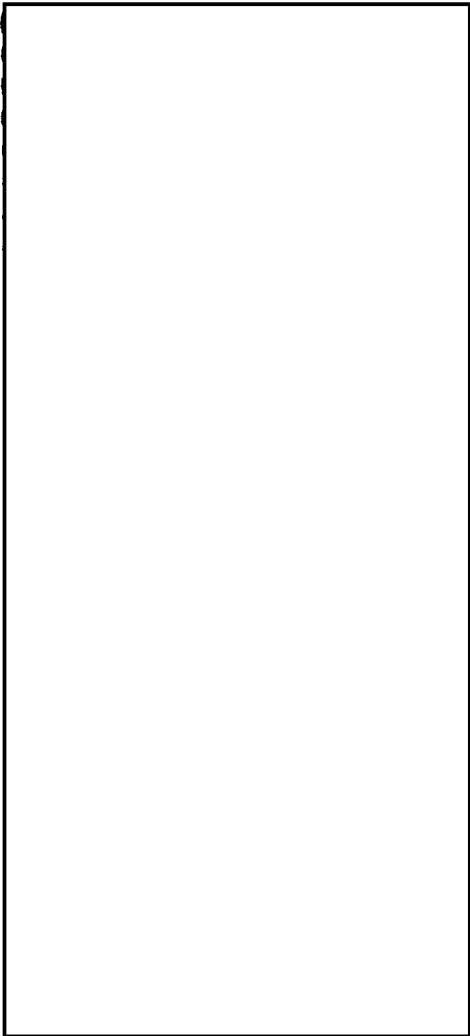
JAN 7, 1965

FBI - NEW YORK

*J. Seaton* [signature]

NY 157-1344  
COPIES CONTINUED

- 1 - New York 100-143784
- 1 - New York 100-154440
- 1 - New York 100-
- 1 - New York 100-152818
- 1 - New York 100-
- 1 - New York 100-
- 1 - New York 100-
- 1 - New York 100-
- 1 - New York 100-
- 1 - New York 100-
- 1 - New York 100-
- 1 - New York 100- 149523
- 1 - New York 100-
- 1 - New York 100-
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- 1 - New York 100-
- 1 - New York 100-136881
- 1 - New York 100-142606
- 1 - New York 100-125850
- 1 - New York 100-91911
- 1 - New York 100-104160
- 1 - New York 100-153278
- 1 - New York 100-
- 1 - New York 100-96727
- 1 - New York 100-141138
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12/9/64

The following are some names and addresses and organizations to which they are affiliated of individuals which are maintained at the Headquarters of the City Wide Committee for Integrated Schools which is sponsoring the Operation Shutdown, the proposed school boycott by Rev. MILTON GALAMISON on 2/3/65:

[Redacted]

Student CORE

Brooklyn, NY

[Redacted]

NY CORE

New York City  
Telephone Number EN2-8321

[Redacted]

Brooklyn CORE

Brooklyn, NY  
Telephone Number CL 2-7265

[Redacted]

Brooklyn

[Redacted]

FOCUS

Brooklyn, NY

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b7C

[Redacted]

CCNY Du Bois Club

Bronx 67

[Redacted]

CCNY Du Bois Club

Brooklyn, NY

[Redacted]

Brooklyn Du Bois Club

Brooklyn, NY

[Redacted]

New York City

[Redacted]

Lower East Side Du Bois Club

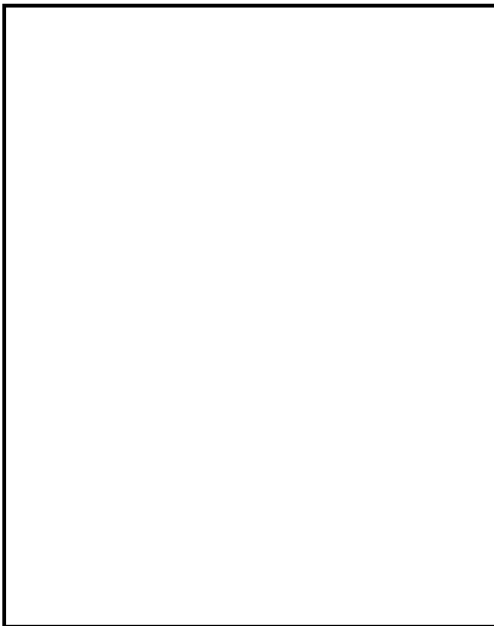
New York City



Bronx, NY



Brooklyn, NY



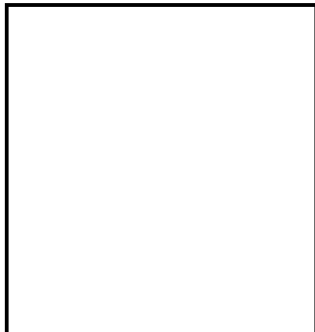
CCNY Du Bois Club

Du Bois Club

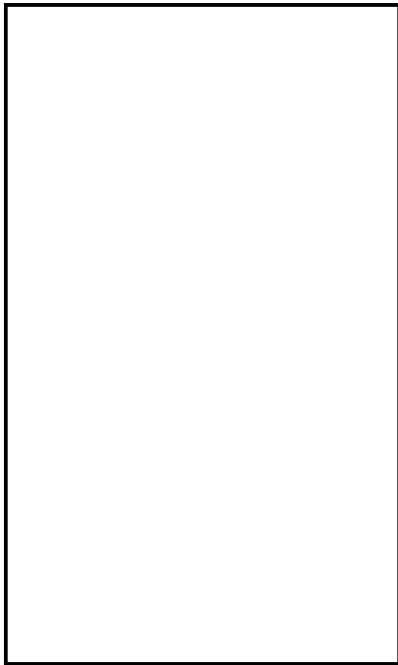
Haaren High School

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The following names and telephone numbers were given to [redacted] on 12/9/64 at the Siloam Presbyterian Church by [redacted]. She was requested to contact these individuals to advise them of the meeting of the group which is proposing the school boycott to be held on 2/3/65:



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CCNY Du Bois Club

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\* \* \* \* \*

Listings in indicated telephone directories for  
some of the above are:

[redacted] Bklyn. ([redacted])

[redacted], Manhattan ([redacted])

[redacted] st, Jamaica, Queens

[redacted]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT  
MEMORANDUM

TO : SAC, NEW YORK (100-26603-C2065)(45)

Date: 1/8/65

FROM : SA [redacted] (45)

SUBJECT: CP USA NYD  
LOWER MANHATTAN AREA  
HENRY FORBES CLUB  
IS-C

Identity of Source: [redacted]

Description of Info: 12/21/64 meeting of Forbes Club, LMA CP.

Date Received: 12/30/64

Original Located: [redacted]

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On 12/30/64, [redacted] advised The Preview Theatre is located at 1600 Broadway and that the showing would be at 4:00 p.m. and 6:00 p.m.

A copy of informant's report follows:

- [redacted]
- 1 - New York (100-26603-C42)(NY COUNTY CP)(45)
  - 1 - New York (100-273) [redacted] (45)
  - 1 - New York (100-81570)
  - 1 - New York (100-68063)
  - 1 - New York (100-139283)
  - 1 - New York (100-81394) 5)
  - 1 - New York (100-139622)
  - 1 - New York (100-106873)
  - 1 - New York (100-108150)
  - 1 - New York (100-93665) (46)
  - 1 - New York (100-29136)
  - 1 - New York (100-128314)(FUNDS)(42)
  - 1 - New York (97-169)(PUBLISHERS NEW PRESS)(42)
  - 1 - New York (100-128812)(POLITICAL ACTIVITIES)(42)
  - 1 - New York (100-138948)(ESTC)(41)
  - 1 - New York (100-129802)(COUNTERINTELLIGENCE)(42)
  - 1 - New York (100- ) (CIRM)
  - 1 - New York (100-26603-C2065)(45)

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Searched...Indexed...  
Serialized...Filed...

JAN 8 1965  
FBI-NEW YORK

[Handwritten signature]

New York City

December 26, 1964

On December 21, 1964 a meeting of the Forbes Club Lower Manhattan Area, C.P., was held at the home of [redacted] [redacted] with the following known to be present:



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The agenda was as follows:

Dues - Literature  
Finances  
Reform Club Conference  
Good & Welfare

[redacted] collected dues and urged all to pay up all assessments for the year. The literature was sold in the samemanner. On Finances, [redacted] reported that \$462.00 was collected for Worker Fund for 1964, and that \$570.50 was collected for the Sustainer Fund for 1964, making it \$467.50 short of the \$1500 pledged by the Club.

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A report on Movie Previews was given by [redacted] and that on January 17, 1965 a movie will be shown at the Preview Theater, the proceeds are for the party.

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b7C

A discussion on the coming City wide Reform Club Conference was held, and [redacted] reported on a pre-Conference, conference to be held by the East Side Tenants Council.



[redacted] objected to this pre-Conference, calling it factionalism and a heated argument was had. [redacted] had asked for the floor and was ignored, [redacted] then stated he is being railroaded. It was then decided that the East Side Tenants Council should not partake in the City wide Reform Club Conference.

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On Good & Welfare, [redacted] spoke out on the War Toys being sold at District 65 Union and Department Stores, also to write to Trailways Bus Company on their hiring practice of not hiring negroes and Puerto Ricans.

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b7C

It was learned that [redacted] is in Germany and making out very well. [redacted] hears from [redacted] from time to time. The next meeting of the Forbes Club will be held on January 5, 1965 at [redacted].

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SAC, NEW YORK (157-1344)

1/8/65

SA [redacted] (47)

PROPOSED SCHOOL BOYCOTT, 2/3/65  
RACIAL MATTERS

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b7C  
b7D

Identity of Source

[redacted]

Description of info

Activity on Proposed School  
Boycott for 2/3/65

Date Received

12/31/64

Original where located

[redacted]

A copy of informant's report follows:

- 1 - 100-142606 [redacted] (47)
- 1 - 100-136881 [redacted]
- 1 - 100-80703 [redacted] (47)
- 1 - 157-1223 (CORE) (42)
- 1 - 100-153735 (CIRM) (42)
- 1 - 157-1344 (42)

b6  
b7C  
b7D

ROJ:kmk  
(7)

100-153735-853  
Searched.....Indexed.....  
Serialized.....Filed.....

JAN 8 1965  
FBI-NEW YORK

*[Handwritten signature]*

12/16/64

On December 14th present at Siloam Presbyterian Church on Jefferson Ave. near Marcy Avenue in Brooklyn were:

[redacted] were doing church-work, [redacted] leaving early for a dental appointment whereupon [redacted] said in at her desk and worked on various stencils which [redacted] ran off on the mimeograph machine. [redacted] asked [redacted] to sort thirty pieces of the four-page flyer concerning Negro supervisory personnel in the schools previously distributed at the regular Thursday night meetings, for [redacted] of Brooklyn Core, which was done by [redacted]. This stencil was retyped by [redacted] in order to make better copies. A flyer designed by [redacted] concerning the 600 schools was worked on by [redacted] and there were also stencils for a petition to obtain transfers on busses in the Bedford Stuyvesant area which was drawn up by Brooklyn Core. When [redacted] was called into conference with Rev. GALAMISON at about 4:55 PM [redacted] left the building but [redacted] remained behind to close up the office.

b6  
b7c

SAC, NEW YORK (157-1344)

1/8/65

SA [redacted] (47)

PROPOSED SCHOOL BOYCOTT, 2/3/65  
RACIAL MATTERS

b6  
b7C  
b7D

Identity of Source [redacted]

Description of info

Activity at MILTON  
GALAMISON's Church, 12/9/51

Date Received

12/12/64

Original where located [redacted]

A copy of informant's report follows:

- [redacted]
- 1 - 100-136881
- 1 - 100-128388
- 1 - 100-142606
- 1 - 100-125850
- 1 - 100-91911 (
- 1 - 100-104160
- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-141138
- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-

47)

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b7C  
b7D

- 1 - 100-153735 (CIRM) (42)
- 1 - 157-1344 (42)

ROJ:kmk  
(15)

100-153735-852  
Searched....Indexed....  
Serialized....Filed....

JAN 3 1965  
FBI-NEW YORK  
*[Signature]*

12/12/64

On Wednesday, December 9, 1964, [redacted]  
[redacted] were present at Siloam Church in Brooklyn.  
[redacted] were working on church projects and  
[redacted] was setting up a personal file for MILTON GALAMISON  
of people and organizations with addresses and telephone numbers  
engaged and committed to Operation Shutdown.

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[redacted] also stencilled a sheet for use on February  
3rd as an aid to keeping track of activities of people and the school  
they were picketing, according to instructions given by [redacted]  
[redacted]

MILTON GALAMISON personally thanked [redacted] on  
completing the setting up of the file and other work.

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[redacted] telephoned [redacted] and gave her  
a list by "phone of people she was instructed to contact from  
Siloam Church or at home and invite to the meeting on the following  
evening, Thursday, December 10th. Among those on the list  
were:



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[redacted] explained that she had neglected  
to include these people in the previous day's mailing for  
GALAMISON and they should be contacted and reminded of the  
meeting. [redacted] telephoned these people and got some  
responses, from Siloam Church.

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b7C

[redacted] left Siloam at 5 P.M.

11/13

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : SAC, NEW YORK (100-151548)

DATE: 1/8/65

FROM : SA [redacted]

SUBJECT: CIRM  
IS-C

On 12/28/64, NY 2362-S\*, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on the above date that HENRY WINSTON, DANNY RUBIN and GUS HALL had an informal discussion in HALL's office at CP Headquarters, NYC.

RUBIN commented that they had quite a social gathering over the holiday at [redacted] place (possibly [redacted]). The regional head of CORE was there, about 35 people, half-white and half-Negro. RUBIN added that there was a lot of people there who should be in the Party who are not in the Party.

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The above is set out for informational purposes.

- 1-NY (100-128255) (RUBIN) (42)
- 1-NY (100-84994) (HALL) (42)
- 1-NY (100-269) (WINSTON) (42)
- 1-NY (100-79203) (COMINFIL CORE) #
- 1-NY (100-42816) [redacted]
- 1-NY (100-151548) (42)

HCO:rmv R m v  
(6)

100-151548-855

SEARCHED _____	INDEXED _____
SERIALIZED _____	FILED _____
JAN 8 1965	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*[Handwritten signature]*

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*[Handwritten mark]*

FBI

Date: 1/8/65

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-3-47)  
FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-4)  
SUBJECT: COMMUNIST PARTY, USA  
SOUTHERN REGION  
IS - C  
OO: NY  
  
COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN  
RACIAL MATTERS  
IS - C  
OO: NY

[redacted] (Protect Identity), advised on 1/5/65, that [redacted] from New York, and a young Negro man by the name of LEE, who claimed to be from Mississippi, contacted a member of the CP in the State of Louisiana, on 1/1/65. [redacted] said that [redacted] and [redacted], the person named [redacted] who came down from New York, last summer, had asked her to make a contact with a representative of the CP in Louisiana. [redacted] said that they are concerned about

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- 6-Bureau
  - (2-100-3-47) (CP, USA, SOUTHERN REGION) (RM)
  - (2-100-442529) (CIRM) (RM)
  - (2-[redacted]) (RM)
- 4-Jackson
  - (2-CP, USA) (RM)
  - (1-CIRM) (RM)
  - (1-[redacted]) (RM)
- 4-New York
  - (2-100-131666) (Sub J) (CP, USA, SOUTHERN REGION) (RM)
  - (1-CIRM) (RM)
  - (1-[redacted]) (RM)
- 3-New Orleans
  - (2-100-4) (CP, USA)
  - (1-100-17122) (CIRM)

ECW:mh

(17)

100-153735

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 12 1965	
NEW YORK	

*[Handwritten signatures and initials over the stamp]*

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

*Lead being handled by #47*

*[Handwritten signatures and initials]*

NO 100-4/mh

[redacted] because they cannot hear from him.  
[redacted] inquired as to whether [redacted] had a car and inquired into the possibility of obtaining the assistance of a CP member in getting a car for [redacted] to use.

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[redacted] said that [redacted] wanted the CP group in Louisiana not to feel neglected. [redacted] requested the CP members in Louisiana to contact [redacted] and to advise [redacted] by mail, the results of this contact.

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[redacted] claimed that she was the daughter of [redacted] and [redacted]. She claimed to be engaged in voter registration work with the individual called LEE, near Natchez, Mississippi.

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[redacted] said she was supposed to contact [redacted] at Baton Rouge, La., but did not have time to make this contact. [redacted] did not furnish any information as to what the CP sent [redacted] or any plans that were made by [redacted].

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The informant advised that [redacted] is short and stocky, light brown in color, with black hair, cut very short, which she wears natural. The informant stated that the individual called [redacted] is about 6' tall, medium brown complexion, 160 pounds, and has a full hair cut, who claimed he lives in Mississippi, near Natchez.

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The Jackson Division is requested to check the indices of that office to determine whether [redacted] is engaged in any voter registration activities in the vicinity of Natchez, Miss.

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In the event the files do not contain any information, will through established sources, endeavor to determine whether any individual by that name is engaged in voter registration activities in the vicinity of Natchez, Mississippi.

The New York Division is requested to furnish Jackson and New Orleans with any information contained in the files of that office concerning [redacted].

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SAC, NEW YORK (157-1344)

1/8/65

SA [redacted] (47)

PROPOSED SCHOOL BOYCOTT, 2/3/65  
RACIAL MATTERS

Identity of Source

[redacted]

b6  
b7C  
b7D

Description of info

Information concerning the  
Proposed School boycott,  
2/3/65

Date Received

12/31/64

Original where located

[redacted]

A copy of informant's report follows:

- [redacted]
- 1 - 100-57570 ([redacted] 47)
- 1 - 100-135881 ([redacted] 47)
- 1 - 100-128388 (Rev. MILTON GALAMISON) (42)
- 1 - 100-142505 ([redacted] 47)
- 1 - 100-151987 (Du Bois Clubs) (42)
- 1 - 100-153735 (CIRM) (42)
- 1 - 157-1344 (42)

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b7D

*ROJ*  
ROJ:kmk  
(8)

100-153735-857  
Searched...Indexed...  
Serialized...Filed...

*Jr*  
JAN 8 1965  
FBI-NEW YORK

*[Signature]*

12/16/64

On December 13th, 1964 a telephone conversation was had between [redacted] and [redacted] wherein [redacted] asked if [redacted] would come down to Siloam the following day, Monday Dec. 14th to do some work which must be gotten out. [redacted] said she herself would be going down now that her work would stop as of the upcoming Wednesday, December 16th. b6 b7C

Discussion was had as to the hiring of two secretaries by Rev. GALAMISON and [redacted] expressed indignation that she was not hired since she was expected to give her time free as was [redacted] who was a dedicated worker. [redacted] agreed this was unfair and [redacted] said that something should be said to Dr. GALAMISON concerning it. [redacted] asked if [redacted] had seen an article in the newspaper wherein J. EDGAR HOOVER said he considered the DuBois Clubs "subversive" and asked [redacted] what her thoughts were in the matter. [redacted] said that she did not feel - the DuBois Clubs should be rejected for leftist leanings since most people involved in the Civil Rights Movement leaned a little left, certainly no ultra-rightists belonged and she remarked "Are you going to throw me out, now-- for being socialist-minded?" [redacted] laughed and the conversation soon terminated when she and [redacted] agreed they would meet at Siloam in the near future and would probably be working together on Operation Shutdown shortly. b6 b7C

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: SAC [redacted]  
FROM: SA [redacted]  
SUBJECT: INFORMATION FURNISHED  
BY SECURITY INFORMANT

DATE: January 8, 1965

b6  
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b7D

The documentation for this information is as follows:

Identity of Source	Date of Activity and/or Description of Information	Date Furn.	Agent	Location
[redacted]	JACOB GREEN Contacts GEORGE MEYERS 11/11/64	11/16/64	[redacted] (Written)	

CARE SHOULD BE USED IN REPORTING THIS INFORMATION IN ORDER THAT THE IDENTITY OF THE INFORMANT MAY BE FULLY PROTECTED

The text of the informant's statement is as follows:

- 1 - Norfolk (REGISTERED MAIL) CP, SOUTHERN REGION 100-10584 100-12705 100-22557 JAKE GREEN [redacted] MCDR
- 1- Richmond (REGISTERED MAIL) CP, SOUTHERN REGION 100-12076 100-22826 100-160 GEORGE MEYERS NEW ERA BOOK SHOP [redacted]
- 1 - Louisville (REGISTERED MAIL) CP, SOUTHERN REGION
- 1 - Charlotte (REGISTERED MAIL) CP, SOUTHERN REGION
- 3 - New York (REGISTERED MAIL) HYMAN LUMER WILLIAM PATTERSON COMMUNIST INFLUENCE, RACIAL MATTERS

b6  
b7C

10 - Baltimore

- [redacted] 100-20475 CP, SOUTHERN REGION
- 100-23443 COMMUNIST INFLUENCE, RACIAL MATTERS
- 100-11540 CP FUNDS

RCN:dfm  
(17) *dfm*

2/100-153735-558

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED

*Deaton*

Baltimore, Maryland  
November 16, 1964

"On November 11, 1964, JACOB GREEN, Chairman of the Communist Party (CP) of Maryland, telephoned GEORGE MEYERS, CP District Chairman, at about 1:50 p.m. The two made arrangements to meet at MEYERS' home.

At about 2:30 p.m., GREEN arrived at 1002 Beaumont Avenue, Baltimore, Maryland, MEYERS' residence.

GREEN handed MEYERS \$15 which was to be used for expenses in connection with MEYERS' trip to the South.

MEYERS had a map on the dining room table, which contained Kentucky and West Virginia.

MEYERS pointed to the map and said that he was trying to see what the best route might be in connection with a drive to Louisville, Kentucky. He said that it appeared as if his best route would be through West Virginia.

MEYERS then said that he would be leaving soon and would be back Monday. He said he expected to see a man in Louisville with whom he had been corresponding for some time. MEYERS said he might miss the individual on this trip since there was a chance that the man was up in New York.

MEYERS said that this would be his first visit to and he didn't know what to expect since the "National Guardian" representatives had "screwed up Kentucky".

MEYERS said that at one time he felt that a CP club could have been set up in Kentucky and that there had been a chance of five men forming a club which would have been a good Party setup. MEYERS then said that since the "National Guardian" representatives' visit, it appeared that only two persons or one person would be willing to be in the CP club.

MEYERS then indicated that he would stop off in Roanoke, Virginia, and possibly some place in West Virginia, but

[REDACTED]

added that the stop would have to be short since he did not have much time.

MEYERS stated that in New York there would be a National Board meeting very soon which would be followed by a National Executive Committee meeting. MEYERS said he would be in New York November 18-22, 1964, and be back in Baltimore by November 23, 1964. MEYERS then mentioned that a CP Peace and Legislative Club meeting was to take place at GREEN's home on November 12, 1964, and he wanted GREEN to attend in order to push the sale of a book written by HYMAN LUMER which concerned anti-Semitism in the Soviet Union. MEYERS said that GREEN could obtain a copy of this book at the New Era Book Shop.

GREEN then indicated that he would rather attend the MCDR meeting since he felt that it was more important. MEYERS then said that he would talk to SAM SCHMERLER, CP Club Chairman, about the book and have him handle the sale of the book.

GREEN then asked what they should do in connection with [REDACTED] whose son was on trial in Baltimore City for murdering a white boy. GREEN reminded MEYERS that WILLIAM PATTERSON, CP National leader, wanted MEYERS and GREEN to talk to [REDACTED] GREEN said that [REDACTED] kept telephoning him and he did not know what to tell her. GREEN reminded MEYERS that [REDACTED] attorney.

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MEYERS then told GREEN that the boy's father was one of the Martinsville, West Virginia, 7, who had been electrocuted for raping a white girl.

MEYERS then telephoned [REDACTED] who advised MEYERS that the case was very bad and that the [REDACTED] boy had been caught while trying to sell the murdered white boy's clothes.

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GREEN, after [REDACTED] hung up, said to MEYERS that it did not look as though this were a good case for the CP to be involved. He then asked when WILLIAM PATTERSON would be back from the Soviet Union. MEYERS said in five or six weeks.

b6  
b7C

MEYERS then suggested that GREEN talk to [REDACTED] and

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT  
MEMORANDUM

TO : SAC, NEW YORK (100-152841)

DATE: 1/8/65

FROM : SA [redacted] (43)

SUBJECT: MAY 2 COMMITTEE  
IS-SWP

Identity of source

[redacted] who has furnished reliable info in the past

b6  
b7C  
b7D

Description of info

Rally held Renaissance Ballroom, 7th Ave. & 138th St., NYC, featuring MALCOLM X, [redacted] and WILLIAM EPTON

Date received

12/18/64

Received by

SA [redacted] (written)

Original location

[redacted]

A copy of informant's written report follows:

[redacted] (INV) (43)  
1-NY 100-138651 (BILL EPTON) (44)  
1-NY 100- [redacted] (31)  
1-NY 105-8999 (MALCOLM X) (43)  
1-NY 100-133629 [redacted] (31)  
1-NY 100-146275 [redacted] (44)  
1-NY 100-145486 [redacted] (43)  
1-NY 100-153500 [redacted] (43)  
1-NY 100-132360 [redacted] (46)  
1-NY 100-107973 (CONRAD LYNN) (46)  
1-NY 100- [redacted] (31)  
1-NY 100- [redacted] (31)  
1-NY 157-892 (RACIAL MATTERS) (42)  
1-NY 100-153735 (CIRM) (42)  
1-NY 100- (FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS - TANZANIA) (31)  
1-NY 100-147372 (PLM) (44)  
1-NY 100-153308 (OAAU) (43)  
1-NY 100-151715 (FREEDOM NOW PARTY) (43)  
1-NY 100-152841 (44)

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(19)  
*[Handwritten signature]*

100-153735-859  
Searched \_\_\_\_\_ Indexed \_\_\_\_\_  
Serialized \_\_\_\_\_ Filed \_\_\_\_\_  
JAN 8 1965  
FBI - NEW YORK  
*[Handwritten signature]*

NY 100-152841

(Information furnished by informant, as reflected above, is set forth exactly as furnished, except for necessary corrections in spelling and punctuation.)

Renaissance Ballroom  
7th Avenue and 138th Street

Dec. 15, 1964  
Rally

We arrived about 9:30. There were about 900 people there. Sitting on the speakers stage was BILL EPTON, MALCOLM X, others, were sitting in the crowd. CONRAD LYNN talked about a Harlem Hospital patient who was operated on and sewed up without being put to sleep. A Negro cop said you are one of the wise guys. BILL EPTON was M.C. of the program. MALCOLM said this is one of the shortest speeches of my life. The Negroes sit-in, lay-in, cry-in, pray-in, we have to really make up our mind if we want to be in the revolution. Harlem was not a riot. You go home and turn on your T.V. sets and see dogs biting us, police turn fire hoses on us. was the next speaker. Brother and Sister, he introduced two of his African Delegates, talked about oppression. He said the recent outbreak in the Congo was planned for six months and not a word was leaked out. They are now exposing themselves at the UN. It's an organization of African unity. TSHOMBE is a hired killer. We shall fight, fight and fight until Africa, all Africa, is free.

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DATE: 1/12/65

Date received <b>12/31/64</b>	Received from (name or symbol number) [REDACTED]	Received by SA [REDACTED]
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Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

in person     by telephone     by mail     orally     recording device     written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Dictated \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Transcribed \_\_\_\_\_

Authenticated by Informant \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Report

**12/20/64**

Date(s) of activity

**12/20/64**

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b7D

Brief description of activity or material

**Rally (Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party) held Williams Institutional CME Church, 2225 7th Ave., NYC**

File where original is located if not attached

[REDACTED]

Remarks:

- [REDACTED] (INV) (43)
- 1-NY 100- [REDACTED] (43)
- 1-NY 100-91911 (JESSIE GRAY) (40)
- 1-NY 100-153481 [REDACTED] (43)
- 1-NY 105-8999 (MALCOLM X) (43)
- 1-NY 100-153918 [REDACTED] (43)
- 1-NY 100-152081 (COMMUNITY COUNCIL ON HOUSING) (41)
- 1-NY 100- [REDACTED] (HARLEM PARENTS COMMITTEE) (43)
- 1-NY 157-892 (RACIAL MATTERS) (42)
- 1-NY 100-153735 (CIRM) (42)
- 1-NY 157- [REDACTED] (MISSISSIPPI FREEDOM DEMOCRATIC PARTY) (42)

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SERIALIZED.....FILED.....  
JAN 12 1965  
FBI - NEW YORK  
*Heator*



NY 157-

(Information furnished by informant, as reflected above, is set forth exactly as furnished, except for necessary corrections in spelling and punctuation.)

Rally  
2225 - 7th Ave. at 131st St.

Williams Institutional CMA  
Church  
Dec. 20, 1964

There were about 350 people. The Church will seat about 1,600 people. [redacted] JESSIE GRAY of Community Council on Housing, [redacted]

[redacted] and MALCOLM X were the speakers. [redacted] was the M.C. of the M.F.D.P.

[redacted] talked about a first class citizen. She spoke about the voter test you must take, its 21 questions. She said she had been beaten by white police of Mississippi. She said if you are not free in Mississippi, you are not free in Harlem. MALCOLM talked about his trip in Harlem. He said we need Mau-Mau here in Harlem, the same as in Africa. JESSIE GRAY talked, the M.F.D.P. has a master approach. He said the mass of the black people is not here today. GRAY said we only have 2 Negro Assemblymen here in Harlem. We should get rid of the white guy who represented us in the Ghetto section in Harlem.

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DATE: 1/12/65

Date received <b>12/31/64</b>	Received from (name or symbol number) <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100px; height: 20px;"></div>	Received by SA <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 150px; height: 20px;"></div>
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Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

in person     by telephone     by mail     orally     recording device     written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:

Dictated \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Transcribed \_\_\_\_\_

Authenticated by Informant \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Report  
**12/19/64**

Date(s) of activity  
**12/19/64**

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b7D

Brief description of activity or material

**Rally (Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party Challenge) held Mt. Morris Church 122nd St. & Mt. Morris Park, NYC.**

File where original is located if not attached

Remarks:

- (inv) (43)
- 1-NY 100-91911 (JESSE ORAY) (46)
- 1-NY 100-8522 (CALCOLM X) (43)
- 1-NY 100-145436  (43)
- 1-NY 100-153918  (43)
- 1-NY 100-  (43)
- 1-NY 100-153735 (CIMI) (42)
- 1-NY 157-892 (RACIAL MATTERS) (42)
- 1-NY 157- (MISSISSIPPI FREEDOM DEMOCRATIC PARTY) (42)

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b7D

NPL:cae  
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100-153735-361

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SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....

JAN 12 1965  
FBI - NEW YORK

*[Handwritten Signature]*

NY 157-

(Information furnished by informant, as reflected above, is set forth exactly as furnished, except for necessary corrections in spelling and punctuation.)

Mt. Morris Church  
Rally

122nd St. and Mt. Morris Park

There were about 35 people at this all day rally - meeting. JESSE GRAY was present. MALCOLM X was there. [redacted] was there. [redacted] was there from the Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party Challenge. [redacted] as [redacted] MALCOLM talked about unity among the black people of Harlem. He also talked about his trip to Africa. He stated that the people of Africa came to him with open arms. JESSE GRAY of the Community Council on Housing. He got to represent the masses of the black people. JESSE GRAY's secretary was also present. She was at the front when you walk in to register.

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b7c

DATE: 1/12/65

Date received 12/31/64	Received from (name or symbol number) [Redacted]	Received by SA [Redacted]
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Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

in person     by telephone     by mail     orally     recording device     written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Dictated \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Transcribed \_\_\_\_\_

Authenticated by Informant \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Report  
12/23/64

Date(s) of activity  
12/23/64

b6  
b7C  
b7D

Brief description of activity or material

**NY CORE general membership meeting**

**held 309 W. 125th St., NYC**

File where original is located if not attached

[Redacted]

Remarks:

- [Redacted] (INV) (43)
- 1-NY 100- [Redacted] (43)
- 1-NY 100- [Redacted] (43)
- 1-NY 100-147485 (4)
- 1-NY 100-153735 (CIRM) (42)
- 1-NY 157-892 (RACIAL MATTERS) (42)
- 1-NY 100-79303 (CORE) (43)
- 1-NY 157-1223 (NY CORE) (42)

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b7D

HPL:cac  
(8)

Block Stamp

INDEXED

SEARCHED

FILED

JAN 1 1965

FBI - NEW YORK

*[Signature]*

NY 157-1223

(Information furnished by informant, as reflected above, is set forth exactly as furnished, except for necessary corrections in spelling and punctuation.)

New York CORE  
309 West 125th St.

General Meeting  
12/23/64

The general member meeting of New York CORE was held. There were about 40 members present, white and Negro, about 50-50. [redacted] was in charge of the meeting. [redacted] a Negro girl, was present. She is an outstanding member. She is in charge of a lot of the planning stages of things to come. [redacted] was present. Her father is an outstanding Red in New York City. Her father at one time was supposed to work for a paper called the "Daily Worker". [redacted] talked about the story in last week's New York Amsterdam News on Ballantine Beer. He stated we are going to continue to demonstrate at Harlem stores that sell Ballantine Beer. At this meeting they sold tickets to raise funds. A T.V. set was given away with the lucky number. [redacted] said we have a new magazine out. We like everyone here to buy one tonight. It is only 35¢, but we need money, so everybody give a dollar for this magazine, called "Rights Reviews". The meeting was over about 11:00 p.m.

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT  
M E M O R A N D U M

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TO : SAC, CHICAGO (100-33745)  
FROM : SA [redacted]  
SUBJECT: CP, USA -  
YOUTH MATTERS

DATE: 1/13/65

Informant: [redacted], who has furnished reliable information in the past.

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Activity: National meeting of youth of CP organized by CP National Youth Commission of CP, USA, held in Chicago

Date of Activity: 12/19-20/64

Date of Report: 12/21/64

Date Received: 12/21/64

Recommendation: Source on 12/30/64 identified photographs of [redacted]

[redacted] as being in attendance.

Source also identified photo of [redacted] as being identical to [redacted] Offices receiving copies of

this memo are requested to forward photos of individuals not fully identified who may have attended the meeting for exhibition to [redacted]

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Location: [redacted]

PHK/gp:vmm  
(89)  
Copies listed on ii page.

100-153735-863  
SEARCHED INDEXED  
SERIALIZED FILED  
JAN 13 1965  
FBI - CHICAGO

SEARCHED INDEXED  
SERIALIZED FILED  
JAN 13 1965  
FBI - CHICAGO

*[Handwritten signature]*

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CG 100-33745

15 - New York (RM)

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- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-

(CP USA - YOUTH MATTERS)  
(GILBERT GREEN)  
(MIKE ZAGARELL)

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] LNU)

[REDACTED] WHITE, MALE, WORKS ON LOWER EAST SIDE, NEW YORK)

- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-

(DAN RUBIN)

(CP, USA - DOMESTIC ADMINISTRATION ISSUES)

- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-

(CIRM) 100-157548\*

(CP, USA - ORGANIZATION)

(CP, USA - MEMBERSHIP)

(STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY)

(W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS)

(UNIDENTIFIED NEGRO MALE, 5'10", DARK BROWN SKIN, BIRTHMARK LEFT SIDE OF FACE, SLENDER BUILD, WEARS GLASSES)

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5 - Los Angeles (RM)

- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-

(CP, USA - YOUTH MATTERS)

(DOROTHY HEALEY)

[REDACTED] LNU, PARTICIPATED IN MISSISSIPPI SUMMER PROJECT)

- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-

(PAUL LNU, TRUCK DRIVER)

(W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS)

5 - San Francisco (RM)

- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-

(CP, USA - YOUTH MATTERS)

(W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS)

(CARL BLOICE)

(PEOPLE'S WORLD)

(FREE SPEECH MOVEMENT)

CG 100-33745

3 - Detroit (RM)  
1 - 100- (CP, USA - YOUTH MATTERS)  
1 - 100- [REDACTED]  
1 - 100- (W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS)

4 - Milwaukee (RM)  
1 - 100- (CP, USA - YOUTH MATTERS)  
1 - 100- [REDACTED]  
1 - 100- (W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS)  
1 - 100-

2 - Atlanta (RM)  
1 - 100- (CP, USA - YOUTH MATTERS)  
1 - 100- (W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS)

3 - Portland (RM)  
1 - 100- (CP, USA - YOUTH MATTERS)  
1 - 100- [REDACTED]  
1 - 100- (W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS)

3 - New Haven (RM)  
1 - 100- (CP, USA - YOUTH MATTERS)  
1 - 100- ([REDACTED] LNU)  
1 - 100- (W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS)

4 - Boston (RM)  
1 - 100- (CP, USA - YOUTH MATTERS)  
1 - 100- ([REDACTED] LNU)  
1 - 100- (W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS)  
1 - 100- (STUDENTS FOR DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY)

3 - Seattle (RM)  
1 - 100- (CP, USA - YOUTH MATTERS)  
1 - 100- ([REDACTED] LNU, BELIEVED POSSIBLY TO BE  
BROTHER-IN-LAW OF [REDACTED])  
1 - 100- [REDACTED]  
(W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS)

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CG 100-33745

3 - Cleveland (RM)

1 - 100-  
1 - 100-  
1 - 100-

(CP, USA - YOUTH MATTERS)  
[REDACTED] LNU, FROM OBERLIN)  
(W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS)

3 - St. Louis (RM)

1 - 100-  
1 - 100-  
1 - 100-

(CP, USA - YOUTH MATTERS)  
(W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS)

[REDACTED]

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2 - Philadelphia (RM)

1 - 100-  
1 - 100-

[REDACTED]  
(W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS)

3 - Minneapolis (RM)

1 - 100-  
1 - 100-  
1 - 100-

(CP, USA - YOUTH MATTERS)  
[REDACTED]  
(W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS)

1 - Omaha (RM)

1 - 100-

(W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS)

1 - Cincinnati (RM)

1 - 100-

(W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS)

1 - Houston (RM)

1 - 100-

(W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS)

1 - Dallas (RM)

1 - 100-

(W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS)

1 - El Paso (RM)

1 - 100-

(W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS)

26 - Chicago

1 - [REDACTED]  
1 - 100-3952  
1 - 100-24800

(GIL GREEN)  
(LOU DISKIN)

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CG 100-33745

- 1 - 100-40238
- 1 - 100-35700
- 1 - 100-40865
- 1 - 157-397
- 1 - 100-40342
- 1 - 100-8261
- 1 - 100-40903
- 1 - 100-18957
- 1 - 100-19491
  
- 1 - 100-17977
  
- 1 - 100-18953
- 1 - 100-41324
- 1 - 100-34438
  
- 1 - 100-19431
  
- 1 - 100-18952
- 1 - 100-18338
- 1 - 100-18956
- 1 - 100-18209
  
- 1 - 100-21957
  
- 1 - 100-17769
- 1 - 100-18963
- 1 - 100-18954



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- (W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS)
- (RAM)
- (SNCC)
- (NAACP)
- STUDENTS DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY)
- (CP, ILLINOIS DISTRICT - YOUTH MATTERS)
- (CP, ILLINOIS DISTRICT - DOMESTIC ADMINISTRATION ISSUES)
- (CP, ILLINOIS DISTRICT - POLITICAL ACTIVITIES)
- (CP, ILLINOIS DISTRICT - ORGANIZATION)
- (CP, ILLINOIS DISTRICT - CIRM)
- (CP, ILLINOIS DISTRICT - MASS ORGANIZATION)
- (CP, ILLINOIS DISTRICT - STRATEGY IN INDUSTRY)
- (CP, ILLINOIS DISTRICT - MEMBERSHIP)
- (CP, ILLINOIS DISTRICT - EDUCATION)
- (CP, ILLINOIS DISTRICT - EDUCATION)
- (CP, ILLINOIS DISTRICT - PAMPHLETS & PUBLICATIONS)
- (CP, ILLINOIS DISTRICT - ATTACKS AGAINST THE FBI)
- (CP, ILLINOIS DISTRICT - FUNDS)
- (CP, ILLINOIS DISTRICT - FACTIONALISM)
- (CP, ILLINOIS DISTRICT - LEGISLATION MATTERS)

PHK/gp:vmm  
(89)

Chicago, Illinois  
December 21, 1964

A national meeting of the youth of the Communist Party (CP), organized by the CP National Youth Commission of the CP, USA, was held in Chicago on December 19 and 20, 1964. The meeting was held Saturday, December 19, 1964, from 1 p.m. to approximately 9:30 p.m., and on Sunday, December 20, 1964, from 10 a.m. until approximately 2 p.m., at 333 West North Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. In attendance at the meeting were 23 delegates including four representing the adult CP. The representatives of the adult Party were:

GIL GREEN from the National Leadership;  
DOROTHY HEALEY from Southern California;  
[redacted] from Chicago, and  
LOU DISKIN from Chicago.

Other delegates were as follows:

From New York

MIKE ZAGARELL  
[redacted]

An unidentified Negro male  
HAL, white, male, who works in the lower east  
side in New York  
[redacted]

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From Los Angeles

[redacted] who participated in the Mississippi project  
last summer  
[redacted] who is a truck driver

From Northern California

[redacted] a reporter for the "Peoples World," [redacted]  
[redacted] the Du Bois Clubs.

From Detroit

[redacted]

From Minnesota

[redacted] a  
student at the  
University of  
Minnesota

From Chicago

[redacted]

From Madison

[redacted]

From Oregon

[redacted]

From Connecticut

[redacted]

From Boston

[redacted]

From Seattle

[redacted]

From Oberlin

[redacted]

From St. Louis

[redacted] a Negro male

From Philadelphia

[redacted]

The rest of the delegates either did not speak or were never referred to, so the names never came up. The meeting was organized as follows:

On Saturday, there was a report from MIKE ZAGARELL from New York followed by a sub-report by [redacted] on the civil rights struggle, and then a discussion all day Saturday of the two reports. The Chairman for the Saturday session was PAUL from Los Angeles.

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ZAGARELL's report was, in essence, as follows:

The defeat of GOLDWATER was brought about by a broad coalition of labor, Negro people and youth. There was a high level of activity on the campuses during this election campaign. There was tremendous united front committees developed on every major campus. These united fronts represent a potential for continuous activity among the students for progress. The anti-communist campaign has been seriously weakened and unity has become possible based on common objectives against Goldwaterism. This was reflected in Berkeley, California, by the free speech movement. Also weakened was racism. The white backlash just was not a major feature of this election campaign. There are some new ideas that should be debated in our Party ranks because they represent certain areas of thinking among our members. We all agree that the level of Negro-white unity must be raised even higher. The Party rejects all theories that lead to violence in go-it-alone theories; we reject the ideology of the Revolutionary Action Movement (RAM); we reject the jump-about gorilla warfare as expounded

by ROBERT WILLIAMS, and we reject the lines of the progressive labor group. This line is hopeless and leads nowhere. We are for the unity of Negro and white based on concrete struggle for equality of the Negro people. Our line says that we cannot win without the unity of Negro and white. We emphasize the self-interest of white America in the struggle for equality. It is good to report that there are many white youth organizations that are beginning to concern themselves with winning white youth for the struggle of the Negro people. ZAGARELL stated that there have developed certain ideological problems in their ranks that he will try to present. For lack of political characterization, ZAGARELL stated he would describe them as: 1) the "one big action theory" and 2) the "one big organization theory." There is also manifestations of this in discussing the civil rights movement. Some people feel that the struggle for the economic needs of the Negro people is the only path to mobilizing and radicalizing the Negro masses. We did not accept this theory but feel that although the issue of economics is correct, there must also be struggles around

other aspects of Jim Crow oppression. The one organization theory seems to think that if we can come up with one big organization, we will be able to mobilize all of the youth into one big center and from there, win this struggle. The one big action theory says that if we can come up with the one big action that will mobilize all the youth such as the old time Socialists proposed when they came up with the general strike. They felt at that time that if they could just get all of the workers to agree to a general strike, it would break the back of capitalism and establish socialism. Both these theories negate the uneven development of both organizational and political understanding among the American youth. The Party's approach must be one of a united front around the issues facing the masses and developing struggles on all levels and with all organizations.

ZAGARELL ended his report by indicating that we must have the approach toward building and extending the base of the left and that unless we do that, we will not be able to win our objectives. The only concrete proposal, ZAGARELL indicated, was that we establish a campaign for

recruiting into the Party large numbers of young people in the next immediate period.

The second report was given by [redacted] from New York and who formerly had been in Louisiana. Her report is as follows:

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The civil rights movement is still the dominant one in the United States today. The unity that was presented in the defeat of GOLDWATER represents an advance in the building of Negro-white unity. There are several examples of how this united front has built lasting organizations for struggle. The Party made contributions in this struggle. The Party warned of the danger of the ultra-right. The Party also emphasized the struggle for the alliance of the Negro people with labor and although other sections of the American left were split on how to approach the election, the Party had a consistent position. The Party, however, is still not reflecting in its membership the tremendous struggles of the Negro masses. The issues that are facing the Negro people fall into the category of both objective and subjective issues. The objective issue such as jobs and job discrimination is a basic question that decides the economic future of



the Negro people. This is an objective issue. Additional issues such as police brutality, discrimination in education, public places, etc., although important, are subjective issues. We must have an approach, however, to mobilize around all of these questions. The Party youth commission proposed the following program in the struggle to end discrimination in America:

On the campuses--an end to all forms of discrimination; housing, etc.--ending discrimination in fraternities and sororities, discrimination in regard to faculty hiring policies, text books and some form of scholarship for Negro and working class students; among the working class youth--the struggle for jobs and against job discrimination, a direction toward building unemployment workers groups among young workers and to try and influence the Du Bois Clubs for a consistent policy on the job and job discrimination questions; in the high schools--quality education and improvement of the racial composition, and secondly, a struggle for democracy in the text books. In the south, the struggle for federal intervention to guarantee the rights of the Negro

people, support to the right to vote movement in the south with the particular emphasis on support to the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee (SNCC). The status of the Party in the civil rights movement is still inadequate. The struggle for civil rights has been the main area of work by our Party, but we are still lagging in many respects. One point of emphasis is the involvement of white youth in the struggle. We must overcome the inconsistency of our work where our members float from organization to organization. We must answer the question as to why we have not won large numbers of Negro youth to our party. One possibility is the lack of a public image of the Party in the Negro community and that the Negro people do not know the program and the struggles of the Party and their Negro youth have no way of finding out our program. We must take concrete steps to overcome this weakness. Secondly, we spread our Negro cadre too thin and we must allow them to concentrate on building in the Negro community. There is a problem still in our Party--white supremacy--which needs continuing struggle. We should build the unity of Negro-white in our organization so as to set an

example for the rest of the civil rights movement. We must change our attitude toward certain of the less active Negro civil rights organizations such as the NAACP youth council. We must determine where our Negro members work so that they may develop a balanced approach to building a base among Negro youth as well as participate in interracial policy organization. We must find the forms to build left movements in the Negro youth community and there is a need to have a different approach to the Negro youth organization.

There must be proposals that we set a goal for the number of Negro youth to be recruited--perhaps a conference of the youth to deal with the problems of the Negro youth movement that this summer we try and make arrangements for our cadre who are students to work for the National Office in some organizing capacity or that some comrades be encouraged to go south in the Mississippi project. That was the essence of her remarks.

In the discussion that followed, only the essence of the discussion will be given because it was impossible to keep up with all of the cross discussion.

The first one to open was [ ] from Northern California. [ ] took a very critical approach to both reports indicating that when MIKE ZAGARELL spoke of the coalition, he did not indicate how deep the sentiment was for continuing activity around the mandate. We did not consolidate the coalitions that were formed during the election. In northern California, there was a great deal of activity in regard to the elections. However, something about the report is unreal because it seems to indicate that all of the participants in the struggle against GOLDWATER are still organized for continuation of progressive ideas.

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[ ] from Wisconsin spoke. [ ] in the main, agreed with the estimates put forth in the report. However, [ ] indicated that in Wisconsin, there was a great deal of disagreement as to what position should be taken on the GOLDWATER-JOHNSON election. There was heated debate in the Party club, however, which did not deteriorate into factional strife. All disagreements were handled in a comradely fashion and as a result, [ ] indicated the club is stronger.

[ ] from Boston expressed her agreement with the reports indicating that the activities around Boston are sparse but that they, in the main, agree with what was put forth.

[ ] from Los Angeles spoke. His main attack against the report was the lack of explanation as to what was meant by unity. In his opinion, unity without a program is useless. This young man has also worked for SNCC in Mississippi. [ ] indicated that too often the young communists wait for the Party line in given situations rather than using their own brains and initiative in developing activities around specific situations.

[ ] from New York representing the lower east side Party group spoke. [ ] indicated that more discussion must be made on policy and that what we are trying to get at is a policy for youth work.

[ ] from Connecticut spoke. [ ] indicated that the organizational forms for youth activity are varied and we should not try to place a rigid blueprint on them. A great deal can be said for ad hoc committees which will meet specific struggles in some instances.

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[ ] from Harlem, New York, spoke. The essence was, speaking of the trend among the people since the election, there has been toward more unity against the problems of the people.

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[ ] from Los Angeles, California, spoke. [ ] was critical of the report in failing to give ideological leadership and felt that it should have dealt more with these problems.

There were one or two other speakers. DAN RUBIN from New York stressed the necessity for not taking things too literally from what people have been saying, but rather to understand that they are fighting for a general direction. In his opinion, both reports are only giving a direction. It is not expected that each Party club will carry out each individual proposal in the same fashion. In his opinion, there are no contradictions between the reports and the discussions that cannot be reconciled. He does feel, however, that there seem to be some differences in estimates as to the elections. For instance, the Du Bois Clubs took a position that appeared to be neutral in regards to the GOLDWATER-JOHNSON fight. This had serious repercussions throughout the Du Bois

Clubs movement. These differences seem to indicate a lack of clarity on the character of the Du Bois Clubs.

[redacted] from Detroit indicated that she is sometimes at a loss as to what is going on at these meetings. She continued that in Detroit, there is very limited youth activity. They are trying to form a club and develop their program. [redacted] is also the regional coordinator for the Du Bois Clubs, but she indicated she would speak more about that subject under that topic on the agenda.

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[redacted] from Oregon also participated.

They broke for supper and agreed that they would try and continue after supper.

After supper, they continued the discussion of the two reports and this reporter consulted with GIL GREEN. GREEN criticized the discussion that evening as extremely poor, his feeling being that the entire meeting so far had suffered from a lack of concreteness and a lack of concentrated approaches to the various problems facing the youth. Therefore, the discussion of Saturday evening was a hopeless mass of abstractions.

The Sunday morning session had opened with a report by [redacted], the topic being the Du Bois Clubs and the Party's responsibilities and relationship. This session was chaired by [redacted]

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[redacted] indicated that there had been phenomenal growth since the convention in San Francisco, California, of the Du Bois Clubs. In all areas where there has been a concentrated effort, we have seen tremendous possibilities. However, the national leadership is plagued with very serious problems. The formation of the Du Bois Clubs indicate that it was correct to fight for a socialist youth organization at this time. There has been a void in the youth movement that needs to be filled. The Du Bois Clubs with its short history has made contributions to various struggles of the young people. Most of the literature that has gotten out has been sold almost immediately. Correspondence comes to the National Office from areas of the country where there are no Du Bois Clubs members. This was particularly true after the attack against the Du Bois Clubs by J. EDGAR HOOVER and some newspapers. The statistics will show that there are many areas that have shown a positive



direction. There are approximately 600 members and 30 Du Bois Clubs nationally. The breakdown is as follows:

There are 4 clubs in Southern California;

There are 4 Clubs in the Southwest;

There is 1 Club in Texas;

There is the formation of a Club at the University of Texas;

There is a Club in Madison, Wisconsin, which is perhaps the Club that has the highest level of political and ideological activity;

There is a Club at the University of Minnesota;

There are 2 Clubs in the Chicago area;

Detroit has only an embryo of a Club;

In New York City, there are 9 Du Bois Clubs;

There are 3 Clubs in Northern California;

There is 1 Club in Iowa at Grinnel College;

The situation in Pennsylvania is unclear;

The situation in New England is unclear although there are members in these two states;

There is 1 Club in Antioch;

In the South, there is the possibility of building a Club in Atlanta, and there is also the possibility of initiating a Southern organizing drive.

The first one to discuss this report was [redacted] [redacted] from Portland. [redacted] indicated there were two Du Bois Clubs in his area, one of which is a working class club. The activities have been limited although they were extremely active in the election campaign.

[redacted] from Madison stated the Madison Club has a very high level of activity. I would like to make a few suggestions in extending its influence in the Midwest. [redacted] indicated that in his opinion, we should begin to work somewhat like SNCC by sending organizers into various cities and developing a consistent approach in some of the underdeveloped areas in the Midwest.

[redacted] from New York indicated they were trying to develop the organization on a state-wide basis. At present, there are only Du Bois Clubs in New York City and nothing up-state, and they too were discussing sending people up-state to renew contacts.

[redacted] indicated his disappointment with certain political questions in relationship to the Du Bois Clubs which had not been discussed. He felt that the

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discussion has to answer some of the many problems, both financial and political, for the Club. There needs to be an assessment of the Student Democratic Society (SDS). In many areas, this organization parallels the program of the Du Bois Clubs and it has been difficult working out a relationship with to them.

[redacted] spoke from Detroit and made a few general comments.

[redacted] from Madison proposed a theoretical organ from the Du Bois Clubs. There was no discussion of it.

[redacted] from Seattle indicated they do not have a Club as yet in Seattle.

[redacted] from Boston indicated there was tremendous conflict between the SDS and the Du Bois Clubs. The SDS claims not to be a socialist organization but many of its leaders are socialist and the Party should develop a policy in regard to this organization.

[redacted] from New York indicated the SDS is not active on New York campuses, but the Du Bois Clubs are.

[redacted] from Minnesota stated at the University of Minnesota, they started from nothing and now there is a Du Bois Club at the University.

[redacted] from New York indicated New York has four campus clubs, four community clubs and one high school

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club. They recently held a conference of the clubs, set up a city-wide leadership body, a college council and a community council.

[ ] from Connecticut spoke and indicated they have one state-wide Du Bois Club.

[ ] from Los Angeles emphasized the necessity for leadership and consistency in building Du Bois Clubs.

GIL GREEN was introduced and GREEN said a few words of encouragement, emphasized the importance of building a youth movement, did not enter into any controversial questions that had been discussed, but emphasized the responsibility of the Party to make assessments and to develop a program and policy.

At the close of everyone discussing, there was a ten-minute evaluation where people were asked to give their opinions of the meeting. The first three people who spoke gave negative estimates of the meeting. One young fellow from Connecticut thought the fact that the meeting took place was positive. The criticisms dealt with the method of arranging the meeting, the lack of communication between

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the national Party youth leadership and the district, and the weaknesses in emphasis on direction of the Party youth. Most of the criticism was accepted by MIKE ZAGARELL of New York and indicated he would try to do better.

Albany, New York  
June 30, 1964

**MISSISSIPPI SUMMER PROJECT;  
RACIAL SITUATION, STATE OF  
MISSISSIPPI**

The Syracuse, New York daily newspaper "The Post-Standard" of June 29, 1964, on page 6, contained an article entitled "Pray in Clinton Square, CORE Marches for 3". This article reported that about 150 members of Syracuse Congress of Racial Equality marched without incident to Clinton Square yesterday with placards calling for prayers for three civil rights workers who are lost and feared dead in Mississippi. The prayer march that began at CORE Headquarters, 609 East Adams Street, led to the shaded steps of the U.S. Post Office Building where the marchers, mostly white, prayed and sang and talked of freedom. According to the article one of the speakers was bearded Syracuse University graduate student, Rudy Lombard, National Vice Chairman of CORE. Lombard, who reportedly was leaving for Mississippi on June 29, 1964, to "coordinate civil rights groups" made an urgent plea to end racial hatred in the South. Lombard stated "There will be more atrocities this summer in Mississippi...this march is part of many marches to federal buildings across the nation. We are calling for federal support of all (civil rights) volunteers and reaffirming our commitment to nonviolence."

The article stated that Lombard will work with the Council of Federated Organizations for registration of Negro voters and the establishment of community centers and private freedom schools in Mississippi.



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100-153735-864

*[Handwritten initials]*

[REDACTED]

on December 1, 1962, at 105 Comstock Avenue, Syracuse, New York. The vacant apartment building at this address was being picketed by CORE in protest of the owner's alleged refusal to rent an apartment to an African student. The pickets were placed under arrest when they refused to leave the building. The report disclosed that all persons arrested in connection with this picketing signed a certificate of release on December 3, 1962, when they were discharged from the custody of the Syracuse Police Department.

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[REDACTED]

This memorandum is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

1/15/65

SAC, ALBANY (100-19249)

CIRM  
(OO: NEW YORK)

Re New York letter to Bureau, 10/28/64.

Enclosed for the information of the Bureau and New York are copies of an LHM dated June 30, 1964, concerning the background and activities of [redacted] Information also indicates that [redacted] is graduate student of Syracuse University.

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An article appearing in the Kansas City, Missouri, "Times," a daily newspaper, under date of 7/6/64, quoted JAMES FARMER of CORE at the conclusion of CORE's National Convention in Kansas City as stating, among other things, that RUDOLPH LOMBARD, residence New Orleans, Louisiana, and Syracuse, New York, had been elected Vice-Chairman of CORE.

An article appeared in the "Post Standard" newspaper of Syracuse, New York, on 6/29/64, concerning a march by members of the Syracuse Congress of Racial Equality which called for prayers for the three civil rights workers missing in Mississippi. This article also reported that one of the speakers during this prayer march was RUDY LOMBARD, National Vice-Chairman of CORE and a graduate student of Syracuse University.

On 8/28/50, Mr. JAMES DENN, Commissioner of Elections, Albany County, Albany, New York, furnished photostatic copies of Communist Party nominating petitions for Albany County for the 1941 elections. One of these petitions contained the name [redacted] Street, Albany, New York; however, no further information was available to identify him with the [redacted] of Syracuse, New York, mentioned in referenced New York letter of 10/28/64.

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2 - Bureau (Encs 2) (RM)  
2 - New York (100-153735) (Encs. 2) (RM)  
1 - Albany  
WEL:pml  
(5)

100-153735-58

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 18 1965	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*[Handwritten signature]*

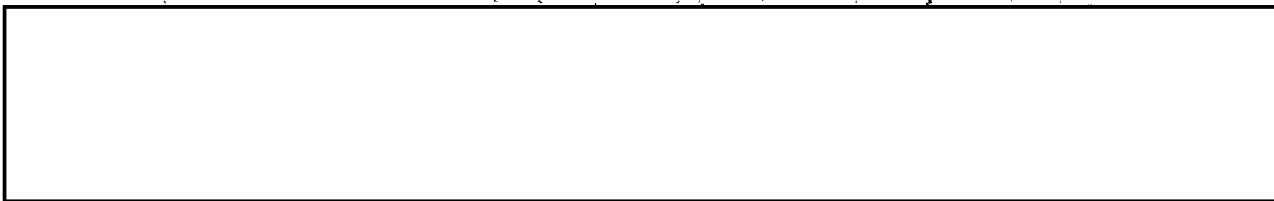


AL-100-19249

An article appeared in the Syracuse "Daily Orange" newspaper on April 11, 1961, which, among other things, reported that GEORGE WILEY, assistant professor in the Chemistry Department, Syracuse University, who was at one time on the California faculty, was in agreement with a group of students who had viewed the film "Operation Abolition" and felt the student demonstrators in the film were acting independently as opposed to the group in favor of the film.

Another article in the Syracuse University newspaper the "Daily Orange" dated 4/22/63, reported that Dr. GEORGE WILEY, assistant professor of Chemistry, Syracuse University, had distributed CORE leaflets during the picketing of the Woolworth Store in Syracuse, New York, by Negro high school students.

An article in the Syracuse "Herald Journal" newspaper issued 9/14/63, indicated that members of the Syracuse Committee on Racial Equality (CORE) are expected to resume picketing and direct intervention to halt the city's urban renewal project. GEORGE WILEY, Chairman of the Syracuse Branch of CORE, was reported as attending the meeting concerning this matter.



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[redacted] reported that at the anniversary dinner held by the Syracuse Peace Council on 1/30/64, [redacted] received the Peace Award of the Year for his direction of the civil disobedience held in Syracuse during August and September, 1963.

An article in the "New York Times" daily newspaper dated 7/29/64, at Syracuse, New York, quoted Dr. GEORGE WILEY, a Negro

AL-100-19249

professor of Chemistry at Syracuse, as advising the Sheriff of Onondaga County, PATRICK CORBETT, during a meeting of Negro leaders in a Baptist Church that if the authorities in Syracuse did not show the proper concern for the solution to the Negro problem, CORE and the N.A.A.C.P. might lose the leadership and situations could occur such as in Harlem and Rochester, New York.

Information in Albany files as of August 17, 1964, indicates that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] is the leader of CORE in Syracuse.

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1/13/65

PLAINTEXT

AIRTEL

TO: SAC, NEW YORK (100-154073)

FROM: SAC, BOSTON (100-36020) (P)

SUBJECT: CIRM  
[REDACTED]  
SM - C

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Re my airtel, 12/31/64.

On 1/11/65, [REDACTED] (protect identity - by request), [REDACTED], Dorchester (Boston), Mass., advised that she could not identify the photograph of [REDACTED] and could furnish no information concerning him.

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On 1/13/65, [REDACTED] in the United States, who is a source of information of the Boston Office, who has furnished reliable information in the past, and who is familiar with Student Committee for Travel to Cuba (SCTC) activities, advised that the subject is unknown to him.

2 - New York (100-154073) (RM)  
(1 - 100-153735)  
1 - Boston (100-36020)

JMC/mab  
(3)

100-153735-Sub  
[Handwritten signature and initials]

J/m



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York  
January 14, 1965

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

NY 100-149194

Re:

Member, Executive Board  
Southern Christian Leadership Conference  
Information Concerning

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The "Atlanta Inquirer", a weekly Negro newspaper of Atlanta, Georgia, in its issue of November 7, 1964, carried an article captioned "Southern Christian Leadership Conference Adds 6 New Members" in which it reports that Mrs. Marion B. Logan of New York City was added to the Executive Board of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference during the recent annual convention in Savannah, Georgia. Mrs. Logan is described in the article as the wife of a prominent physician, Dr. Arthur Logan, and as an individual who had, for a long time, been very active in the civil rights movement.



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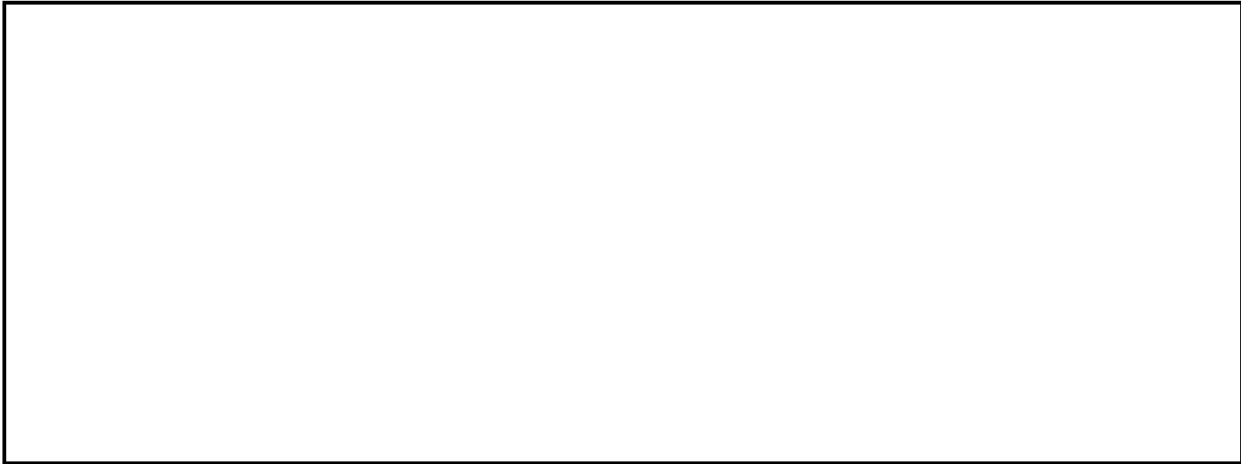
This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Searched \_\_\_\_\_  
Serialized \_\_\_\_\_  
Indexed \_\_\_\_\_  
Filed \_\_\_\_\_

100-153735-867

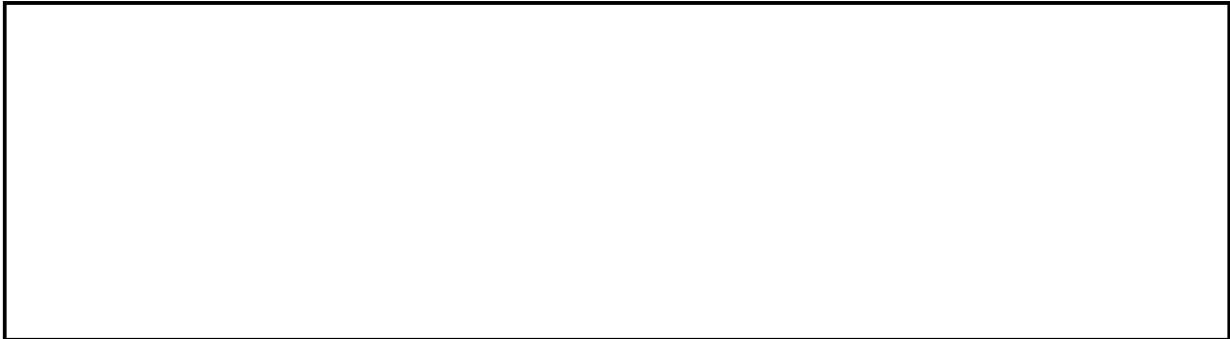
Re:

Member, Executive Board  
Southern Christian Leadership Conference



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On Page 22, the July 8, 1964 issue of the "New York Times," is a news article which reports that Dr. Arthur C. Logan, who is described as a Harlem Surgeon, had been appointed as chairman of the Board of Directors of Haryou-Act, the agency created to administer the Federal, State and Municipal Government Anti-Poverty Program in the Harlem area of New York City.



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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT  
MEMORANDUM

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

DATE: 1/14/65

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-149194)

SUBJECT: COMINFIL  
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE  
IS - C

Re Atlanta report, dated 12/1/64, captioned as above, which set forth current leadership of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) and requested that a letterhead memorandum be submitted, where not previously submitted, on all persons in a leadership capacity reflecting pertinent information of a subversive or derogatory nature.

Enclosed herewith are 6 copies of a letterhead memorandum suitable for dissemination containing information concerning [redacted] currently a member of the Board of Directors of the SCLC. One copy of this letter and the letterhead memorandum are being forwarded to the Atlanta Office, the headquarters of the SCLC, and one copy to the Philadelphia Office, the previous residence of [redacted]

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- 3 - BUREAU (100-438794) (Encls. 6) (RM)  
(1 - 100-442529)
- 1 - ATLANTA (100-5718) (Encl. 1) (RM)
- 1 - PHILADELPHIA (Encls. 1) (RM)
- 1 - NY 100-152916 (HAYSON-ACT) (42)
- 1 - NY 100-153504 ([redacted])
- 1 - NY 100-153735 (GIRM) (42)
- 1 - NY 157-775 (SCLC+RACIAL MATTERS) (41)
- 1 - NY 100-149194 (41)

PHS: rvs  
(10)

*WMM*

INDEX PAGES  
1 + 2  
*0/4*

100-153735-80

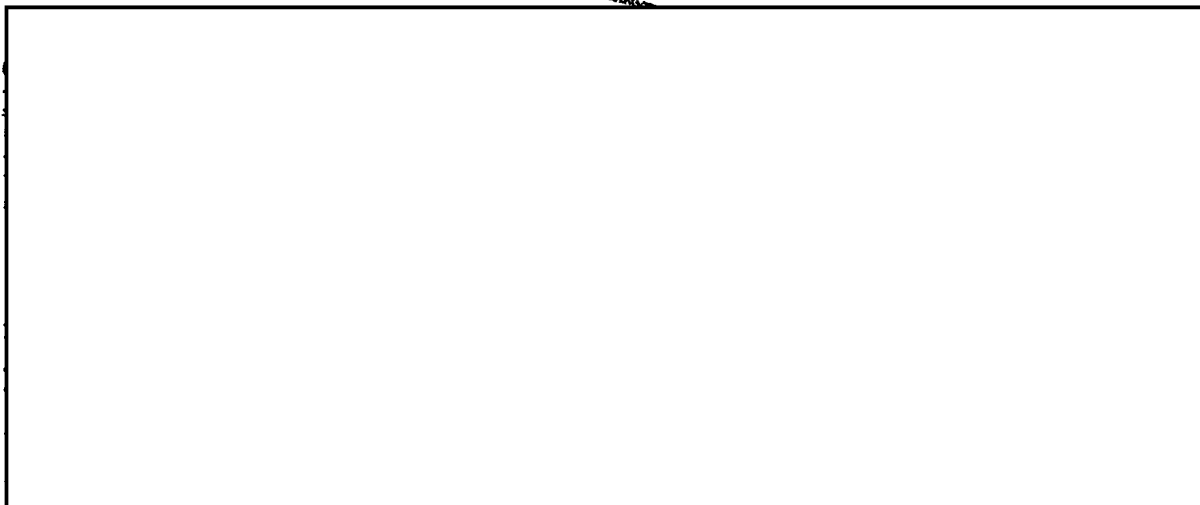
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SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....

FEB 11 1965  
FBI NEW YORK  
*Deaton*

NY 100-149194

For the information of the Bureau, inquiries conducted in the vicinity of [redacted] Street, under the pretext of looking for one [redacted] a white female in her early [redacted]'s (a suitable photograph answering this description was exhibited), who was a bank embezzler from the Los Angeles area, resulted in [redacted] [redacted] Street, and [redacted] and [redacted] [redacted] Street, all New York City, advising that [redacted] was a light-skinned Negress in her late [redacted]'s, who was highly respected in both the white and Negro communities, that she and her husband were very active in civic affairs in the New York City area (chiefly those connected with medicine) and that their home was visited frequently by prominent white and Negro sports figures, persons active in the theatre and entertainment fields, artists and national as well as local politicians. ~~All the~~ above repeatedly stressed the excellent reputation of [redacted] and his wife.

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NY file 140-1140-21 and 121-140143-1A1 reflect that one [redacted] a children's nurse at the residence of one [redacted] a Veteran Administration's doctor in

NY 100-149194

New York City, made available a list of names secured from the telephone directory of [redacted] which names she [redacted] believed to be the names of members of the CP. Included on this list was the name [redacted] residence [redacted] Avenue, New York City, with offices at [redacted] [redacted] Avenue, New York City. Upon recontact, [redacted] [redacted] advised that the names she had previously furnished were the names next to which a check mark had been placed in the physician's section of the NY Telephone Co. Classified Directory. [redacted] advised during this recontact that she did not know the significance of the check mark.

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The Philadelphia Office is requested to review its indices for information relative to [redacted] [redacted] and [redacted] for information of a subversive or derogatory nature and will submit any pertinent information in a letterhead memorandum to the Bureau, Atlanta and the NYO. The Philadelphia Office is cautioned to make no contacts which would reveal the Bureau's interest in the SCLC or MARTIN LUTHER KING. SECURITY IS PARAMOUNT.



1/14/65

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM: SAC, WFO (100-43710)

CIMI

The following information was furnished by WF 1491-S\* a highly sensitive and delicate source that furnishes confidential and delicate information to a restricted degree on the activities of [redacted] Attorney-at-law, Washington, D.C., who has represented the interests of the Communist Party, United States of America, in the courts in Washington, D.C. Under normal circumstances, information furnished by this source, if used in a communication going outside the Bureau must be classified "Secret" in order to protect the source. This information should not be disseminated outside the Bureau except where obtained from an independent source.

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[redacted] is one of the attorneys who has represented the CP, USA, in the courts in Washington, D.C.

In September, 1959, NY 694-S\* advised that a member of the National Committee of the CP, USA, had referred to [redacted] as "one of the most important communists in Washington, D.C."

- 3 - Bureau
- ② - New York (100-153735) (RM)
- 1 - Atlanta (100-6070) (RM)
- 2 - WFO
- (1 - 100-32761) [redacted]

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SEJ:jan  
(5)

AIRTEL

100-153735-829  
[Handwritten signatures and stamps]

On 8/23/55, [redacted], an admitted former member of the CP, USA, from 1934 to 1946, who was active in secret government CP groups in a leadership capacity in Washington, D.C., and Denver, Colorado, from 1936 to 1946, advised that [redacted] was a member of a secret government CP group at the National Labor Relations Board (NLRB) during the period October, 1937 to mid-summer of 1942. [redacted] was unable to give the exact dates of this membership, but stated it comprised almost the entire period that [redacted] was employed by that agency. The personnel files of the NLRB indicate that [redacted] was employed by that agency at Washington, D.C., from 3/16/38 to 7/20/42.

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On 1/11/65, an unidentified male (UM) visited [redacted]. The man was from Atlanta and has had some publicity in the newspapers since [redacted] had read it. He was greeted warmly by [redacted]. The man was a college professor for nine years, is married, and has one child. He said he is not a member of the bar in Georgia or North Carolina. He apparently is teaching in North Carolina and Alabama. [redacted] partner, mentioned that he met [redacted] (not further identified), an associate of the UM in San Francisco once. The UM goes to New York sometimes. [redacted] gave him "her" address and phone number as [redacted] West, RI (sounded like [redacted]). [redacted] said "she worked part-time during the day." [redacted] commented on a wonderful show on Mississippi. The UM told them about their citizenship training program. Most of the people in the Freedom Democratic Party were discovered "through our training program" according to the UM. He talked about training schools and students, and said there were 14 in a class in Atlanta. He said their program is a success. He mentioned their staff and said some on the staff are white. He said [redacted] is (PH) one of them. He said they got a rebellion going on the University of Alabama campus now on academic freedom. He mentioned a program to bring negroes and whites together for the first time in neighborhoods.

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The source said that it sounded like the UM's office was the office of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference in Atlanta.

The source was unable to ascertain how the appointment was arranged with [redacted] or what, if any, previous connection there was between the UM and [redacted]. The visit seemed to be social. [redacted] gave no advice or guidance to him. The man was on his way to the airport when he stopped in [redacted]'s office.

WFO 100-43710

LEADS

ATLANTA.

AT ATLANTA, GEORGIA. Will attempt to identify the UM who visited [redacted] and to determine if there is any indication that the meeting with [redacted] is pertinent to the CIRM investigation.

NEW YORK

AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK. Will identify resident of [redacted] West, and advise Atlanta of any information about this individual pertinent to the CIRM investigation.

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~~SECRET~~

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
Bu 100-442529 New York, New York  
January 14, 1965

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Re: Communist Influence in  
Racial Matters  
Internal Security - C

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished information on January 13, 1965 indicating that [redacted] and Stanley Levison were in contact on that date. [redacted] instructed Levison to set aside the date of the 29th (January 29, 1965) on his calendar because a meeting of the "Research Committee" would be held in New York City on that date.

It is to be noted that in the past, the same source has advised that when [redacted] uses the term "Research Committee" it means a meeting of Martin Luther King, Jr., President of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) and his advisors in New York City.

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In continuing their contact, [redacted] related that King was in Dorchester Center (Mc Intosh, Georgia), on that date (January 13, 1965) and planned to be in Selma, Alabama,

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~SECRET~~  
Group I  
Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification

100-153235-870  
Searched \_\_\_\_\_  
Serialized D  
Indexed \_\_\_\_\_  
Filed P

~~SECRET~~

Re: Communist Influence in  
Racial Matters  
Internal Security - C

tomorrow, (January 14, 1965) to attend a major conference of all state (Alabama) civil rights leaders.

[redacted] is the [redacted]  
to the Gandhi Society for Human Rights,  
15 East 40th Street, New York, New York.

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A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on February 26, 1957, that he identified a photograph of [redacted] as a person whom he knew during late 1953 or early 1954, to be a member of and in a position of leadership in the Labor Youth League.

The Labor Youth League has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised in April, 1964, that Stanley Levison was a secret member of the Communist Party, United States of America (CPUSA) in July, 1963. In late 1963 and early 1964, he criticized the Communist Party for not being sufficiently militant in the civil rights struggle. Levison was described by certain Communist Party leaders as being to the "left" of the Communist Party in his position on civil rights. His differences with the CP, however, are merely tactical and he continues his ideological adherence to Communism.

~~SECRET~~

FBI

Date: 1/14/65

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)  
FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)  
SUBJECT: CIRM  
IS-C

Enclosed are six copies of a letterhead memorandum, captioned and dated as above.

NY 4092-g\* was the source of the information in the letterhead memorandum.

Sources used to characterize individuals mentioned in the letterhead memorandum are as follows:

\_\_\_\_\_ of the Columbia University LYL  
in \_\_\_\_\_

NY 694-S\*

STANLEY LEVISON

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b7C  
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- 4-Bureau (100-442529) (Encl. 6) (RM)  
(1-100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, Jr.)
- 2-Atlanta (100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, Jr.) (Encl. 2) (RM)  
(1-100-6670) (CIRM)
- 1-Savannah (100- ) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1-Mobile (100- ) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1-New York (100-73250) \_\_\_\_\_ (42)
- 1-New York (100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON) (42)
- 1-New York (100-136585) (MARTIN LUTHER KING) (42)
- 1-New York (100-149194) (SCLC) (42)
- 1-New York (100-153735) (42)

JMK:rmv  
(14)

100-153735-871

SEARCHED \_\_\_\_\_ INDEXED \_\_\_\_\_  
SERIALIZED \_\_\_\_\_ FILED \_\_\_\_\_  
JAN 14 1965  
FBI - NEW YORK

*[Handwritten signatures and initials over the stamp]*

NY 100-153735

This letterhead memorandum is classified "~~Secret~~" because it contains information from NY 4092-S\* and NY 694-S\*. The first source has furnished information of a sensitive nature with respect to the race question in the NY area and the Communist infiltration thereof; the second furnished a concentration of information in the characterization of STANLEY LEVISON. It is deemed necessary that a ~~secret~~ classification be used.

With regard to the scheduled "Research Committee" meeting, the NYO will institute a physical surveillance on STANLEY LEVISON to assure coverage of him during that period.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Atlanta, Georgia  
January 14, 1965

~~SECRET~~

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Confidential Source One stated on January 12, 1965,  
that [redacted]

[redacted]  
on that date attempted to contact BAYARD RUSTIN of New York  
City. [redacted] requested that a 500 word speech that RUSTIN  
is writing on "World Peace" be sent to SCLC.

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BAYARD RUSTIN

In "The Saturday Evening Post", issue of July  
11-18, 1964, page 76, BAYARD RUSTIN is the subject  
of a feature article captioned "The Lone Wolf of  
Civil Rights". In it, RUSTIN is said to have come  
to New York in 1938, as an organizer for the Young  
Communist League (YCL), and as such, he had the job  
of recruiting students for the "Party". Furthermore,  
the article reports that during his first years in  
New York, RUSTIN gave most of his earnings to the  
"Party". He reportedly left the "Party" in 1941,  
the article states.

The YCL has been designated pursuant to Executive  
Order 10450.

The "Daily Worker", February 11, 1957, page 1,  
column 2, reported that BAYARD RUSTIN, Executive  
Secretary, War Resisters League, was an observer at

~~SECRET~~

~~GROUP 1  
Excluded from Automatic  
Downgrading and Declassification~~

100-153735-872

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 15 1965	
FBI-NEW YORK	

*[Signature]*



~~SECRET~~

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

the 16th National Convention of the Communist Party, United States of America (CP, USA), held in New York City, on February 9-12, 1957.

The "Daily Worker" was an east coast Communist publication until it ceased publication on January 13, 1958.

Confidential Source Two advised on September 25, 1963, that during a meeting of the National Board, CP, USA, on that date, BENJAMIN J. DAVIS remarked that, "RUSTIN calls me constantly--openly."

Confidential Source Three advised on February 19 and 20, 1964, that BAYARD RUSTIN contacted BENJAMIN J. DAVIS on those dates, and sought his advice as to how he could escape from a speaking engagement to which he was committed. On the latter contact, DAVIS told RUSTIN that he was working on his request and had contacted friends who had contacts with the group to which RUSTIN was to speak.

BENJAMIN J. DAVIS

Confidential Source Four advised on January 21, 1964, that as of that date, BENJAMIN J. DAVIS was National Secretary of the CP, USA.

"The New York Times", Monday, August 24, 1964, page 27, column 4, reports that BENJAMIN J. DAVIS, National Secretary, CP, USA, died in New York City on Saturday night, August 22, 1964.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

- 2 -  
~~SECRET~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

*In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.*

Atlanta, Georgia  
January 14, 1965

FD 323

Title           COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS  
Character       INTERNAL SECURITY - C  
Reference       Letterhead Memorandum dated and  
                 captioned as above at Atlanta,  
                 Georgia.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FBI

Date: 1/14/65

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)  
FROM: SAC, ATLANTA (100-6670) (P)  
RE: CIRM

Enclosed for the Bureau are nine (9) copies of a Letterhead Memorandum suitable for dissemination. Enclosed for New York are three copies of the Letterhead Memorandum.

The identities of the confidential sources utilized in the enclosed Letterhead Memorandum are as follows:

- Source #1 is AT 1386-S\*
- Source #2 is NY 2359-S\*, used to characterize BAYARD RUSTIN.
- Source #3 is NY 4212-S\*, used to characterize BAYARD RUSTIN.
- Source #4 is [redacted] used to characterize BENJAMIN J. DAVIS.

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If the information from AT 1386-S\* is utilized for lead purposes, care should be taken not to jeopardize the source.

- 4- Bureau (3-100-442529) (Enc. 9) (RM)  
(1-100-438794) (SCLC)
- 3- New York (1-100-153735) (CIRM) (Enc. 3) (RM)  
(1-100-46729) (Bayard Rustin)  
(1-100-149194) (SCLC)
- 4- Atlanta (1-100-6670) (CIRM)  
(1-100-6670-A)  
(1-100-5718) (SCLC)  
(1-157-707) [redacted]

RRN:elt  
(11)

100-153735-3

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 15 1965	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*[Handwritten signatures and initials over the stamp]*

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Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

②

AT 100-6670  
RRN:elt

The enclosed Letterhead Memorandum has been classified ~~SECRET~~ because it contains information from a highly sensitive source with respect to the Racial Situation in the Atlanta area. It is felt this classification is necessary in order to not jeopardize the valuable position of the informant in furnishing information of this nature.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)  
(157-6-34)

DATE: 1/15/65

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)  
(157-1247) ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SUBJECT: CIRM; NY COMMITTEE FOR SUPPORT  
OF THE MISSISSIPPI FREEDOM  
DEMOCRATIC PARTY CHALLENGE aka  
Ad Hoc Committee in Support  
of the Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party  
Challenge  
RM

Re NY airtel to Bureau, 12/23/64 in case entitled  
"RALLIES IN SUPPORT OF MISSISSIPPI FREEDOM DEMOCRATIC  
PARTY CHALLENGE, NY AREA, 12/20-21/64."

- 4-Bureau (Encls. 10) (RM)
- 2-Jackson (Encls. 2) (RM)
- 2-Washington Field (Encls. 2) (RM)
- 1-New York (157-892) (RACIAL SITUATION, NY DIVISION)
- 1-New York (157-1255) (COOH) (42)
- 1-New York (100-152081) (COOH) (41)
- 1-New York 157- [redacted] (42)
- 1-New York (100-144869) [redacted] (45)
- 1-New York 157- [redacted] (42)
- 1-New York (100-34464) [redacted] (45)
- 1-New York (100-153481) [redacted] (45)
- 1-New York (100-146817) [redacted] (45)
- 1-New York (100-136886) [redacted] (45)
- 1-New York 157- [redacted] (42)
- 1-New York 157- [redacted] (42)
- 1-New York 157- [redacted] (42)
- 1-New York (100-142461) [redacted] (45)
- 1-New York (100-103904) [redacted] (45)
- 1-New York (100-143564) [redacted] (45)
- 1-New York (100-153918) [redacted] (45)
- 1-New York (157-1352) (HARLEM PARENTS COMMITTEE) (42)
- 1-New York (100-154448) [redacted] (47)
- 1-New York (100-91911) (JESSE GRAY) (42)
- 1-New York (157-1227) (SNCC) (42)
- 1-New York

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VJA: dcr  
(31)

~~CLASSIFIED AND  
EXTENDED BY 6922 on 7/27/78  
REASON FOR EXTENSION  
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2  
DATE OF REVIEW FOR  
DECLASSIFICATION Indefinite~~

100-153735-874

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SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
JAN 15 1965	
FBI - NEW YORK	

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
42

*[Handwritten initials]*

*[Handwritten initials]*

NY 100-153735  
157-1247

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Enclosed for the Bureau and offices listed are copies of LHM in above case.

Sources utilized in attached LHM are identified as follows:

Confidential Source #1	[REDACTED]
Confidential Source #2	[REDACTED] (potential racial informant)
Confidential Source #3	[REDACTED]
Confidential Source #4	NY 1831-S*
Confidential Source #5	NY 1300-S*
Confidential Source #6	NY 694-S*
Confidential Source #7	[REDACTED]
Confidential Source #8	[REDACTED]
Confidential Source #9	[REDACTED]
Confidential Source #10	NY 719-S*
Confidential Source #11	[REDACTED]
Confidential Source #12	[REDACTED]

b6  
b7C  
b7D

This LHM is classified "~~Confidential~~" to protect identities of above listed informants. The unauthorized disclosure of information furnished by these informants might jeopardize their future effectiveness and such impairment might have an adverse effect upon the national defense interests.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

New York, New York  
January 15, 1965

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NYfile 100-153735  
Bufile 100-442529

Communist Influence in Racial Matters  
Internal Security-C

New York Committee For Support of the  
Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party  
Challenge  
Also Known As  
Ad Hoc Committee In Support of the  
Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party Challenge  
Racial Matters

Reference is made to memorandum dated December 14,  
1964 at Chicago, Illinois entitled "Mississippi Freedom  
Democratic Party (MFDP), Racial Matters."

All confidential sources referred to in this  
communication and in the Appendix attached have furnished  
reliable information in the past, unless otherwise indicated.  
Characterizations of individuals mentioned in this communica-  
tion are set forth, where pertinent, at the end thereof.

On December 18, 1964 confidential source number one  
furnished the following information:

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~GROUP I  
Excluded from automatic  
downgrading  
and declassification~~

This document contains neither recom-  
mendations nor conclusions of the FBI.  
It is the property of the FBI and is  
loaned to your agency; it and its  
contents are not to be distributed  
outside your agency.

SEARCHED.....INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....FILED.....
JAN 15 1965
FBI—NEW YORK

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
Communist Influence in Racial Matters;  
New York Committee For Support of the  
Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party  
Challenge

Meetings of the Ad Hoc Committee in Support of the MFDP were held on December 2-5-8, 1964 which meetings discussed support for the seating of delegates from the MFDP in the United States House of Representatives and the challenging of the regular Mississippi delegates. The December 2, 1964 meeting of the Ad Hoc Committee in Support of the MFDP was held in the office of the Harlem Parents Committee, 514 West 126th Street, New York City, and was chaired by [redacted] of the Harlem Parents Committee (HPC). [redacted] Street, New York City, gave an explanation of the entire challenge procedure. He explained that the opening of the challenge would occur on the opening day of congress, January 4, 1965 and that this was only the first of many actions that would last until July, 1965. One of the immediate objectives of the Ad Hoc Committee was to get local congressmen to support the "challenge."

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Attending this meeting were [redacted] of the Northern Student Movement (NSM), [redacted] Street, New York City; [redacted] HPC; [redacted] Street, New York City, affiliated with the Community Council on Housing, 6 East 117th Street, New York City, of which Jesse Gray is Director. Also present were [redacted] affiliated with the Metropolitan Council on Civil Rights Action; [redacted] Street, New York City, affiliated with Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee (SNCC); and [redacted] of the MFDP gave a short talk at this meeting. It was agreed to form a temporary steering committee composed of the following individuals:

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[redacted]  
New York City

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
Communist Influence in Racial Matters,  
New York Committee For Support of the  
Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party  
Challenge

[Redacted]

Jesse Gray

[Redacted]

[Redacted] of SNCC

At the meeting of the Steering Committee held  
December 5, 1964 at the office of NSM, 514 West 126th  
Street, New York City, present in addition to the Steering  
Committee were the following:

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[Redacted]

New York City

[Redacted]

Long Island City  
New York

[Redacted]

It was stressed at this meeting that the Ad Hoc  
Committee in Support of the MFDP is not a "closed corporation"  
but is open to any individual and group that wishes to  
affiliate providing they are in favor of supporting the  
MFDP Challenge.

On December 8, 1964 a meeting of the Ad Hoc  
Committee in Support of the MFDP Challenge was held at the  
office of HPC, 514 West 126th Street, New York City, and  
was chaired by [Redacted] At this meeting  
Rudolph Jones of Community Council on Housing (COH)  
briefly reviewed the business discussed at the previous  
meetings and election of officers was held with the  
following results:

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Chairman  
Vice Chairman

[Redacted]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Communist Influence in Racial Matters;  
New York Committee For Support of the  
Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party  
Challenge

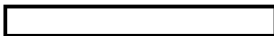
Recording Secretary  
Administrative Secretary  
Treasurer



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The organizations which have authorized the use of their names as of December 8, 1964 as being in support of the MFDP Challenge are as follows:

Harlem Parents Committee  
Northern Student Movement  
SNCC  
St. Nicholas Park Community Center  
Downtown Council on Housing  
Metropolitan Council on Civil Rights Action  
West Side Civil Rights  
Community Council on Housing  
Episcopal Society for Race Relations  
Upper Manhattan Committee on Civil Rights  
Harlem Unemployment Center

 volunteered to act as organizer for the Ad Hoc Committee in Support of MFDP Challenge. The NSM office is to be the temporary headquarters of the Ad Hoc Committee at 541 West 126th Street, New York City. Selection of Committee Chairmen was made with the following results:

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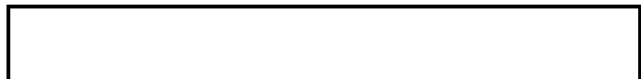
Manhattan Committee



Bronx, New York and



Public Relations  
Committee



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b7C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Communist Influence in Racial Matters;  
New York Committee For Support of the  
Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party  
Challenge

Fund Raising Committee No chairman designated : Commit-  
tee members included [redacted]  
[redacted] of Harlem  
Unemployment Center  
139 West 125th Street  
New York City

[redacted]

New York City

[redacted]

New York City

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Confidential source number two on December 23, 1964 furnished a printed flier which was circulated at a rally held on Sunday, December 20 at the William's Institutional Church, 2225 7th Avenue, New York City. The circular indicates that this rally was sponsored by the New York Committee for Support of the MFDP Challenge, 514 West 126th Street, New York City.

An article in the New York "Amsterdam News", December 19, 1964, page 53, entitled "Harlem Rally To Help Mississippi Freedom Party", reported that the above rally would be held at the William's Institutional Church, New York City, and identified William Strickland as Chairman of the New York Ad Hoc Committee For Support of the MFDP Challenge."

Confidential source number three on January 4, 1965 furnished a mimeographed sheet entitled "Organization Objectives For The Freedom Democratic Party Challenge", which set forth the objectives as follows:

1. To disseminate to as wide an audience as possible the real issues and conditions that are at issue in the challenge.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Communist Influence in Racial Matters;  
New York Committee For Support of the  
Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party  
Challenge

2. To create the kind of home-town interest which will influence congressmen to support the challenge at the various points where this kind of support will be necessary in Congress.
3. To build closer relationships between MFDP and northern community groups particularly the Negro community, trade unions, liberal and civic organizations.

The circular stated that a committee should be formed in the local community to support the "Challenge." The first tasks of the committee will be:

1. To contact the congressmen from their area and inform them of the challenge and their interest.
2. To organize a delegation to visit the Congressman at home urging that he support the challenge before Congress reconvened on January 4th.
3. To develop a campaign of letter writing, petitions expressing support of the challenge to the Congressman and to the House Committee on elections, of the Administration committee and organizing public meetings and rallies designed to demonstrate community support for the project.

The second stage of the "Challenge" (after January 4, 1965) entails the following program:

- A. Statements from prominent local leaders in churches and unions, for example, should be procured as part of the campaign within the community. Most of these people will not

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Communist Influence in Racial Matters;  
New York Committee For Support of the  
Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party  
Challenge

participate in direct forms of pressure but may be persuaded to support the challenge in the press, letters to their constituents, or in public meetings.

- B. A major fund-raising activity should be planned in support of the challenge.
- C. Arrange speaking engagements for members of the MFDP to important local organizations. A speaker will be available for mass meetings, union and civil rights affairs provided that transportation and expenses are available from the sponsors.
- D. Contacting the local press and acting as a liaison for placing press statements in local papers concerning the development of the challenge.

The circular requested the local committee to maintain contact with the MFDP, 1017 Lynch Street, Jackson, Mississippi, or 1353 Fourth Street Northwest, Washington, D.C.

Ella J. Baker

Confidential source number four furnished information that Ella Baker was in contact with Stanley Levison in late 1956 and early 1957. ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Confidential source number five advised that Stanley Levison was in contact with Ella Baker in the later part of 1958. ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Confidential source number six advised in April, 1964 that Stanley Levison was a secret member of the Communist Party in July, 1963. In late 1963 and early 1964, he criticized the Communist Party for not being sufficiently militant in the civil rights struggle. Levison was described by certain Communist Party leaders

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Communist Influence in Racial Matters;  
New York Committee For Support of the  
Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party  
Challenge

as being to the "left" of the Communist Party in his position on civil rights. Levison's differences with the Communist Party, however, are merely tactical and he continues his ideological adherence to Communism.

Jesse Gray

Confidential source number seven advised on November 20, 1958 that Jesse Gray had been the organizer with the Harlem Region of the Communist Party but this position was terminated during November, 1958.

Confidential source number eight advised on January 24, 1964 that according to William L. Patterson, Chairman of the New York District Communist Party, Jesse Gray is no longer a Communist Party member but is friendly to the Communist Party.

[redacted]  
Confidential source number nine advised on April 15, 1958 that at a meeting of the Communist Party Waterfront Section, held on April 11, 1958, at 167 East Second Street, New York City, it was stated that [redacted] [redacted] was a member of the Waterfront Section Communist Party who was behind in his dues payments.

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[redacted]  
Confidential source number ten advised in December, 1953 that [redacted] had been making an attempt to reach [redacted] [redacted] and had been informed that the [redacted] had moved to Connecticut.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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Communist Influence in Racial Matters;  
New York Committee For Support of the  
Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party  
Challenge

Confidential source number eleven advised  
May 11, 1961 that [redacted]  
as of May, 1961, had been transferred from  
Club 1 to Club 3 of the Upper West Side Section  
of the Communist Party.

A mimeographed letter dated June, 1964  
from the National Lawyers Guild (NLG)  
Detroit, Michigan addressed to NLG members  
included a brochure of the NLG and listed  
many of the officials of the NLG, [redacted]  
[redacted] of New York as one of several Vice  
Presidents of the NLG.

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The NLG is characterized in the Appendix  
attached hereto.

[redacted]

Confidential source number twelve advised  
on November 13, 1961 that as of that date  
[redacted] was known to this source to  
be a member of the Communist Party.

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1.

APPENDIX

NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the National Lawyers Guild:

"National Lawyers Guild

- "1. Cited as a Communist front.  
(Special Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 1311 on the CIO Political Action Committee, March 29, 1944, p. 149.)
- "2. Cited as a Communist front which 'is the foremost legal bulwark of the Communist Party its front organizations, and controlled unions' and which 'since its inception has never failed to rally to the legal defense of the Communist Party and individual members thereof, including known espionage agents.'  
(Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 3123 on the National Lawyers Guild, September 21, 1950, originally related September 17, 1950.)
- "3. 'To defend the cases of Communist lawbreakers, fronts have been devised making special appeals in behalf of civil liberties and reaching out far beyond the confines of the Communist Party itself. Among these organizations are the \* \* \* National Lawyers Guild. When the Communist Party itself is under fire these offer a bulwark of protection.'  
(Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)"

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

January 15, 1965

SAC, NEW HAVEN (100-18293) P.

CIRM

Re: Bureau letter to New Haven 12/8/64 and New Haven letter to Bureau 1/6/65.

For information of Los Angeles, AT 1350-S\* advised on 11/26/64 that one [ ] (LNU) of Stamford, Connecticut, contacted MARTIN LUTHER KING that date at which time [ ] stated that he wanted to make his annual call of good wishes to KING and his family. During this contact KING stated that he wanted three persons to write a five minute acceptance speech for the Nobel Peace Prize; that [ ] (to KING) and BAYARD RUSTIN were two of the individuals whom he desired to write this acceptance, and that he (KING) desired [ ] to be one of the three to write something for him.

On 12/3/64 BAYARD RUSTIN was in contact with one [ ] (ph) of Connecticut, at which time changes in the Mississippi Branch of the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee were discussed. [ ] indicated that he was to speak at Yale University on 12/3/64. b6 b7C

Investigation by New Haven Office has revealed that ALLARD K. LOWENSTEIN, a graduate of the Yale Law School, Yale University, New Haven, during 1954, spoke at the Yale Law School on 12/8/64. Efforts are being conducted to establish whether or not LOWENSTEIN is identical with the [ ] (LNU) mentioned above.

The Bureau has instructed that appropriate discreet investigation be conducted in order to identify [ ] (LNU) and identify any article written by [ ] on behalf of KING, it being pointed out that [ ] informed KING on 11/26/64 that he had just written an article for KING which "had gone all over the world."

2 - Bureau  
1 - Atlanta (100-6670) (Info)  
2 - New York (100-153735)  
2 - Los Angeles  
2 - New Haven  
WCH:lng  
(9)  
REGISTERED MAIL

100-153735-575  
SEARCHED  
SERIALIZED  
INDEXED  
FILED  
JAN 15 1965  
FBI - NEW HAVEN  
Seaton JG

NH 100-18200

On 12/14/64 Captain [redacted] Detective Bureau, Stamford, Connecticut Police Department, advised that he had been on duty the night MARTIN LUTHER KING appeared at Stamford, Connecticut, and that he [redacted] had covered the testimonial affair held in behalf of KING on that evening. [redacted] said that he is personally acquainted with [redacted] that he knows [redacted] by sight and that he is certain [redacted] was not a passenger in the car owned by the Pitney-Bowes, Inc. company which brought KING to Stamford, Connecticut. He also said that he did not observe [redacted] in attendance at the testimonial affair held for KING.

On 12/22/64, Police Officer [redacted] Identification Division, Stamford, Connecticut Police Department, advised that he had driven in the Pitney-Bowes car which picked up MARTIN LUTHER KING at the Kennedy Airport, New York City on 11/30/64. He said that KING and BAYARD RUSKIN and one [redacted] (LNU) had come to the car from the lounge at the airport, this being the first time he had observed [redacted] was unable to state whether KING had previously met with these individuals at the airport lounge. He said that the [redacted] (LNU) who accompanied KING at this time was a male Negro in his mid 30s, 5'10" tall who weighed between 160 and 170 pounds and who had a medium complexion. Through the general conversation between [redacted] (LNU) and MARTIN LUTHER KING, Officer [redacted] received the impression that [redacted] was possibly employed as a public relations man, however, he could furnish no specifics as to how he received this impression.

Officer [redacted] said that other than himself, MARTIN LUTHER KING and [redacted] the other individuals who traveled in the Pitney-Bowes car from New York to Stamford, Connecticut were [redacted] (LNU) and a Negro known to him only as [redacted] (ph). He did not observe anyone answering the description of [redacted]

In view of the above it appears that the only connection between [redacted] (LNU) who contacted KING on 11/26/64 and the [redacted] (LNU) who met KING at the Kennedy Airport on 11/30/64 is the similarity in the first name. It is possible that this similarity is coincidental. It also appears possible that [redacted]

NH 100-18290

is not the [redacted] (LNU) who contacted KING on 11/26/64 since no information has been received which would indicate that [redacted] was in touch with KING during the latter's visit to Stamford, Connecticut.

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Previous investigation has indicated that [redacted] (ph) was in touch with HARVARD RUSTIN on 12/3/64 and that [redacted] (ph) said he would speak at Yale University on 12/3/64.

According to the 12/9/64 edition of the "Yale Daily News," a daily newspaper published at Yale University, New Haven, Connecticut, ALLARD K. LOWENSTEIN would speak at Yale Law School, Yale University, New Haven, Connecticut, on 12/8/64 concerning the Freedom Democratic Party in Mississippi.

On 1/5 and 6/65 [redacted] Yale University, New Haven, Connecticut, an established reliable source, advised that ALLARD K. LOWENSTEIN graduated from Yale Law School during 1954 and that he [redacted] taught LOWENSTEIN a course in International Law. According to [redacted] s recollection, LOWENSTEIN is a white male, short in stature, with red hair. He described him, while a student, as an able writer with an excellent literary style. He said that LOWENSTEIN is apparently affiliated with the Mississippi Freedom Democrats, that he had written a book entitled, "Brutal Mandate" concerning his personal experiences in Africa, that he taught at Stanford University, Palo Alto, California, where he had apparently gotten into some sort of trouble and that he subsequently taught at North Carolina State College, Raleigh, North Carolina. According to [redacted] LOWENSTEIN is affiliated with the headquarters of the Mississippi Freedom Democrats located at Washington, D.C. and apparently is employed in some capacity by the Washington, D.C. headquarters of that organization.

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On 1/5/65, [redacted] of the Yale Station, United States Post Office, located at Yale University, New Haven, Connecticut, advised that ALLARD K. LOWENSTEIN was not then receiving mail either through the Yale Station or in care of Ezra Stiles College, Yale University.

NH 100-18290

On 1/7/65, [redacted] of Yale University (protect per request), an established reliable source, advised that ALLARD K. LOWENSTEIN then had no official status with Yale University. [redacted] said that LOWENSTEIN then resided in a student dormitory room at Ezra Stiles College, Yale University, as a personal guest of [redacted] and a [redacted] Yale University.

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According to [redacted] [redacted] had taken a personal interest in LOWENSTEIN and offered a room at Yale to him in order to help LOWENSTEIN while the latter was writing a novel. [redacted] said that LOWENSTEIN reportedly is interested in helping the Negroes in the South and in helping the Mississippi Freedom Democrats. [redacted] said that [redacted] is a "non-political person" and an idealist who recently has been influenced by [redacted] of Yale University, into assisting the Negro Civil Rights Movement in the South. [redacted] was of the opinion that [redacted] possibly brought LOWENSTEIN to the attention of [redacted] since [redacted] is a Fellow of Ezra Stiles College. [redacted] noted that [redacted] has been publicly known as being extremely active in the Negro Civil Rights Movement in the South, particularly in Mississippi and that he has publicly supported and associated with MARTIN LUTHER KING.

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[redacted] said that the recent reference in the "Yale Daily News" to LOWENSTEIN as a "writer in residence" at Ezra Stiles College was merely newspaper descriptive language and that there was no such title or position at Yale University. According to [redacted] has stated that he [redacted] has offered this facility at Ezra Stiles College to LOWENSTEIN since he was considering the latter for a possible instructorship in the English Department, at Yale University. [redacted] doubted that any such faculty appointment is actually under consideration and he was of the opinion that this was mentioned by [redacted] merely to justify LOWENSTEIN's residence in a Yale University dormitory.

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NH 100-18290

On 1/8/65, [redacted] advised that ALLARD K. LOWENSTEIN was at Yale University for a period of six weeks, in order to complete a novel, the name of which was unknown. He said that a motion picture company had offered to produce the novel and that in this regard LOWENSTEIN had left Yale University to go to California, either Los Angeles or Hollywood, in connection with the production of a motion picture regarding the book recently written by him.

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LEADS

\*NEW YORK:

At New York, New York

Will, through pursual of New York file 105-51614 and facts developed during course of that investigation, attempt to ascertain whether ALLARD K. LOWENSTEIN could be individual referred to us [redacted] (LNU) who was to write an article regarding MARTIN LUTHER KING.

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LOS ANGELES:

At Hollywood or Los Angeles, California

Will, through discreet contact with established reliable sources in film industry, attempt to verify presence of ALLARD K. LOWENSTEIN at Hollywood or Los Angeles.

If presence verified, will ascertain circumstances surrounding his affiliation with film industry.

NH 100-18280

NEW HAVEN:

Will attempt to locate a photograph of ALLARD KENNETH  
LOWENSTEIN.

1/15/65

AIRTEL

TO: SAC, NEW YORK (100-131666)

FROM: SAC, JACKSON (100-431) (P)

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST PARTY, USA  
SOUTHERN REGION

IS - C

OO: NY

✓ COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN  
RACIAL MATTERS

IS - C

OO: NY

RE:

Re New Orleans airtel to the Bureau 1/8/65.

Copies of this communication furnished New Orleans in view of their interest in this matter.

Investigation conducted at Natchez, Mississippi on 1/14/65 failed to reveal anyone named  or (FNU)  associated with Council of Federated Organizations (COFO) at this location.

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- ④ - New York  
(2-100-131666) (Sub J) (CP, USA, SOUTHERN REGION) (RM)  
(1-CIRM) (RM)  
(1-) (RM)
- 3 - New Orleans  
(2-199-4) (CP, USA) (RM)  
(1-100-17122) (CIRM) (RM)
- 3 - Jackson  
(1-100-21) (1-100-57)  
(1-100-431)

JRP:wjd  
(10)

*Handled by #47*  
*CP*

100-153735 ✓  
*5*

JN 100-431

A search of Jackson indices on 1/14/65 reflected that the name [redacted] Student Non-Violet Coordinating Committee (SNCC), residence, New York, appeared on a list of participants in Mississippi Summer Project captioned "Mississippi Staff, May, 1964," furnished by Sheriff J. M. ASH, Holly Springs, (Marshall County), Mississippi.

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On 6/22/64 [redacted] [redacted] Hamilton, Ohio, (Protect Identity) made available papers descriptive of COFO operations, one of which set forth the name [redacted] as a member of a COFO Personnel Committee working in Mississippi.

The Bureau was advised on 10/26/64 under caption, "UNSUBS; Officers of Jackson, Mississippi Police Department; [redacted] ET AL - VICTIMS, CR - EL," that no complaint had been received and no investigation was being conducted at Jackson regarding arrests of individuals on 10/24/64 by the Jackson Police Department charged with "Distributing Handbills Without a Permit," the handbills in question concerned voter registration matters.

Jackson indices reflected negatively for [redacted]

[redacted] and Sergeant [redacted]

On 1/14/65 [redacted] staff worker, COFO, 1017 Lynch Street, Jackson, Mississippi advised that since approximately February, 1964 [redacted] had been associated with COFO at Jackson, Mississippi as a staff worker with SNCC. She stated this person was headquartered at Jackson and has worked in various districts in Mississippi in connection with urging voter registration and working with freedom schools although she has no specific assignment. She added that [redacted] was occasionally in and out of the state in addition to her travels around the state. She stated her residence would be considered [redacted] Street, Jackson, Mississippi. [redacted] stated a Negro male named [redacted] (FNU) was unknown to her as associated with COFO in Mississippi.

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JN 100-431 .

LEADS:

NEW YORK DIVISION

AT NEW YORK CITY, NEW YORK

Through logical sources will attempt to determine pertinent background information pertaining to [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]

JACKSON DIVISION

AT JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

Will through appropriate sources follow pertinent activity of [REDACTED]

b6  
b7c

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : SAC, New York (100-153735)

DATE: 1/15/65

✓ FROM : Director, FBI (100-442529)

SUBJECT: CIRM

ReBulet 11/18/64 which advised of a forthcoming national conference of top Negro leaders scheduled to take place in Washington, D. C., during January, 1965. The Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), had plans to have certain of its members from various parts of the U. S. attend such a conference. Recipient offices were instructed to make every possible effort to identify all Party people who intended to attend the conference and determine the roles they plan to play. Consideration was to be given to the designation of certain informants who might be able to attend as Party members so that the necessary coverage might be effected concerning Party attempts at influencing the conference.

NYairtel 1/11/65, copies only to WFO, "Cominfil, Negro-American Labor Council, IS - C," forwarded a letterhead memorandum which reported on 1/10/65 meeting of the National Board, Negro-American Labor Council (NALC). It was decided that that organization's "State of the Race" conference originally scheduled for Washington, D. C., will now be held in New York City at the Riverside Church, 1/30-31/65. According to the Bureau's source, the CPUSA will not be invited or allowed to attend the conference.

Notwithstanding the reported efforts on the part of the NALC to keep Party people away from its conference, we must be alert to any Party efforts to have its people at the conference and in any way attempt to influence it. The Bureau is therefore reiterating its instructions contained in the 11/18/64 letter. The Bureau should be kept promptly advised of all pertinent developments.

- 2 - Baltimore (100-23443)
- 2 - Boston (100-35427)
- 2 - Chicago (100-41324)
- 2 - Detroit (100-32457)
- 2 - Philadelphia (100-47672)
- 2 - WFO (100-43710)

100-153735-827

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JAN 15 1965	
FBI - NEW YORK	

Seaton  
hangry



1/15/65

Airtel

To: SACs, Atlanta (100-6670)  
New York (100-153735)

From: Director, FBI (100-442529)

CIRLI

Re WFO airtel, copies to New York and Atlanta, 1/14/65, which reported that an unidentified male had visited with two Washington, D. C., attorneys 1/11/65. The attorneys have for some time been very close to the communist movement. The unidentified individual is apparently active in the civil rights movement and, because of his contact with the Washington attorneys, his identity should be determined.

As Atlanta and New York are aware, several individuals associated with the Southern Christian Leadership Conference were in Washington on 1/11/65. They included Martin Luther King, Jr., [redacted] and Randolph Blackwell.

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Efforts should be made to identify the individual in question. For possible additional assistance, note that according to WFO the visit of the unidentified male to the Washington attorneys was from 3:45 p.m. to 4:03 p.m.

It is suggested that if the unidentified individual's identity is not readily determined, Atlanta should set out leads to other southern offices in view of the southern background of the individual as reported in reairtel.

Keep the Bureau promptly advised of all developments.

1 - WFO (100-43710)

100-153735-108

*Seaton*  
*fr*

*Hand  
1/16/65*

*Hand*

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : SAC, New York (100-153735)

DATE: 1/18/65

✓ FROM : Director, FBI (100-442529)

SUBJECT: CIRM

ReTAirtel, copies to New York, 1/14/65. Enclosed was a letterhead memorandum (LHM) which reported that an employee of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) in Atlanta, Georgia, had requested that a 500-word speech of Bayard Rustin's on "World Peace" be sent to the SCLC.

Recipient offices should attempt to discreetly obtain a copy of the speech and submit a brief summary of it in an LHM. The first office obtaining the speech should immediately notify the Bureau and other office so as to possibly avoid a duplicate of effort.

2 - Atlanta (100-6670)

100-153735-879

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 18 1965	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*Seaton*





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Chicago, Illinois  
January 18, 1965

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE  
IN RACIAL MATTERS

Reference is made to communications dated January 6,  
and January 11, 1965, captioned as above at Chicago.

On January 15, 1965, a source advised that on the  
evening of January 14, 1965, the Executive Board of the Chicago  
Chapter, Negro American Labor Council (NALC), held a meeting in  
Chicago, Illinois, where [redacted]  
[redacted] NALC, announced that the NALC State of the Race  
Conference is now scheduled to be held January 30 and 31, 1965,  
at the Riverside Church, 116th Street and Morningside Heights  
Avenue, New York, New York.

Source further advised that [redacted] announced that only  
60 persons have been invited to attend this conference and more  
likely 40 of this 60 will in fact attend. [redacted] announced that  
it is expected that representatives from the "six big civil rights  
organizations in the country" will be represented at the confer-  
ence, including such organizations as the Urban League, Congress  
on Racial Equality (CORE), Student Non-violent Coordinating  
Committee (SNCC), National Association for the Advancement of  
Colored People (NAACP) and NALC.

b6  
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[redacted] announced that the five representatives at this  
conference from the NALC will be as follows:

[redacted]

A. Phillip Randolph  
(all of New York)

[redacted]

Detroit, Michigan

[redacted]

Chicago, Illinois

100-153735-880

Searched  
Serialized  
Indexed  
Filed

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Group 1

Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Source further advised that [redacted] is to be the only representative from the Chicago Chapter, NALC, in attendance at this conference. Source stated that no Communist Party (CP) of Illinois members also members of the Chicago Chapter, NALC, are scheduled to attend. Source further advised that [redacted] is not a member of the CP of Illinois and is not subject to the discipline or control of the CP of Illinois.

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Source further advised that in addition to the above, special invitations are also being sent to a limited number of prominent religious and civic leaders throughout the country inviting them to attend. Source advised that none of these individuals were identified by name.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Chicago, Illinois  
January 1<sup>st</sup>, 1965

Title                    COMMUNIST INFLUENCE  
                          IN RACIAL MATTERS

Character

Reference               Communication dated and captioned  
                          as above at Chicago, Illinois.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

F B I

Date: 1/18/65

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)  
FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (100-41324)  
CIRM CINAL

Re Chicago airtels 1/6 and 1/11/65 with LHM re National American Labor Council (NALC) State of the Race Conference.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are seven copies of a LHM and appropriate copies for other offices listed which contain information indicating that the NALC State of the Race Conference is now scheduled to be held 1/30-31/65 at Riverside Church, 116th Street and Morningside Heights Avenue, New York City.

The information incorporated in the enclosed LHM was received on 1/15/65 from [redacted]

- 5 - Bureau (Enc. 7)(RM)
  - 1-100- (NALC)
- 3 - Detroit (Enc. 3)(RM)
  - 1-100- (NALC)
  - 1-100- [redacted]
- 2 - New York (100-153735)(Enc. 2)(RM)
  - 1-100-139834 (NALC)
- 2 - Washington Field (Enc. 2)(RM)
  - 1-100- (NALC)
- 5 - Chicago
  - 1-100-36644 (CHICAGO CHAPTER, NALC)
  - 1-100-35159 [redacted]
  - 1-100-32207 (CINAL)
  - 1- [redacted]

INDEX PAGE 1  
LHM  
[initials]

b6  
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b7D

DET:mec  
(17)

*NY had handled in  
letter on 1/25/65  
[initials]*

100-153735-88

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 20 1965	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*[Handwritten signatures and initials over stamp]*

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge



CG 100-41324

The LHM is classified ~~confidential~~ because it contains data received from a confidential informant of continue value; the unauthorized disclosure of this information would tend to identify this informant and impair his future effectiveness.

LEADS

Detroit and New York will furnish any subversive derogatory information concerning the individuals indicated in LHM from their area who are scheduled to attend this conference. As indicated in LHM, [redacted] and A. PHILLIP RANDOLPH were to attend as New York NALC representatives; [redacted] of Detroit, Michigan, is scheduled to attend this conference as a representative from the Detroit NALC.

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Two copies are being furnished to Washington Field for their information inasmuch as previous discussions concerning the State of the Race Conference indicated this conference was to be held at Howard University, Washington, D.C.

MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC, NEW YORK (100-26603) DATE: 1/19/65

FROM: SA JOHN F. LANGTRY

SUBJECT: CP, USA - NYD  
IS - C

Identity of Source: [redacted] who has furnished reliable info in past (conceal)

Description of info: CP USA New York District Board meeting held in New York City, 12/21/64

Date received: 12/29/64

Received by: SA JOHN F. LANGTRY (oral)

Original location: [redacted]

b6  
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b7D

Information furnished by informant was dictated by SA LANGTRY to [redacted] on 12/30/64; transcribed on 1/5/65 and authenticated by informant on 1/13/65.

A copy of informant's report follows:

- 1 - [redacted]
- 1 - NY 100-128814 (CP USA, NYD ORGANIZATION)(42)
- 1 - NY 100-128823 (CP USA, NYD DOMESTIC ADMINISTRATION)(42)
- 1 - NY 100-153735 (CP USA, NYD RACIAL MATTERS)(42)
- 1 - NY 100-27452 (BOB THOMPSON)(42)
- 1 - NY 100-228 ([redacted])(41)
- 1 - NY 100-117158 [redacted]
- 1 - NY 100-67670 [redacted]
- 1 - NY 100-13483 [redacted]
- 1 - NY 100-48969 [redacted] 7)
- 1 - NY 100-47060 [redacted]
- 1 - NY 100-10113 [redacted] (46)
- 1 - NY 100-62050 [redacted]
- 1 - NY 100-56 (MIKE DAVIDOW)(42)
- 1 - NY 100-128388 (REV. GALAMISON)(47)
- 1 - NY 100-91911 (JESSIE GRAY)(46)
- 1 - NY 100-79303 (CORE)(43)
- 1 - NY 100-151987 (DU BOIS CLUBS)(42)

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JFL:bca  
(20)

*[Handwritten signature]*

100-153735-884

Searched ---	Indexed ---
Serialized ---	Filed ---
JAN 19 1965	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*[Handwritten initials]*

NY 100-26603

December 29, 1964

A Communist Party, USA (CPUSA) New York District Board meeting was held at the Central Plaza Annex, Room EB on 12/21/64. Those CP members present included:

[REDACTED]

BOB THOMPSON

[REDACTED]

MIKE DAVIDOW

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[REDACTED] acted as chairman for this meeting and stated that MIKE DAVIDOW would make the report on the school situation in New York City.

DAVIDOW's report consisted of a review of the Allen Report put out by the Chairman of the New York State Education Board. DAVIDOW praised this report and stated that of all the reports he had read, this one made the most sense. However, the civil rights groups did not agree with the Allen Report, especially CORE.

DAVIDOW then mentioned that the Reverend GALAMISON was planning a school boycott in February which would affect "600 Negro schools". He stated that the schools affected would be in predominantly Negro neighborhoods and very few white pupils would be involved.

NY 100-26603

DAVIDOW mentioned that the Party was against this boycott since there was no unity between GALAMISON's group and the other civil rights organizations. This was desperately needed, a unity between all organizations, to carry off a successful operation. However, he stated that if GALAMISON did start the boycott, although the Party disagreed with the idea, it would support GALAMISON's group.

DAVIDOW warned that if GALAMISON or other civil rights groups were not careful, there could be a backlash brought on by one of the organizations called PAT. He stated that this organization would counterattack against the GALAMISON idea and, in his opinion, they had one of the best political action groups in the city.

[redacted] made a supplementary report and stated that she believed that the boycott was scheduled for February 3rd. However, those taking part in it were finding it difficult to set up "freedom schools" and it was their plan at the present time to take the children out of school for the day and to take them to various business organizations to show them how these business groups worked. She stated that GALAMISON was obtaining support from the nine Du Bois Clubs in New York, a section of CORE, JESSIE GRAY's organization, and the Harlem Parents Committee.

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[redacted] stated that she was against the boycott and that there was actually a real danger in it because the Negro students taken out of school would be losing part of their education, while the white schools would not be involved and would know nothing about what the Negroes were fighting for. She stated that the trade unions should become involved in this fight for school integration and that the Party should set up a committee to make the trade unions aware of what was going on. However, she agreed that they could not wait for trade union support.

NY 100-26603

[redacted] disagreed with the boycott and stated that she felt that this was not the property of one man, but that all civil rights groups and movements should become involved in this fight. The question of tactics would then be up to not one person but to all organizations to carry out their fight in the best way possible. She also stated that instead of having an all-day boycott at a certain number of schools, they should have a school stoppage of one to two hours at all schools in New York City.

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BOB THOMPSON and [redacted] agreed with [redacted] ideas on the school boycott issues.

1/19/65

Airtel

To: SACs, New Haven (100-13290)  
Los Angeles (100-66078)

From: Director, FBI (100-442529)

CIRM

ReNYlet, 1/15/65, copies to recipients instant communication.

The specific matter involved in the phase of captioned investigation discussed in relet is that pertaining to the identification of one [redacted] (LNU) who is an apparent close associate of Martin Luther King, Jr. This [redacted] had been in contact in November, 1964, with King relative to furnishing King some speech material. [redacted] had also indicated at that time that he had just written an article for King and that it had gone all over the world. Bureau investigation has been directed to identify the [redacted] involved and to obtain specifics concerning any article he had written for King.

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The New Haven investigation to date, as outlined in relet, points to one Allard E. Lowenstein as possibly identical to [redacted] (LNU). Investigation disclosed that Lowenstein has apparently moved from Connecticut to California and lead was set out in relet for the Los Angeles Office, at Hollywood or Los Angeles, to discreetly attempt to verify the presence of Lowenstein. If presence verified, a lead is also set out to ascertain the circumstances surrounding his affiliation with the film industry, it being noted that Lowenstein is reported to have recently completed the writing of a novel and that a motion picture company had offered to produce the novel.

1 - Atlanta (100-6670)  
1 - New York (100-153735)

*[Handwritten signature]*  
100-153735-4 (30)

Airtel to SACs, New Haven and Los Angeles  
RE: CIRM  
100-442529

It does not appear to the Bureau, on the basis of the facts known, that there is sufficient justification for the investigation requested of the Los Angeles Office. Los Angeles is instructed to disregard the leads set forth in relet. New Haven, if it believes these leads are fully justified, should furnish such justification to the Bureau after which the Bureau will further consider this matter.

New Haven also note that relet sets out a lead for the New York Office to ascertain whether Lowenstein is identical to [ ] (LNU) "who was to write an article regarding Martin Luther King." The Bureau is unaware of any prior information to the effect that [ ] (LNU) was to write an article regarding King. The reports known to the Bureau were that [ ] was to be a contributor to a speech being prepared by King and that [ ] had written an article for King which had reportedly "gone all over the world." In the event the New Haven Office has any information to the effect that [ ] was to write an article regarding King, such information should be furnished the Bureau.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

New York, New York  
January 19, 1965

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

NY 157-892

Picketing Demonstrations at  
Department of Welfare Headquarters,  
New York City, and at City Hall,  
New York City, January 18, 1965  
Racial Matters

Detectives [redacted] and [redacted], Bureau  
of Special Services, New York City Police Department, furnished  
the following information on January 18, 1965:

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Jesse Gray, Director of the Community Council on  
Housing, 60 East 117th Street, New York City, and about 20  
of his supporters picketed headquarters of the New York City  
Department of Welfare, 250 Church Street, New York City, on  
January 18, 1965, commencing at 2:10 p.m. At 2:20 p.m., some  
of the demonstrators entered the building and went into the  
elevators. However, the elevator operators were ordered not  
to run the elevators until Welfare Commissioner Dumpson  
consented to meet with Jesse Gray in the former's office.

Jesse Gray and Welfare Commissioner Dumpson conferred  
for about 30 minutes. The picketing demonstration at 250  
Church Street, was discontinued at 3:30 p.m. On leaving  
the premises, Jesse Gray made the statement that he had  
discussed with Welfare Commissioner Dumpson, slum and  
unlivable housing conditions in Harlem, New York City, and  
the need for better welfare services. He said also that he  
supported the striking welfare workers.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
~~Group I~~  
Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification

Searched \_\_\_\_\_  
Serialized \_\_\_\_\_  
100-153735-584

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions  
of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of  
the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency;  
it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Picketing Demonstrations at  
Department of Welfare Headquarters,  
New York City, and at City Hall,  
New York City, January 18, 1965

From there Jesse Gray and his group went up to City Hall to participate in the picketing demonstration conducted by welfare workers and union members. The demonstration at City Hall commenced at about 4:00 p.m., on the same day, and terminated at 6:15 p.m. A peak number of approximately 3,500 pickets demonstrated during this period. The labor organizations responsible on the picket line were the following:

Social Service Employees Union  
State, County and Municipal Employees Union  
Seafarers International Union  
District 65, Retail and Wholesale Department Store Union  
Local 1199, Drug and Wholesale Employees Union

No incidents of violence or arrests were reported by Bureau of Special Services.

A confidential source who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on November 20, 1958, that Jesse Gray had been the organizer for the Harlem Region of the Communist Party (CP), but this position was terminated during November, 1958.

A second confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on January 24, 1964, that according to William L. Patterson, Chairman of the New York District CP, Jesse Gray is no longer a member of the CP, but is friendly to the Party.

The "New York Times", August 19, 1964, page 16, sets forth the following information concerning Jesse Gray:

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Picketing Demonstrations at  
Department of Welfare Headquarters,  
New York City, and at City Hall,  
New York City, January 18, 1965

"One of the most militant workers in the city is Jesse Gray, director of the Community Council on Housing and organizer of the Harlem Rent Strike... The council, latest in a series of groups Mr. Gray has organized in 10 years of battling slumlords, claims 2,000 members, among whom 400 pay \$1.00 monthly dues....Mr. Gray said about 300 buildings were involved in rent strike but observers could not find that many.... Started rent-strike strategy when he discovered one cold morning that there was no heat in his apartment...Tried to make the strike city-wide, but failed to rally enough support...Supported abortive stall-in at World's Fair and called for guerrilla warfare after recent rioting...given to protest rallies, publicity with shock value and charges of police brutality...Born in Baton Rouge, La. 40 years ago...Lives in Harlem...Lost campaign for a Democratic district leadership in 1961".

- 3 -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1/19/65

AIRTEL

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (157-6-34)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (157-892)

SUBJECT: PICKETING DEMONSTRATIONS AT  
DEPARTMENT OF WELFARE  
HEADQUARTERS, NEW YORK CITY,  
AND AT CITY HALL, NEW YORK CITY  
1/18/65  
RACIAL MATTERS

ReNYtel to Bureau, 1/18/65, entitled "RACIAL  
SITUATION, NEW YORK DIVISION; RACIAL MATTERS".

Enclosed for the Bureau are eight copies of a  
letterhead memorandum in above case.

Detectives [redacted] BSS,  
NYCPD, furnished information herein to SA [redacted]

Sources utilized in attached letterhead memorandum  
are identified as follows:

b6  
b7C  
b7D

Source #1 [redacted]  
Source #2 [redacted]

This letterhead memorandum is classified "~~Confidential~~"  
to protect identity of above sources. Unauthorized disclosure  
of information attributed to these informants might impair  
their future effectiveness, and such impairment could have  
an adverse effect on the national defense interest.

- 1 - Bureau (Encls. 8) (RM)  
(1-100-442529) (CIRM)
- 1 - New York (100-91911) (JESSE GRAY) (#42)
- 1 - New York (100-153735) (CIRM) (#42)
- 1 - New York

VJA:cam  
(3)

1 - Supervisor #42

100-153735-885

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
JAN 19 1965	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*[Handwritten signatures and initials over the stamp]*

NY 157-892

The above demonstrations are reported jointly for the reason that they followed each other and were all part of a planned demonstration in support of welfare strikers, New York City. They are reported under Racial Matters here because of the part played therein by JESSE GRAY, Racial Leader, New York City.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : SAC, New York (100-153735)

DATE: 1/21/65

✓ FROM : Director, FBI (100-442529)

SUBJECT: CIRM

As recipient offices are aware, the Bureau is very much desirous of obtaining as much factual information as possible concerning the relationship between Martin Luther King, Jr., and Stanley David Levison. These individuals have occasionally had personal meetings and discreet coverage has obtained desirable intelligence. Attention is invited to the most recent Bureau communication relating to this specific matter, Buairtel 12/16/64.

Buairtel 1/14/65, copies to Atlanta, forwarded a letterhead memorandum of same date which reported a contact between [redacted] and Stanley Levison on 1/13/65. [redacted] instructed Levison to set aside the date of the 29th (presumably 1/29/65) on his calendar because a meeting of King's advisors would be held in New York City on that date. Recipient offices should be extremely alert to all information obtainable from sources available relative to the forthcoming meeting of King and his advisors. New York should commence making plans for most discreet coverage of principals involved so that in the event Levison does meet with King, the desired intelligence will be forthcoming. Of course, no action should be taken which could cause embarrassment to the Bureau or in any way alert unauthorized individuals of the Bureau interest.

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Keep the Bureau promptly advised of all pertinent developments.

2 - Atlanta (100-6670)

SEARCHED \_\_\_\_\_ INDEXED \_\_\_\_\_  
SERIALIZED \_\_\_\_\_ FILED \_\_\_\_\_  
JAN 20 1965  
FBI - NEW YORK



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : SAC, New York (100-153735)

DATE: 1/21/65

FROM : Director, FBI (100-442529)

SUBJECT: CIRM

The 1/12/65 issue of "The Washington Post and Times Herald" contained an article concerning a group of 21 lawyers who plan to assist the Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party in unseating the present congressmen elected from Mississippi. The project, which is referred to as: "Deposition Caravan," will involve the taking of depositions from Negro citizens who have been excluded from voting.

The article identified Morton Stavis of Newark, New Jersey, as National Coordinator of the group. Stavis has a long history of Communist Party (CP) affiliation in New Jersey. He was Executive Board member of the National Lawyers Guild from 1954 to 1962 and served as counsel for CP members in court and before House Committee on Un-American Activities hearings.

New York and Jackson should attempt to identify the other members of this group of 21 lawyers through reliable sources in order to ascertain the extent of communist involvement. This inquiry should be conducted in a discreet manner and no action should be taken which might indicate an active investigation is being conducted.

2 - Jackson (100-47)

100-153735-857

SEARCHED \_\_\_\_\_ INDEXED \_\_\_\_\_  
SERIALIZED \_\_\_\_\_ FILED \_\_\_\_\_  
JAN 20 1965  
FBI - NEW YORK

SPATE

100



SAC, NEW YORK (100-26603-31957)

1/22/65

SA JOHN F. MAHER (47)

CROWN HEIGHTS SECTION  
KINGS COUNTY CP  
IS-3

Identity of Source:

Description of Info: Meeting of Peace Club,  
Crown Heights Section  
CP, at Brooklyn, NY,  
1/5/65.

Date Received: 1/6/65

Original Located:

b6  
b7C  
b7D

A copy of informant's report follows:

- 1 - New York  (47)
- 1 - New York (100-92008)  (7)
- 1 - New York (100-140850)
- 1 - New York (100-67348) (47)
- 1 - New York (100-145919) (47)
- 1 - New York (100-80334)
- 1 - New York (100-26603-043) (KINGS COUNTY CP) (47)
- 1 - New York (100-12511) (CP, USA, NYD, INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS)
- 1 - New York (100-153735) (DOMESTIC RACIAL MATTERS) (42)
- 1 - New York (100-26603-31957) (47)

J.M: tml  
(10)

100-153735-888

Searched....Indexed.....  
Serialized....Filed.....

JAN 22 1965  
FBI NEW YORK

*J. Seaton*

1/6/65

A meeting of the Peace Club, Crown Heights Section, Communist Party (CP) was held at the residence of [redacted] Street, Brooklyn, NY, on the evening of 1/5/65, between the hours of 8:30 p.m. and 10:45 p.m.

The following were in attendance:



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The meeting was devoted to a discussion on the recent letter of Mr. TOGLIATTI, former head of the CP Italy, in which it was recommended that Communist Parties in all countries be granted a greater amount of freedom of action from the CP of the Soviet Union.

[redacted] spoke on this subject.

[redacted] stated that it is his belief that the criticism of the Soviet Union implied in TOGLIATTI's letter is correct. He stated that he believes that the reason that the CP in the United States does not gain in membership and importance is because it always refers to the thinking of the CP of the Soviet Union. He pointed out that it is difficult to convince Americans who are living in a prosperous country to change the American governmental and economic system to the socialism as practiced in the Soviet Union when most Americans feel that they have a better system than the Soviet Union.

[redacted] mentioned that if he were a CP leader he would approach the problems of the CP differently in that he would not always be referring to the Soviet Union because it gives people the impression that the CP in the United States is a puppet of the CP of the Soviet Union. He stated that it is his belief that this is one of the main reasons why most people are not attracted to the CP. [redacted] pointed out that even CP members in the US are living well and it is therefore hard for them to convince people to change the American system to a socialist system or to recruit people into the CP.

b6  
b7C

[redacted] related that the only way to bring about socialism in the US is by convincing working people and minority groups that their living and working conditions would be better under



socialism. He mentioned that the CP failed to capitalize on the great opportunity presented by the Negro Revolution. He pointed out that the Negro people did not look to the CP for leadership but instead looked to religious leaders such as the Rev. MARTIN LUTHER KING. He stated that the Negro people are a religious group as a whole while religion in the Soviet Union has broken down.

[ ] stated that it is his belief that one of the best methods of attracting Americans to socialism is in the teaching of the young. He mentioned that gains have been made in this manner but the teaching must be done in a sneaky manner and not openly.

The others in attendance disagreed with [ ] but stated that his ideas will give them something to think about. They agreed that [ ] criticism of the Soviet Union was uncalled for. [ ] expressed anger at [ ] for his criticism of the Soviet Union.

b6  
b7C

It was mentioned that the next meeting of the Peace Club would be held on 1/19/65, at [ ]'s place.

File—Serial Charge Out  
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

48-16-83475-1 GPO.

File 100 (53735) Date 5/4/77  
Class. Case No. Last Serial

Pending  Closed

Serial No. Description of Serial Date Charged

889 Serial sent to Bureau, per  
Buairtel to NY, dtd. 4/12/77,  
titled; Bernard S. Lee v.  
Clarence M. Kelley, et. al.  
Bufile 62-117194d

Section #23

Employee

RECHARGE

Date

To \_\_\_\_\_ From \_\_\_\_\_

Initials of Clerk

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Date Charged

Employee

Location



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York  
January 21, 1965

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Bureau 100-106670

~~SECRET~~

Martin Luther King, Jr.  
Security Matter - C

On January 20, 1965, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished information indicating that Dora Mc Donald (Secretary to Martin Luther King, President of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, SCLC) was in contact with Jo Ann Mc Cloud (a Secretary in the law firm of Clarence Jones) on January 20, 1965. Mc Donald advised that she was interested to know what Jones had done on the article he was to write for King. The article, the source said, was to deal with Nehru (former Prime Minister of India) and is to be published in India. Mc Donald told Mc Cloud to urge Jones to finish the article because there had been many inquiries as to when it would be completed.

~~SECRET~~

~~Group 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification~~

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Searched \_\_\_\_\_  
Serialized   D    
Indexed   /    
Filed \_\_\_\_\_

100-153235-890

~~SECRET~~

Martin Luther King, Jr.

Clarence Jones is the General Counsel to the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, 15 East 40th Street, New York, New York.

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on February 26, 1957, that he identified a photograph of Clarence Jones as a person whom he knew during late 1953 or early 1954 to be a member of and in a position of leadership in the Labor Youth League.

The Labor Youth League has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

~~SECRET~~

F B I

Date: 1/21/65

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

OK

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-136585)

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.  
SM - C

Enclosed are 6 copies of a LHM, captioned and dated as above; two copies are enclosed for Atlanta.

The source of the information in the LHM was NY 4092-S\*, a source close to CLARENCE JONES.

The source of the characterization of CLARENCE JONES was \_\_\_\_\_

b6  
b7C  
b7D

This LHM is classified "~~Secret~~" because it contains information from NY 4092-S\*, a source who has furnished highly sensitive information with respect to the racial question in NY; and the Communist infiltration thereof. In view of this, the ~~Secret~~ classification is deemed necessary.

- 4 - Bureau (Encls. 6)(RM)  
(1 - 100-442529)(CIRM)
- 2 - Atlanta (100-5586)(MARTIN LUTHER KINGS, JR.)(Encls. 2)(RM)  
(1 - 100-6670)(CIRM)
- 1 - New York (100-73250) \_\_\_\_\_ (42)
- 1 - New York (100-149194)(SCLC)(41)
- ① - New York (100-153735)(CIRM)(42)
- 1 - New York

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JMK:bca  
(12)

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent

100-153735-891

SEARCHED _____	INDEXED _____
SERIALIZED _____	FILED _____
JAN 21 1965	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*[Signature]*

*JMK*



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Bufile 157-6-34  
NYfile 157-1344

New York, New York  
January 22, 1965

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Proposed Boycott of New York City  
Schools by City-Wide Committee for  
Integrated Schools, February, 1965  
Racial Matters

Detective [redacted] Bureau of Special Services,  
New York City Police Department, furnished following information  
January 20, 1965:

The Corporation Counsel's Office, City of New York, on  
January 20, 1965, obtained a show cause order prohibiting  
picketing in front of any public schools in the City of New York  
against the following leaders of organizations alleged to be  
participating in the City-Wide Committee for Integrated Schools,  
of which Milton Galamison is Chairman:

Milton Galamison  
Chairman  
City-Wide Committee for Inegrated Schools  
Brooklyn, New York

b6  
b7C

Jesse Gray  
Director  
Community Council on Housing  
6 East 117th Street  
New York City

[redacted]  
Congress of Racial Equality  
New York City

100 - 153 235-892

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Group I  
Excluded from  
automatic downgrading  
and declassification

This document contains neither recommendations  
nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property  
of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and  
its contents are not to be distributed outside  
your agency.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Proposed Boycott of New York City  
Schools by City-Wide Committee for  
Integrated Schools, February, 1965  
Racial Matters

[REDACTED]  
EQUAL  
New York City

[REDACTED]  
Harlem Parents Committee  
New York City

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[REDACTED]  
Harlem Parents Committee

Milton Galamison was arrested January 20, 1965, by Chief Attendance Officer [REDACTED] Board of Education, Brooklyn, New York, and charged with violation of Section 3212, Sub-Divisions 5A and 5B of State Education Law, for inducing minor to absent himself from school and harboring such truant. Galamison appeared in Family Court, School Part, Brooklyn, New York, January 20, 1965. He was released without bail and the case was adjourned until February 3, 1965. Also, on January 20, 1965, Milton Galamison was served with the show cause order referred to above. This order is answerable on January 22, 1965.

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on November 20, 1958, that Jesse Gray had been the organizer for the Harlem Region of the Communist Party (CP), but this position terminated during November, 1958.

A second confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on January 24, 1964, that according to William Patterson, Chairman of the New York District, CP, Jesse Gray is no longer a CP member but is friendly to the CP.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

F B I

Date: 1/22/65

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL  
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (157-6-34)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (157-1344)

SUBJECT: PROPOSED BOYCOTT OF NYC SCHOOLS  
BY CITY-WIDE COMMITTEE FOR  
INTEGRATED SCHOOLS  
FEBRUARY, 1965  
RACIAL MATTERS  
(OO: NY)

ReNYtels to Bureau dated 1/20/65.

Enclosed for Bureau are 10 copies of LHM in above case.

herein to SA [redacted] Detective [redacted] furnished information

Confidential sources utilized in attached LHM are identified as follows:

First Source is [redacted]  
Second Source is [redacted]

This LHM is classified "~~Confidential~~" to protect identities of above informants. Unauthorized disclosure of information furnished by these informants may impair their future effectiveness and such impairment could have an adverse effect on the national defense interests.

4-Bureau (157-6-34) (Encls. 10) (RM)  
(1-100-442529)

1-NY 100-153735 (CIRM) (42)

1-NY 157-892 (RACIAL SITUATION, NY DIVISION) (42)

1-NY 100-91911 (JESSE GRAY) (42)

1-NY 100-128388 (MILTON GALAMISON) (42)

1-NY 157-1350 (CWCIS) (42)

1-NY 157-1223 (CORE) (42)

1-NY 157-1189 (EQUAL) (42)

1-NY 157-1344

VJA:mfw (42)

(17)

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
42 JAN 22 1965	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*[Handwritten signature]*

100-153735-893  
1-NY 100-154531 [redacted] (47)  
1-NY 157-1352 (HARLEM PARENTS  
COMMITTEE) (42)  
1-NY 100-153481 [redacted] (45)  
1-NY 157- [redacted] (2)

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b6  
b7C

42



# Transfer Sheet

File 100 153735 Date 4/23  
Class. Case No. Last Serial

Pending  Closed

Serial No. Description of Serial Date Charged

894 Miami report 1/25/65 trans-  
ferred per S. A. J. Seaton  
#142 to 100-153735-Sub A30

*[Signature]*

Employee

RECHARGE

Date \_\_\_\_\_

To \_\_\_\_\_ From \_\_\_\_\_

Date charged

Employee

Location

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT  
M E M O R A N D U M

TO : SAC, CHICAGO  
FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-97078)  
SUBJECT: NYEL-SWP-75  
IS - SWP

DATE: 1/25/65

- 2 - CHICAGO (65-645) (RM)
- (1 - 100-36519) (YSA)
- 1 - DETROIT (100- [redacted]) (RM)
- 2 - MINNEAPOLIS (100-1246) (RM)
- (1 - 100-11696) (YSA)
- 2 - SAN FRANCISCO (61-380) (RM)
- (1 - 100-43450) (YSA)
- 1 - [redacted] (INV) (44)
- 1 - NY 100-93735
- 1 - NY 100-93935 (44)
- 1 - NY 100-138094
- 1 - NY 100-132776 (4)
- 1 - NY 100-92801
- 1 - NY 100-134938
- 1 - NY 100-25635 (44)
- 1 - NY 100-140516 (4)
- 1 - NY 100-146125 (4)
- 1 - NY 100-149325 (44)
- 1 - NY 100-140515 (4)
- 1 - NY 100-112275
- 1 - NY 100-148705 (4)
- 1 - NY 100-147905 (4)
- 1 - NY 100-133468
- 1 - NY 100-112158
- 1 - NY 100-148205 (4)
- 1 - NY 100-118388 (4)
- 1 - NY 100-152485
- 1 - NY 100-154072 (4)
- 1 - NY 100-125745 (4)
- 1 - NY 100-92522 (4)
- 1 - NY 100-26400 (4)
- 1 - NY 100-148541 (4)
- 1 - NY 100-111766 (4)

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MA  
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(COPIES CONT'D ON NEXT PAGE)

1 - NY 100-97078 (44)

AJG:rvs  
(44) *Yuv*

100-153735-895  
INDEXED  
FILED  
JAN 25 1965  
NEW YORK  
*ea*

NY 100-97078

Identity of source: [redacted] who has furnished reliable info in the past (conceal)

Description of info: Meeting NY Local, SWP, 1/6/65, 116 University Pl., NYC

Date received: 1/11/65

Received by: SA ARTHUR J. GREENE, JR. (written)

Original location: [redacted]

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A copy of informant's written report follows:

(COPIES CONT'D)

1 - NY 100-152079 [redacted] (44)  
1 - NY 100-152371 [redacted] (44)  
1 - NY 100-152062 [redacted] (44)  
1 - NY 105-8999 (MALCOLM X LITTLE) (43)  
1 - NY 100-153735 (GIRM) (42)  
1 - NY 100-140645 [redacted] (44)  
1 - NY 100-133479 (YSA) (44)  
1 - NY 100-153099 [redacted] (44)  
1 - NY 100-137560 [redacted] (44)  
1 - NY 100-153227 [redacted] (44)

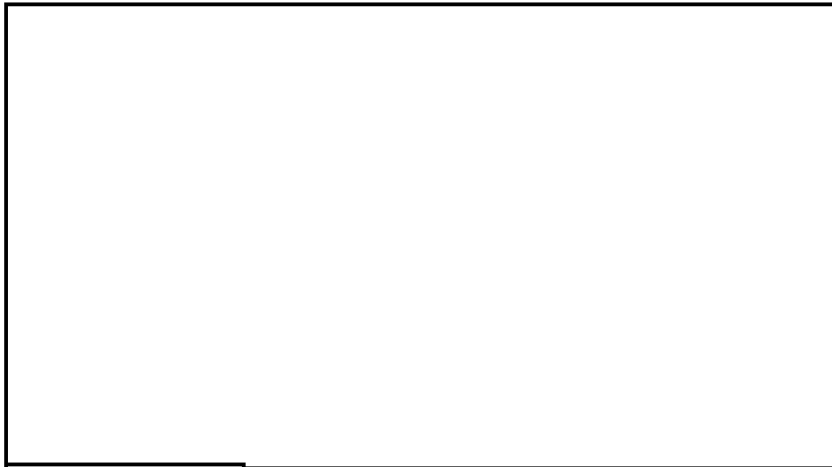
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NY 100-97078

Report Written January 6, 1964

Meeting Socialist Workers Party New York Local  
116 University Place, New York, NY January 6, 1964

The following were present at the branch meeting of the  
New York Local:



new member) b6  
b7c

[redacted] YSA couple from Minn.

The chairman of the meeting was [redacted]  
recording secretary was [redacted] with [redacted] and  
[redacted] collecting dues and pledges.

An announcement was made by [redacted] on the  
success of the New Year's Eve party which netted the branch  
\$160.00 in profit.

[redacted] gave the last minute details of the  
Forum which this week will be on Thursday and will feature  
MALCOLM X speaking on the prospects for 1965. In dividuals  
were given specific assignments for the coverage of the meeting.  
All were instructed to dress with suit and tie for the occasion.

NY 100-97078

[redacted] gave the organizer's report. He said that the importance of the MALCOM meeting can not be over emphasized for the party. MALCOLM represents the best real opening for the party into the radical and militant elements of the Negro people and an opening to the ranks that the party wants to reach. He complimented the branch on the outcome of the New Year s Eve social where many contacts for the party were made. On membership he reported the transfer to Detroit of Comrade [redacted]

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He then read a communication from the National secretary o the call by the Bolivian Trotskyists for financial help from all of the Trotskyist parties in the Hemisphere. The letter said that according to the Bolivian Trotskyist the situation had opened up for the party now that the country has come under democratic leadership. The party supposedly has influence in the mining districts and funds are needed to bolster the organization so that it can cope with a rising revolutionary situation. The SWP has pledged a minimum of \$1,000 which will be sent by the party as an individual contribution to the Bolivian party in such a way as to skirt the Voorhis Act which supposedly prohibits money gifts of this nature.

[redacted] was appointed to be in charge of the collecting of funds from individual members who were called upon to make pledges. Almost \$200 was pledged that evening.

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After the intermission [redacted] gave a report on the YSA Convention which was held in Chicago over the New Years weekend. He reported that he had been removed from the YSA membership because of his age [redacted] He said that the new officers were [redacted] who is [redacted]

[redacted] He reported the membership as 240 with an attendance at the convention of 145. The Student orientation was retained. Among changes voted were the enlargement of the NO with additions for purpose of training. Two from Minnesota who had already arrived and two from Berkeley and one from Chicago who still had not arrived.

NY 100-97078

He reported that there was an amendment to the Constitution of the YSA to bring it more in line with that of the party. The Amendment was that Proportional Representation for the minority be discarded with minority representation being left to the decision of the Convention and the leaders of the youth.

1/29/65

MEMO

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-44263)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-312735)

SUBJECT: CUBA

Re Chicago airtel to Bureau, 1/10/65.

For your information re above information concerning [redacted] and A. [redacted] individuals. It is to be noted that in the referenced airtel, the individual referred to as [redacted] undoubtedly identical with [redacted] the Secretary, [redacted] [redacted] and Department of State, [redacted] 100-610.

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- 4 - Bureau (100-44263) (RM)
- (1 - 100- ) (RM)
- 2 - Chicago (100-41324) (RM)
- (1 - 100- ) (Chicago Chapter, RM)
- 1 - New York (100-152834) (RM) (RM)
- ① - New York (100-312735) (RM)

JCH:cm  
(9)  
*[Handwritten signature]*

*[Handwritten initials]*  
100-153235-846  
*[Handwritten signature]*

1/25/65

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)

SUBJECT: CIREI

ReBulet to Atlanta, 1/18/65.

With respect to item number 3 of referenced letter, the information in question can only be attributed to NY 694-S\*; this information has not been received from any other source. In view of the fact that the information concerning SNCC was obtained by NY 694-S\* from a conversation with ARNOLD JOHNSON, it is felt that this information might tend to identify this valuable informant. It is, therefore, being suggested that the information from NY 694-S\* concerning SNCC be retained in the Administrative Pages.

- 3 - Bureau (100-442529) (RM)
- 1 - Atlanta (100-6670) (Info) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-153735) (42)

JCS: gmd  
(6)

100-153735-897



SAC, NEW YORK (100-154073)

1/26/65

SAC, BOSTON (100-36020) (RUC)

CERM

SM - C

Re New York letter dated December 3, 1964 to Bureau, and New York airtel to Boston, December 31, 1964.

The following investigation was conducted by SA JOSEPH E. FINNEGAN:

Inquiry at [redacted] Ave., Cranston, Rhode Island on January 13, 1965 developed that the [redacted] family has not lived there for over ten years.

Captain [redacted] Detective Division, Cranston, Rhode Island Police Department, advised from his records on January 13, 1965 that [redacted] St., Providence, Rhode Island had been interrogated at 6:29 p.m. August 31, 1964 because he was trying to obtain gasoline at Del Bonis Service Station, 1487 Park Ave., Cranston, Rhode Island without funds. He was in the company of [redacted]. He had previous contacts with this police department on April 25, 1958 when found sleeping in a car, and on March 1, 1948 when arrested for motor vehicle violations.

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[redacted] St., Providence, Rhode Island, advised on January 15, 1965 that his son, [redacted] had been in prison until January, 1964 when he was paroled. He was returned to prison in September, 1964 for violation of parole. [redacted] stated that his son had not been out of the Providence, Rhode Island area since January, 1963. His mother is [redacted] and he has a sister, [redacted] Ave., East Providence, Rhode Island. He stated his son was born [redacted] and exhibited Merchant Marine Identification [redacted]

3 - New York (2 - 100-154073) (Enc. 1) (RM)

(1) 100-153735

1 - Boston (100-36020)

JPF:lc

(4)

100-153735-898

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 26 1965	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*[Handwritten signatures and initials over the stamp]*

BS 100-36020

Records of the Adult Correctional Institution,  
Cranston, Rhode Island, as reviewed on January 19, 1965  
showed [redacted] born

[redacted] 5'5", 155 pounds, blue eyes and brown hair,  
was committed at noon on September 5, 1964 for revocation  
of parole granted on February 11, 1964 on an 18 month  
sentence for larceny passed on July 2, 1963.

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A photograph of [redacted] taken February 11, 1964  
was obtained and is enclosed herewith.

**File-Serial Charge Out**

FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

048-16-83475-1 GPO.

File 100 153735 Date 5/4/77  
Class. Case No. Last Serial

Pending  Closed

Serial No. Description of Serial Date Charged

903-904 Serial sent to Bureau, per

901-902 Buairtel to NY, dtd. 4/12/77,

899-900 titled; Bernard S. Lee v.

906-905 Clarence M. Kelley, et. al.

Bufile 62-117194d

Section #23

Employee

RECHARGE

Date

To

From

Initials of Clerk

Date

Date Charged

Employee

Location

6-17PM CST URGENT 1-26-65 DL

TO DIRECTOR AND NEW YORK -1-

NEW YORK VIA WASHINGTON-ENCODED

FROM CHICAGO 262254

CIRM.

ON THIS DATE, [REDACTED] WHO HAS FURNISHED RELIABLE INFORMATION IN PAST, ADVISED IN CONVERSATION WITH [REDACTED] CP OF ILLINOIS [REDACTED] AND TWO OTHER CP MEMBERS ON JANUARY TWO FIVE LAST, [REDACTED] STATED HE HAS LEARNED FROM "RELIABLE AUTHORITY," NOT FURTHER IDENTIFIED, THAT PROGRESSIVE LABOR PARTY IN NEW YORK IS PLANNING ARMED REVOLT IN HARLEM BUT DID NOT ELABORATE FURTHER AS TO TIME, DATE OF POSSIBLE PARTICIPANTS.

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[REDACTED] ALSO STATED IT IS HIS BELIEF THAT FBI INFORMANTS WITHIN PLP HAVE HELPED PLAN THIS REVOLT AND THAT FBI-S IS TO PROVE U.S. COMMUNISTS ADVOCATE VIOLENT OVERTHROW OF U.S. GOVERNMENT INASMUCH AS PLP MEMBERS CONTINUALLY AND OPENLY STATE THEY ARE COMMUNISTS. SOURCE ADVISED TO BE ALERT FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

LHM FOLLOWS:

END  
 NY 9 JAA  
 FEI NEW YORK

*MW*

*CC placed  
 in 100-147372 (PLM)  
 44  
 new*

100-153735-907

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 27 1965	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*Seaton*



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Chicago, Illinois

January 27, 1965

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE  
IN RACIAL MATTERS

A source advised that on January 25, 1965, in conversation with [redacted] Illinois Communist Party (CP) [redacted] who are also members of the CP of Illinois, [redacted] stated that he has learned from "a reliable authority", not further identified, that the Progressive Labor Party in New York is planning an armed revolt in Harlem; however, [redacted] did not furnish any further details with respect to dates nor identify possible instigators of such action.

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Source further advised that [redacted] stated that since he knows of these plans for this revolt, the FBI with its informants within the Progressive Labor Party, certainly knows of this plan. [redacted] indicated that it is his belief that these informants have helped plan this revolt and that J. Edgar Hoover will use them to precipitate said revolt at a moment most advantageous to his purpose.

[redacted] also advised that the Director of the FBI's purpose in this matter is to prove that United States communists advocate the violent overthrow of the established United States Government inasmuch as Progressive Labor Party members continually and openly state that they are communists, and distinction is not made and will not be made by the FBI between the Progressive Labor Party and the Communist Party, USA. Source is unable to provide any further details in this matter.

Characterization of the Progressive Labor Movement is attached.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
Group I  
Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification

100-153735-908

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 28 1965	
FBI - NEW YORK	

JJ

**COMMUNIST INFLUENCE  
IN RACIAL MATTERS**

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1

APPENDIX

PROGRESSIVE LABOR MOVEMENT,  
Aka. Progressive Labor  
Party, "PROGRESSIVE LABOR"

A source advised on July 2, 1962, that Progressive Labor groups held a conference in New York City on July 1, 1962, where [ ] acted as chairman. He read a statement at this conference setting forth their intention to form a new Marxist-Leninist party in the United States. [ ] stated that a more formal organization was necessary, one which would provide a framework for all who wanted to join in a united effort to build an American vanguard. The forces of this new organization are to consolidate all existing forces and organize additional forces, expand and improve political activities, win additional forces to an outlook of Marxism-Leninism and increase the open advocacy of socialism, develop a significant Marxist-Leninist program for the new party, and organize a collective organization of leaders and members.

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"The Worker," an east coast communist newspaper, issue of January 7, 1962, page ten, column three, reported the expulsion of MILTON ROSEN, former Labor Secretary of the New York State Communist Party, USA.

A second and third source advised in February, 1963, that this new Marxist-Leninist party had not yet been organized on a formal basis, but that Progressive Labor groups had been formed in several localities in line with the proposals of [ ]. The sources advised as of February, 1963, that the leaders of this group were referring to it as the Progressive Labor Movement.

A fourth source advised on March 15, 1964, that the Progressive Labor Movement follows, supports and is politically orientated toward the Communist Party line of Red China rather than that of the Soviet Union.

A fifth source advised on March 28, 1964, that at a Progressive Labor Movement meeting held in New York City on that date, it was announced that the Progressive Labor Movement would try to hold a national convention in New York City in September, 1964, to organize the Progressive Labor Movement on a more formal basis into a Progressive Labor Party.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

**COMMUNIST INFLUENCE  
IN RACIAL MATTERS**

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

2

PROGRESSIVE LABOR MOVEMENT

The fifth source also advised that the Progressive Labor Movement publishes a monthly magazine called "Progressive Labor" and also a quarterly theoretical publication called the "Marxist-Leninist Quarterly." The source also advised that starting June 1, 1964, the Progressive Labor Movement would start publishing a weekly newspaper in New York City.

The March, 1964, issue of "Progressive Labor" sets forth that it is published monthly by the Progressive Labor Company, General Post Office Box 808, Brooklyn 1, New York.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

APPENDIX

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

\* 3 \*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Chicago, Illinois

January 27, 1965

TITLE	COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
CHARACTER	
REFERENCE	Communication dated and captioned as above at Chicago, Illinois

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



1/27/65

AIRTEL

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (100-41324)

CIRM

Re Chicago teletype dated 1/26/65.

There are enclosed herewith seven copies of a letter-head memorandum (LHM), for the Bureau, which sets forth information concerning a conversation between [redacted] and [redacted] on 1/25/65 at which time [redacted] stated that he has learned from "a reliable authority" that the Progressive Labor Party in New York is planning an armed revolt in Harlem. Copies of this LHM are being furnished to New York.

Source furnishing information is [redacted]

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CAUTION SHOULD BE UTILIZED IN CONNECTION WITH THE DISSEMINATION OF THIS INFORMATION INASMUCH AS THERE WERE ONLY THREE OTHER INDIVIDUALS PRESENT WHEN PEARSON MADE ABOVE REMARKS.

The Chicago Office has alerted [redacted] and other sources to be alert for any additional information regarding this matter, and if such is obtained, the Bureau and New York will be immediately advised. Source is not, however, in a position to make further positive inquiries unless information is volunteered to him.

This LHM is classified ~~confidential~~ to protect source who is of continuing value, the disclosure of which would seriously jeopardize the internal security of the U.S.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 7)(RM)
- ② - New York (100-153735) (Enc. 2)(RM)
- 3 - Chicago
  - 1 - [redacted]
  - 1-100-39748 (PLM)

b7D

ELS:mec  
(8)

100-153735-909

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED

*[Handwritten signatures and initials over the stamp]*



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

New York, New York  
January 27, 1965

NYfile 157-1344

~~C O N F I D E N T I A L~~

Proposed Boycott of New York  
City Schools by City-Wide Committee  
For Integrated Schools; February, 1965  
Racial Matters

Detectives [redacted] Bureau  
of Special Services, New York City Police Department, furnished  
the following information on January 26, 1965:

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Handbills circulated on January 25, 1965, by  
supporters of the City-Wide Committee for Integrated Schools  
(CWCIS) in the vicinity of Public School 258, located at  
141 Macon Street, Brooklyn, New York, and at Junior High  
School 33, Throop and Hopkins Avenues, Brooklyn, New York,  
called for a shut-down of these schools on January 27 and 28,  
1965, respectively. The handbills also announced plans for  
a "freedom school" for absentee students at Apollo Theatre,  
Fulton Street and Throop Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

The New York "Herald Tribune", January 27, 1965,  
page 10, reported that the legal battle between lawyers for Milton  
Galamison of the CWCIS and the Corporation Counsel of the City  
of New York, in the United States District Court, Eastern  
District of New York, resulted in a "reserved decision". The  
Corporation Counsel wanted the case on its temporary injunction  
against the boycott argued in State Court. The CWCIS wanted  
a Federal trial on the ground that their civil rights had  
been abridged. Judge Rayfiel reserved decision pending  
submission of additional briefs.

A confidential source who has furnished reliable  
information in the past, furnished the following information  
on January 27, 1965:

100-153735-910

~~C O N F I D E N T I A L~~

~~GROUP 1  
Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification~~

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions  
of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to  
your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed  
outside your agency;

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Proposed Boycott of New York  
City Schools by City-Wide Committee  
For Integrated Schools, February, 1965  
Racial Matters

The New York Chapter of Congress of Racial Equality (CORE), 307 West 125th Street, New York City, and the Harlem Parents Committee, New York City, are continuing their boycott of Public School 139, Harlem, New York, and are operating a "freedom school" for absentee students at Bethel AME Church, 52 West 132nd Street, New York City. Teachers from New York CORE are operating the school and one of them is [redacted] from the New York Chapter of CORE.

This source also determined that on Monday, February 1, 1965, the school shut-down will spread to the Bronx, New York, and will be supported by the Harlem Parents Committee, CWCIS and the Bronx Chapter of the National Association for Advancement of Colored People. Plans are also being made for a "freedom school" at St. Augustine Presbyterian Church, near Prospect Avenue, Bronx, New York.

[redacted] is the daughter of [redacted]  
[redacted] who is listed in the masthead  
of "The Worker", January 26, 1965, as  
on its editorial staff.

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b7c

"The Worker" is an East Coast Communist newspaper.

A second confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on December 4, 1962, that [redacted] [redacted] was present at a meeting of the Brooklyn Youth Communist Party Club held at her residence on [redacted] Street, Brooklyn, New York, on October 23, 1962.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~C O N F I D E N T I A L~~

Proposed Boycott of New York  
City Schools by City-Wide Committee  
For Integrated Schools, February, 1965  
Racial Matters

Lieutenant [redacted] Bureau of Special  
Services, advised January 27, 1965, that the following  
schools were picketed on January 27, 1965 from 8 A.M.  
to 9 A. M. by individuals associated with the CWCIS:

Public School 258, Brooklyn, New York  
15 pickets

Junior High School 617, Brooklyn, New York  
3 pickets

Public School 139, Manhattan  
14 pickets

b6  
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No disturbances were reported at the above demonstrations.  
The purpose of the picketing was to encourage students to  
absent themselves from classes in furtherance of the  
school boycott program sponsored by the CWCIS. How-  
ever, according to Lieutenant [redacted] the picketing was  
not successful in inducing the students to stay away  
in sizeable numbers from classes.

FBI

Date: 1/27/65

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

Via AIRTEL

(Type in plain text or code)

(priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (157-6-34)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (157-1344)

SUBJECT: PROPOSED BOYCOTT OF NEW YORK CITY  
SCHOOLS BY CITY-WIDE COMMITTEE FOR  
INTEGRATED SCHOOLS  
FEBRUARY, 1965  
RACIAL MATTERS

ReNYtel to Bu, 1/26/65.

Enclosed for the Bureau are eight copies of LHM  
in above case.

Detectives \_\_\_\_\_ furnished  
information herein to SA \_\_\_\_\_ Lieutenant \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ furnished information to SA \_\_\_\_\_.

b6  
b7C

Confidential sources utilized in attached LHM  
are identified as follows:

Source #1  
Source #2

\_\_\_\_\_

4-Bureau (Encls. 8) (RM)

(1-100-442520) (CIRM)

1-New York (100-153735) (CIRM) (42)

1-New York (100-147485) \_\_\_\_\_ (47)

1-New York (157-1223) (CORE) (42)

1-New York (157-1352) (HPC) (42)

1-New York (157-1224) (NAACP) (42)

1-New York (157-892) (RACIAL SITUATION, NYD) (42)

1-New York \_\_\_\_\_ (43)

1-New York (157-1350) (CWCTS) (42)

1-New York (100-128388) \_\_\_\_\_ (42)

1-New York

b6  
b7C  
b7D

VJA:rac  
(15)

Approved \_\_\_\_\_

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M Per \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

100-153735-911

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 27 1965	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*Seaton*

NY 157-1344

This LHM is classified "~~Confidential~~" to protect identity of above informants. Unauthorized disclosure of information attributed to these informants might impair their future effectiveness and such impairment could have an adverse/on the national defense interests.  
effect

1/21/65

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-437081)  
FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-147312)  
SUBJECT: PROGRESSIVE LABOR MOVEMENT (PLM)  
IS-FBI,  
CIRM  
Re: 100-147312, captioned "PLM".

An analysis of information furnished by [redacted] [redacted] as set forth in sub 1, indicates that [redacted] could be referring to information concerning the PLM's attempt to seize 200 rifles that anti-Castro sources were collecting in Florida for shipment to Cuba.

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As the Bureau is aware, [redacted] has reported that the PLM plan to seize firearms in Florida has fallen through.

The NYO has not had any recent information from reliable sources that the PLM has formulated any other plan to obtain the firearms other than the rifles in Florida.

On 1/21/65, an informal conference concerning the PLM was held in the office of Deputy Inspector [redacted] NYO, District Inspector [redacted] Captain [redacted] and Detective [redacted] and [redacted] from the Bureau of Special Methods (BOS), NYO, and SA JOHN W. [redacted]. This conference was held to effect closer liaison

b6  
b7C

- 2- Bureau (RM)
- (1- 100-448523) (CIRM)
- 2- Chicago (100-37433) (RM)
- 1- New York (100-147312) (CIRM)
- 1- New York

JOHN W. [redacted]  
(1)

1- Supervisor (#44)

100-153735-912

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 27 1965	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*John W. [redacted]*

NY 100-147372

between the NYO and FBI to exchange ideas and exchange knowledge of any planned activities on the part of the FIM especially during the coming summer months.

Information developed from this conference indicates that the NYO does not have any information that the FIM is obtaining firearms. FD representatives all feel that the FIM could probably obtain firearms sight in NYC if they had the money and so desired. The FD feels that if any sizeable purchase of firearms is made in NYC they would have knowledge of such a transaction.

Inspector [redacted] further advised that the FIM firearms have top priority in the FD investigations but to date they have no knowledge of who or how the FIM is receiving their money.

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Sources of the NYO have previously been advised to be alert for any information concerning the purchase of firearms by the FIM and if any information is developed the Bureau will be immediately advised.



DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

1/29/65

SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)

CIRM

[Redacted]

SM-C

Re O-1 Form, 1/19/65.

On 2/4/64, [Redacted] furnished information that on 9/3/64, there was a meeting sponsored by the Student Committee for Travel to Cuba (SCTC). It was reported that [Redacted] and [Redacted] were stationed at the door to the hall and it was determined that they were there to keep out troublemakers. An individual by the name of [Redacted] (ph) was also with [Redacted]. According to the source, one of the students at the meeting was overheard to remark that [Redacted] had done a good job of organization in connection with one of the recent riots in the New York City area.

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On 9/17/64, the same source, [Redacted] identified photographs of an individual who introduced himself as [Redacted] at the meeting sponsored by the SCTC on 9/3/64. This individual was apparently well known to the students in attendance. He was described as follows:

Age	30 to 33 years
Sex	Male
Race	White
Height	6 feet
Build	Medium
Hair	Dark blond
Eyes	Blue
Complexion	Fair
Characteristics	Dark blond mustache; apparently well educated

- 4 - Bureau (100-442529) (RM)  
(2 - 100-443003) [Redacted]
- 1 - New York (100-154073) [Redacted] (44)
- 1 - New York (100-153735) (CIRM) (42)

b6  
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JCS:gmd  
(6)

*JM*  
100-153735 913

NY 100-153735

It was determined at this time that [redacted] was the individual present at the meeting on 9/3/64, and made the remark about [redacted] had done a good job of organizing in connection with a recent riot in New York City area.

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On 9/2/64, [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that an individual introduced to him as [redacted] (ph) was introduced to him at a meeting of the Student Committee for Travel to Cuba in New York City, on 9/1/64, and that it was mentioned that [redacted] would be in charge of the defense guard at an SCTC rally on 9/3/64.

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On 1/28/65, Detective [redacted] BSS, NYCPD, advised SA [redacted] that the records of BSS contain no information concerning [redacted]

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Detective [redacted] advised that BSS had learned from a confidential source who was close to the Progressive Labor Movement (PLM) that [redacted] Street, New York City, ground floor, telephone number [redacted] in early September, 1964, contacted [redacted] and spoke to [redacted] mentioned that he was going to make the meeting which [redacted] said would be at [redacted] She said that [redacted] would be there. During the period 9/9-10/64, [redacted] contacted [redacted] and they discussed a party which had been held at the Polonia Club, 189 Second Avenue, which "got rough at the end". [redacted] complained about the lack of funds. Both men agreed that they had received good press on the Washington hearings (concerning the students who had gone to Cuba). On 9/3-4/64, [redacted] Street, New York City, attempted to contact [redacted] but was unsuccessful.

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Detective [redacted] stated that BSS possesses no information which would indicate that [redacted] or any of the other individuals whose names he was asked to check in this regard took part in the Harlem riots of last summer.

NY 100-153735

Extreme care should be given to the manner in which the information from BSS is reported in order not to reveal the identity of the BSS source.

The foregoing information indicates that [redacted] [redacted] was associated to some extent with PIM during September, 1964, and was possibly associated with the Student Committee for Travel to Cuba during this same period. The Bureau's attention is directed to the possibility that [redacted] [redacted] Street, New York City, might be identical with the subject, [redacted]

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In regard to [redacted] the New York Office, through its sources, has not been able to establish that this person was involved in the Harlem rioting. An investigation of [redacted] SM-C, is continuing in the New York Office in order to identify this individual. Any information developed indicating that [redacted] participated in the riots will be reported to the Bureau immediately under the CIRM caption.

1/29/65

AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)  
FROM: SAC, ATLANTA (100-6670) (P)  
RE: CIRM

Re Bureau airtel dated 1/15/65 and WFO airtel dated 1/14/65 concerning an unknown visitor of [redacted]

A review of Atlanta files indicates the only person from Atlanta, Georgia, identified as having been in Washington, D. C., on 1/11/65 whose background would fit the information available in referenced WFO airtel is [redacted]

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A news item in the "Atlanta Inquirer", a Negro weekly newspaper in Atlanta, Ga., dated 9/6/64 is captioned "Joins KING's SCLC Staff". Immediately under this caption is a photograph of RANDOLPH T. BLACKWELL, described as a civil rights worker for the past 13 years who had joined the SCLC staff in Atlanta to serve as Program Coordinator. This news item disclosed BLACKWELL was born in Greensboro, N.C.; received a B.S. degree in Sociology from South Carolina A & T College in 1949; was graduated from Howard University School of Law in 1953; was a student at Syracuse University and American University; formerly taught at Winston - Salem Teachers College and Alabama A & M College. He is credited

- 3- Bureau (100-442529) (RM)
- 1- New York (100-153735) (CIRM) (RM)
- 2- WFO (1-100-43710) (CIRM) (1-100-32761) [redacted]
- 2- Atlanta (1-100-6670) (1-157-698) [redacted]

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RRM:elt  
(8)

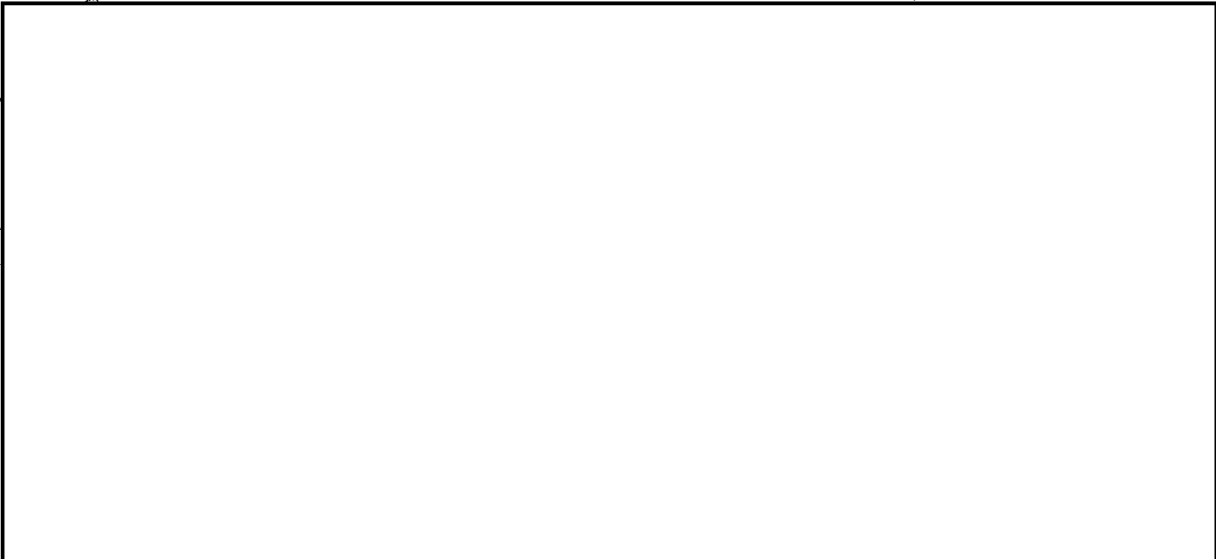
*Handwritten:* 100-153735-114  
[Handwritten signatures and initials]

*Handwritten:* efc 1/30/65

AT 100-6670  
RRN:elt

with being author and co-author of four books. They are:  
"Leadership Training Handbook 1955"; "Public School Law";  
"Principles of Economics" 1958, Pitman Publishing Company,  
New York, New York; and "College Business Law", 1960, Pitman  
Publishing Company.

The article states BLACKWELL is married to the former  
ELIZABETH KNOX of Winston - Salem, North Carolina, and they are  
the parents of one child, a daughter, BLANCHE, age 6.



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The Labor Youth League has been designated by the  
U. S. Attorney General pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

*[Handwritten signature]*

New York, New York  
February 2, 1965

Bureau 100-442529

Re: Communist Influence In Racial Matters  
Internal Security - C

"The New York Times" of February 1, 1965, on page 12, contains an article captioned, "45 Negro Leaders Outline '65 Aims; Political Action and Voter Registration Stressed". The article, which was written by Paul L. Montgomery, stated that forty-five national Negro leaders declared yesterday (February 1, 1965) that their civil rights strategy for 1965 would emphasize voter registration and political action. It was indicated that the Negro leaders would insist on increased Negro representation in the Government bodies implementing the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and the Economic Opportunity Act, which created the Federal anti-poverty programs.

According to the article, the meeting which consisted of two days of discussions and workshops at the Interchurch Center, 475 Riverside Drive, New York City, was called by A. Philip Randolph, president of the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters, who was described as the elder statesman of the civil rights movement. Randolph presided at a news conference which followed the closed sessions of the meeting.

According to the article, the following individuals were present at the meeting:

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

100-153 735 915

~~SECRET~~  
~~Group 1~~  
~~Excluded from automatic~~  
~~downgrading and~~  
~~declassification~~

~~SECRET~~

Re: **Communist Influence In Racial Matters**

**James Forman, executive secretary of the  
Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee.**

**Roy Wilkins, executive secretary of the National  
Association for the Advancement of Colored  
People.**

**Whitney M. Young, Jr., executive director of the  
National Urban League.**

**Rev. Andrew Young, representative of the Southern  
Christian Leadership Conference.**

**George Wiley, associate national director of the  
Congress of Racial Equality.**

**Lawrence Guyot, representative of the Mississippi  
Freedom Democratic Party.**

**Bayard Rustin, organizer of the 1963 March on  
Washington.**

**L. Joseph Overton, representative of the Negro  
American Labor Council.**

**Norman Hill, consultant to the American Federation  
of Labor-Congress of Industrial Organizations  
(AFL-CIO).**

**Rev. Dr. Gardner C. Taylor, Concord Baptist Church.**

**Miss Dorothy I. Height, president of the National  
Council of Negro Women.**

**Mrs. Anna A. Hedgeman, United Church of Christ.**

**Ossie Davis, Actors Equity.**

**Ruby Dee, Actors Equity.**

2 -

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

Re: Communist Influence In Racial Matters

Dr. Kenneth B. Clark, College of the City of  
New York.

Arthur Rice, Catholic Interracial Council.

Theodore Brown, American Negro Leadership  
Conference on Africa.

The Negro leaders indicated that of equal importance is their responsibility for undertaking an intensive educational campaign to acquaint Negroes with their rights and expanded opportunities under this new legislation. The leaders, according to the article, feel that some gains have been made but that there is still an enormous gap of social and economic inequality to be bridged.

The article mentioned that Jesse Gray, who was not invited to the meeting, made a statement on the evening of February 1, 1965, that the conference (called by Randolph) "will just end up a waste of time for everyone concerned because the "grass roots of the ghettos" did not participate.

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on April 12, 1962, that [redacted] and his wife, [redacted], are not known to be members of the Communist Party; however, they have the reputation of supporting or aiding causes, through personal appearances, which are also supported by the Communist Party (CP).

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- 3 -  
~~SECRET~~



~~SECRET~~

## Communist Influence In Racial Matters

In "The Saturday Evening Post", issue of July 11-18, 1964, page 76, Bayard Rustin is the subject of a feature article captioned: "The Lone Wolf of Civil Rights". In it, Rustin is said to have come to New York in 1938, as an organizer for the Young Communist League (YCL), and as such, he had the job of recruiting students for the "Party". Furthermore, the article reports that during his first years in New York, Rustin gave most of his earnings to the "Party". He reportedly left the "Party" in 1941, the article states.

The YCL has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The "Daily Worker", February 11, 1957, page 1 column 2, reported that Bayard Rustin, Executive Secretary, War Resisters League, was an observer at the 16th National Convention of the Communist Party, United States of America (CP, USA), held in New York City, on February 9-12, 1957.

The "Daily Worker" was an East Coast Communist publication until it ceased publication on January 13, 1958.

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on September 25, 1963, that during a meeting of the National Board, CP, USA, on that date, Benjamin J. Davis remarked that, "Rustin calls me constantly--openly."

Another confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on February 19, 20, 1964, that Bayard Rustin contacted Benjamin J. Davis on those dates

- 4 -

~~SECRET~~

SECRET

## Communist Influence In Racial Matters

and sought his advice as to how he could escape from a speaking engagement to which he was committed. On the latter contact, Davis told Rustin that he was working on his request and had contacted friends who had contacts with the group to which Rustin was to speak.

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on January 21, 1964, that as of that date, Benjamin J. Davis was National Secretary of the CP, USA.

"The New York Times", August 24, 1964, page 27, column 4, reports that Benjamin J. Davis, National Secretary, CP, USA, died in New York City on the night of August 22, 1964.

5  
SECRET

~~SECRET~~

Re: Communist Influence In Racial Matters

On November 28, 1960, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that Jesse Gray is a former organizer of the Harlem Region of the Communist Party, United States of America (CPUSA). The same source, in January, 1964, advised that according to [redacted] Jesse Gray is no longer a CP member but is friendly to the CP.

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The same source, in July, 1964, advised that [redacted] at that time, was [redacted] [redacted] of the CPUSA.

~~SECRET~~

2/2/65

AIRTEL

3/3/77

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)

SUBJECT: CIRM  
IS-C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are five copies of a letterhead memorandum, dated and captioned as above; one copy is enclosed for Atlanta.

Sources used in the LHM are as follows:

- Characterization of  and
- NY 2359-S\* Characterization of BAYARD RUSTIN.
- NY 4212-S\* Characterization of BAYARD RUSTIN.
- Characterization of BEN DAVIS.
- Characterization of JESSE GRAY.
- Characterization of

b6  
b7C  
b7D

- 3 - Bureau (100-442529) (Encls. 5) (RM)
- 1 - Atlanta (100-6670) (CIRM) (Encls. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-46729) (BAYARD RUSTIN) (42)
- 1 - New York (100-153735) (42)

JCS:gmd  
(7)

SEARCHED \_\_\_\_\_  
SERIALIZED \_\_\_\_\_  
INDEXED \_\_\_\_\_  
FILED \_\_\_\_\_

100-153735-916

APG

R

NY 100-153735

Sources who are familiar with CP activities in the New York area have been alerted to the fact that a top Negro leadership conference took place in order to obtain any CP reaction which may be forthcoming.

This LHM has been classified "Secret" because it contains information from NY #212-S\*, a source who had furnished highly sensitive information with respect to the racial situation in the New York area and the Communist infiltration thereof. In view of this, it is deemed necessary that this classification be utilized.

SAC, NEW YORK

1/28/65

SA [redacted]

(47)

CAFE TALK OUT  
IS-C

Identity of Source

[redacted]

b6  
b7C  
b7D

Description of info

Meeting of Cafe Talkout,  
1/16/65.

Date Received

1/18/65

Original Located

[redacted]

A copy of informant's report follows:

- 1 - [redacted] (INV.) [redacted] (47)
- 1 - New York 100- [redacted] )
- 1 - New York 100- [redacted] )
- 1 - New York 100-102287 )
- 1 - New York 100- [redacted] )
- 1 - New York 100- [redacted] ( )
- 1 - New York 100- [redacted] )
- 1 - New York 100-121832 (47)
- 1 - New York 100-79303 (COMINFIL CORE) (41)
- 1 - New York 100-20003-C1957 (CROWN HEIGHTS SECTION, KCCP) ( )
- 1 - New York 100-153735 (CIRM) (42)
- 1 - New York 157-892 (RACIAL MATTERS, NYD) (42)
- 1 - New York 100-137765 (47)

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b7D

JJD:pmc  
(13)

100-153735-917

SEARCHED.....INDEXED.....  
SERIALIZED.....FILED.....  
JAN. 28, 1965  
FBI - NEW YORK

*J. Seaton*

January 18, 1965

On January 16, 1965 a meeting of Cafe Talk Out was held at La Marchal Supper Club 837 Nostrand Ave Brooklyn N.Y. This meeting started at about 9:30 pm and ended about 12:30 am. Approximately 50 people were present at this meeting, the majority of them were women.

[redacted] a guest speaker, gave a talk on urban renewal. He mentioned that he is against rent control as it places a hardship on the small home owner.

[redacted] who is with Brooklyn Core, stated among other things that he is for rent control.

Among others present were the following:

b6  
b7c

[redacted] from Brooklyn Core  
[redacted] - suspended Dept. of Welfare Investigator.  
a member of the Talkout Committee

The Master of Ceremonies was [redacted] Charge of admission to the Talk Out was \$.99



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

New York, New York  
January 28, 1964

Bufile 100-442529  
NY file 100-153735

Re: Communist Influence in Racial Matters;  
Mississippi Summer Project  
Racial Matters

On January 27, 1965, a source furnished an invitation of the New York Chapter of the Medical Committee For Human Rights stating the following:

"In July, 1964, at the urgent request of civil rights leaders in Mississippi, the Medical Committee for Human Rights was formed as an emergency medical service for civil rights workers in the Mississippi summer project. More than 100 volunteers from various health fields went to Mississippi to facilitate the meeting of the health needs of civil rights workers, local and visiting. The problem continues and the Medical Committee is preparing to aid the great effort for civil rights planned for this coming summer.

"In order to support the activities of the Committee and also to develop programs in regard to the health aspects of problems of inequality in their own localities, chapters have been organized in a number of cities throughout the country. A New York Chapter is in the process of organization and we urge all members of the health professions (Medicine, Dentistry, Psychology, Nursing, Social Work, and other related fields), students and graduates, to join us at an organizational meeting and symposium on:

'Civil Rights and Health---1965'

"Participants: [redacted]

Student Non-violent Coordinating  
Committee

b6  
b7c

100-153735-918

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~Group I  
Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification~~

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Communist Influence in Racial Matters;  
Mississippi Summer Project

Jesse Gray, Chairman  
Community Council on Housing

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Medical Committee for  
Human Rights

"Time: 8:00 P.M., Wednesday, Feb. 3, 1965  
"Place: Junior High School 44, 100 West 77th  
St., NYC."

b6  
b7C

A second source on November 20, 1958, advised that Jesse Gray had been the Organizer for the Harlem Region of the Communist Party (CP), USA, but this position was terminated during November, 1958.

A third source on January 24, 1964, advised that according to [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] CP, Jesse Gray was no longer a CP member, but is friendly to the CP.

All sources utilized in this memorandum have furnished reliable information in the past.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FBI

DATE: 1/28/65

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

Via \_\_\_\_\_

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)

SUBJECT: CIRM;  
MISSISSIPPI SUMMER PROJECT  
RM

Submitted herewith are eight copies of a LHM dated and captioned above.

The sources utilized appear in the following order:

Panel Source [redacted] (protect by request)  
[redacted]

The attached LHM was classified "~~Confidential~~" to protect the identity of the above sources. Unauthorized disclosure of the information furnished by these sources might impair their future effectiveness and such impairment could have an adverse effect upon the national defense interests of the country.

b6  
b7C  
b7D

- 4 - Bureau (100-442529) (RM) (Encls. 8)  
(1 - 157-1676)
- 2 - Atlanta (100- [redacted]) (RM) (Encls. 2) 100-153735-920  
(1 - 100- [redacted]) (SNCC)
- 2 - Jackson (100-47) (RM) (Encls. 2)  
(1 - 157-100)
- 1 - [redacted] (INV) (41)
- 1 - NY 157-1175 (MISS. SUMMER PROJECT) (42)
- 1 - NY 157-892 (RACIAL SITUATION, NYD) (42)
- 1 - NY 100-91911- (JESSE GRAY) (42)
- 1 - NY 157- [redacted] (MEDICAL COMMITTEE FOR HUMAN RIGHTS) (42)
- 1 - NY 100-152081 (COH) (41)
- 1 - NY 100-153735 (42)

JAN 28 1965  
[Signature]

AEF:bam  
(16)

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_